

June 2, 2020

Citizens of Goldsboro:

The Community Relations Department would like to provide the following updates or changes, since the release of Goldsboro's FY20-24 ConPlan and FY20-21 AAP on May 27, 2020. The Department will continue to keep the citizens of Goldsboro updated of any additional information as it becomes readily available. If you have any questions and/or require additional information pertaining this matter, please contact the Community Relations Department by email at ssimpson@goldsboronc.gov or by phone at (919) 580-4318.

Thank you,

Shycole Simpson-Carter

Shycole Simpson-Carter Community Relations Director

> Updates to Goldsboro (DRAFT) FY20-24 ConPlan and FY20-21 AAP (since May 27, 2020 initial release date of the Plans)

PR-15 Citizen Participation - 91.105, 91.115, 91.200(c) and 91.300(c)

Page 13 – Added narrative to "Summary of Response/attendance" for #4 Public Meeting.

NA - 35 Public Housing - 91.205 (b)

Page 28 to 30 – Added or updated numerical data to the following charts: Characteristics of Residents, Race of Residents, and Ethnicity of Residents provided by Housing Authority of the City of Goldsboro.

NA - 40 Homeless Needs Assessment - 91.205 (c)

Page 32 to 33 – Added or updated numerical data to the following charts: Homeless Needs Assessment and Nature and Extent of Homelessness (Optional) provided by Eastpointe, LME. Also, replaced the text within three sections on page 33 from "Data Unavailable" with descriptive narrative.

AP-38 Project Summary Project #11 COVID-19 Public Service Grants

Page 98 – Added additional descriptive narrative of the proposed eligible activities to support with CDBG-CV funds under COVID-19 Public Service Grants project.

PR-15 Citizen Participation - 91.105, 91.115, 91.200(c) and 91.300(c) - Attachment

Page 120 – Added the attachment showing the publication from the Goldsboro News Argus on May 30, 2020 pertaining to the pending public hearing before City Council scheduled for June 15, 2020 at 7:00 pm



City of Goldsboro

DRAFT

FY20-24 Consolidated Plan (ConPlan) and FY20-21 Annual Action Plan (AAP

> Released on May 27, 2020 Updated on June 2, 2020

Prepared by: Shycole Simpson-Carter, Community Relations Director Community Relations Department PO Drawer A Goldsboro, NC 27533 ssimpson@goldsboronc.gov (919) 580-4359

Executive Summary

ES-05 Executive Summary - 24 CFR 91.200(c), 91.220(b)

1. Introduction

The City of Goldsboro is an Entitlement City according to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) criteria. Accordingly, Goldsboro receives annual allocations of funds for housing and community development projects under the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and Home Investment Partnership (HOME) Programs. As an Entitlement City and as a prerequisite to receive funding, Goldsboro is required to conduct a comprehensive assessment of its housing and community needs and to present a Five-Year Consolidated Plan (ConPlan) in a detailed format prescribed by HUD. A yearly Action Plan (AAP) is required for each of the five years of Goldsboro's Consolidated Plan.

The Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Entitlement Program provides annual grants on a formula basis to entitled cities and counties to develop viable urban communities by providing decent housing and a suitable living environment, and by expanding economic opportunities, principally for low- and moderate-income persons. HUD awards grants to entitlement community grantees to carry out a wide range of community development activities. Entitlement communities develop their own programs and funding priorities.

Eligible Activities - CDBG funds may be used for certain eligible activities, which include, but are not limited to:

 Acquisition of real property; Relocation and demolition; Rehabilitation of residential and non-residential structures; Construction of public facilities and improvements, such as water and sewer facilities, streets, neighborhood centers, and the conversion of school buildings for eligible purposes; Public services, within certain limits; Activities relating to energy conservation and renewable energy resources; Provision of assistance to profit-motivated businesses to carry out economic development and job creation/retention activities

Each activity must meet one of the following national objectives for the program: benefit low- and moderate-income persons, prevention or elimination of slums or blight, or address community development needs having a particular urgency because existing conditions pose a serious and immediate threat to the health or welfare of the community for which other funding is not available.

The HOME Investment Partnership (HOME) Program was created by the National Affordable Housing Act of 1990 to create local partnerships for providing decent affordable housing to lower-to-moderate income households. The HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) provides formula grants to states and localities that communities use — often in partnership with local nonprofit groups — to fund a wide range of activities including building, buying, and/or rehabilitating affordable housing for rent or homeownership or providing direct rental assistance to low-income people. It is the largest Federal block grant to state and local governments designed exclusively to create affordable housing for low-income households.

The program was designed to reinforce several important values and principles of community development:

 HOME's flexibility empowers people and communities to design and implement strategies tailored to their own needs and priorities. HOME's emphasis on consolidated planning expands and strengthens partnerships among all levels of government and the private sector in the development of affordable housing. If Participating Jurisdictions (PJs) are not granted a HOME Reduction Waiver by HUD, HOME's requirement obligates PJs to match 25 cents of every dollar in program funds to mobilize community resources in support of affordable housing.

2. Summarize the objectives and outcomes identified in the Plan

This could be a restatement of items or a table listed elsewhere in the plan or a reference to another location. It may also contain any essential items from the housing and homeless needs assessment, the housing market analysis or the strategic plan.

In developing the Five-Year ConPlan, Goldsboro determined it would focus on providing activities through public services, public facilities and improvements, rehabilitation, Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO), homebuyer education and assistance, rental housing, and program administration to:

- Widen the subsidy or leverage pool for housing projects to preserve or create hundreds of units that are affordable, accessible, and decent;
- Affirmatively further fair housing choice by taking meaningful actions to overcome significant disparities in
 housing needs and in access to opportunity, replacing segregated living patterns with truly integrated and
 balanced living patterns, transforming racially and ethnically concentrated areas of poverty into areas of
 opportunity, and fostering and maintaining compliance with civil rights and fair housing laws;
- Provide services to low-to-moderate income (LMI) individuals and families to aid in developing a sustainable household budget, improve financial capacity, and gain access to resources to help improve housing situations in order to sustain and retain their homes;
- Implement strategic steps utilizing federal, state, and local monies for LMI individuals and families to maintain habitability, prevent abandonment, and deterioration of housing units in primarily LMI neighborhoods; and
- Utilize federal and local monies to supplement comprehensive community development strategies to address LMI individuals and families' essential needs to strengthen communities.

3. Evaluation of past performance

This is an evaluation of past performance that helped lead the grantee to choose its goals or projects.

Although Goldsboro experienced two major hurricanes (Matthew and Florence) and one pandemic (COVID-19) within the previous ConPlan cycle of FY15-19, Goldsboro did fund a variety of programs and activities utilizing federal, state, and local monies to address housing, community and economic development needs in Goldsboro to the greatest extent feasible. However, Goldsboro did assess more creative solutions were needed to open the doors to attainable affordable housing for LMI individuals and families. Based on several independent market studies, Goldsboro is not just short a few units, it is falling woefully behind. This cumulated with LMI individuals' and families' inability to meet approval through underwriting requirements to qualify for mortgage loans (i.e., three C's: credit, capacity and collateral) – Goldsboro intends to make affordability and accessibility to housing the cornerstones of this Five-Year ConPlan (FY2020-2024).

4. Summary of Citizen Participation Process and consultation process

Summary from citizen participation section of plan.

In preparation for developing the draft FY20-24 ConPlan and FY20-21 AAP, Goldsboro consulted with non-profit and for-profit housing developers, community members, non-profit agencies, advocacy groups, government and industry representatives to discuss housing and community development needs. In addition, Goldsboro consulted with representatives of organizations focused on the needs of the elderly, fair housing, childcare and youth services, public housing, transportation, and health services, broadband and resiliency. Avenues for engagement included stakeholder and resident surveys, one-on-one interviews and one public hearing before the Commission on Community Relations and Development.

An advertisement was published in the Goldsboro News Argus, on Goldsboro's website <u>www.goldsboronc.gov</u> and social media outlets on or before **May 12, 2020**, relative to the holding of one virtual public meeting before the Commission on Community Relations and Development for **May 22, 2020**. The virtual public meeting was hosted at City Hall Annex, 200 N. Center St., Room 206 - NC Gov. Cooper's Executive Order 121 restricts mass gatherings to 10 people or less due to COVID-19; therefore, physical attendance of the meeting was restricted to Community Relations Director and members of the Commission on Community Relations and Development. The meeting was streamed live through WebEx: <u>https://cognc.webex.com/cognc/j.php?MTID=mda932570d7409ec89b5951f443a2923e</u> and on the City's Facebook and YouTube pages. The links are available at <u>http://www.goldsboronc.gov/mayor-of-goldsboro/city-council-minutes/</u>. The virtual public meeting was also accessible by phone for residents without internet access. The virtual public meetings allowed for questions in real time, with answers coming directly from the Community Relations Director to all attendees and subsequently, responding to questions posted after the live feeds of the virtual public meeting.

A second advertisement was published in the Goldsboro News Argus, on Goldsboro's website <u>www.goldsboronc.gov</u> and social media outlets on **May 15, 2020**, relative to the availability of the draft FY20-24 Consolidated Plan (ConPlan) and the FY20-21 Annual Action Plan (AAP) for public review and comment from **May 27, 2020 until 5:00 p.m. on June 25, 2020**.

A final advertisement will be published on **June 4**, **2020**, giving notice of the second and final public hearing before the City Council for **June 15**, **2020**. This meeting will be streamed live through WebEx and on the City's Facebook and YouTube pages. The links will be available at http://www.goldsboronc.gov/mayor-of-goldsboro/city-council-minutes/. The public hearing will allow for in-person attendance before the City Council to receive comments in real time, with answers coming directly from the Community Relations Director and possibly City Council to all attendees and subsequently, responding to questions posted after the live feeds of the public hearing.

All comments received from the **May 22, 2020** virtual public hearing and **June 15, 2020** public meeting will be incorporated into the final version of the FY20-24 ConPlan and FY20-21 AAP to be sent to HUD on or before **July 15, 2020**.

5. Summary of public comments

This could be a brief narrative summary or reference an attached document from the Citizen Participation section of the Con Plan.

FY20-24 ConPlan and FY20-21 AAP is currently, out for public review and comment from **May 27, 2020 until 5:00 p.m. on June 25, 2020**. During the Virtual Public Meeting to receive input on housing and non-housing needs within Goldsboro the comments received related to the purpose of the meeting (housing and non-housing needs) was privately-owned property conversion to rental property, workforce housing, how to access draft of ConPlan and AAP, andCOVID-19 needs (masks) for at-risk populations. Goldsboro did receive comments unrelated to the purpose of the meeting (housing and non-housing needs in Goldsboro), pertaining to the date for which the Virtual Public Meeting was being held and statements to the days of public notice relative to the holding of the public hearing.

6. Summary of comments or views not accepted and the reasons for not accepting them.

Goldsboro does not differentiate between any individual, group, and/or organization that wishes to provide input during the planning, implementation, and assessment of community needs toward the draft(s) and or final version of the FY20-24 ConPlan and FY20-21 Annual Action Plan.

7. Summary

The draft FY20-24 ConPlan and FY20-21 Annual Action Plan identifies key priorities and goals that would significantly improve LMI individuals and families of Goldsboro quality of life through vital housing and community development programs.

The Process

PR-05 Lead & Responsible Agencies – 91.200(b)

1. Describe agency/entity responsible for preparing the Consolidated Plan and those responsible for administration of each grant program and funding source

Agency Role	Name	Department/Agency
Lead Agency	GOLDSBORO, NC	
CDBG Administrator	GOLDSBORO, NC	Community Relations Department
HOME Administrator	GOLDSBORO, NC	Community Relations Department

Table – Responsible Agencies

Narrative (optional):

Refer to the Table 1 - Responsible Agencies.

Consolidated Plan Public Contact Information:

Shycole Simpson-Carter, Community Relations Director City of Goldsboro Community Relations Department PO Drawer A, Goldsboro, NC 27533 Phone: (919) 580-4318 Fax: (919) 580-4388 Email: <u>ssimpson@goldsboronc.gov</u> Website: <u>https://www.goldsboronc.gov/community-relations/</u>

PR-10 Consultation - 91.100, 91.110, 91.200(b), 91.300(b), 91.215(l) and 91.315(l)

Introduction:

Goldsboro as the lead agency responsible for the CDBG and HOME program is actively engaged in ongoing coordination with local stakeholders that serve residents through housing programs, public services, and community development programs. Goldsboro reached out through its website, social media, email blast, advertisement in the local newspaper of general circulation, stakeholder survey, phone, and citizen participation hearing before the Commission on Community Relations and Development. It should be noted that consultation and coordination will continue through FY20-24 ConPlan program cycle.

Provide a concise summary of the jurisdiction's activities to enhance coordination between public and assisted housing providers and private and governmental health, mental health and service agencies (91.215(I)):

Goldsboro consulted with members of the North Carolina Balance of State (BoS) Continuum of Care (CoC) Neuse Regional Committee on the ConPlan process, discussed the needs of Goldsboro residents experiencing homelessness, and explore solutions for addressing those needs. This was also completed with social and community service organizations serving children and families, health care providers, affordable housing developers, homeless advocates and area shelters. Goldsboro was able to obtain input from the Housing Authority of the City of Goldsboro (HACG) from the HACG submission for funding through Goldsboro's HOME program and from HACG's planning process to develop its' proposed <u>Annual Agency Plan and 5-Year Plan including HUD; Capital Fund Program; 5-Year Plan</u>. Additionally, Goldsboro consulted the majority of these parties on matters related to resources and needs to prepare, to prevent, and to respond to COVID-19. As is discussed throughout this ConPlan, Goldsboro is dedicated to increasing its affordable housing inventory to ensure residents of all income levels can find housing in Goldsboro — and to providing resources toward supportive services. To this end, Goldsboro staff will continue to stay engaged with the affordable housing and supportive service community.

Describe coordination with the Continuum of Care and efforts to address the needs of homeless persons (particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans, and unaccompanied youth) and persons at risk of homelessness:

As noted in this section, Goldsboro consulted with members of the North Carolina Balance of State (BoS) Continuum of Care (CoC) Neuse Regional Committee on the ConPlan process, discussed the needs of Goldsboro residents experiencing homelessness, and explored solutions for addressing those needs. Additionally, Goldsboro consulted members of the Committee on matters related to resources and needs to prepare for, to prevent the spread of, and to respond to COVID-19.

Describe consultation with the Continuum(s) of Care that serves the jurisdiction's area in determining how to allocate ESG funds, develop performance standards and evaluate outcomes, and develop funding, policies and procedures for the administration of HMIS:

Goldsboro is not the lead agency for Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) funds provided by HUD; however, Eastpointe is a recipient of ESG funds. Eastpointe utilizes ESG funds as one source to address the needs of homeless and special needs individuals and families. Through a Request for Proposal (RFP), nonprofit agencies are funded for providing services such as Emergency Shelter, Homeless Prevention Activities; or Rapid Re-housing. These priorities are evaluated annually and taken into consideration for standardized performance measures and outcomes by Eastpointe and all stakeholders. Eastpointe and ESG subrecipients utilize Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) Program HMIS Manual to support data collection, programming, and reporting efforts of Homeless Management Information System (HMIS). Goldsboro has a partnership with Eastpointe to support its efforts and programs to address the needs of homeless and special needs individuals and families.

Describe agencies, groups, organizations and others who participated in the process, and describe the jurisdiction's consultations with housing, social service agencies and other entities:

Sort #	Agency/Group/Organization	Agency/Group/Organization Type	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?
1	Goldsboro Planning	Other government – Local	Housing Need Assessment;
	Department	Optional Designation(s): Grantee Department	Public Housing Needs; Non-
			Homeless Special Needs; Market
			Analysis; Anti-poverty Strategy,
			and Barriers to Affordable
			Housing and Transportation
	Briefly describe how the Age	ency/Group/Organization was consulted. What	are the anticipated outcomes of
	the consultation or areas for	improved coordination?	-
	The Goldsboro Planning Depar	rtment was consulted by one-on-one interviews to	assist Grant Administer to develop
	the needs, priorities, and goals	-	

Table – Agencies, groups, organizations who participated

Sort #	Agency/Group/Organization	Agency/Group/Organization Type	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?
2	Wayne County Public Schools	Service – Children; Service – Education; Other: AdvancED Accredited Public School System Optional Designation(s): Major Employer	Public Housing Needs; Homeless Needs – Families with Children; Homelessness Strategy; Non- Homeless Special Needs; Market Analysis; Economic Development; Anti-poverty Strategy; Other: Barriers to Affordable Housing
		ncy/Group/Organization was consulted. What	are the anticipated outcomes of
		improved coordination? s was consulted by one-on-one interview and s ds, priorities, and goals of the ConPlan and AAP.	takeholder survey to assist Grant
3	MC Morgan & Associates, Inc.	Housing	Housing Need Assessment; Non- Homeless Special Needs; Market Analysis; and Other: Barriers to Affordable housing
	the consultation or areas for MC Morgan & Associates, I	ency/Group/Organization was consulted. What a improved coordination? nc. was consulted by one-on-one interviews to prities, and goals of the ConPlan and AAP.	-
4	North Carolina Housing Finance Agency	Other government - State	Housing Need Assessment; Market Analysis; Anti-poverty Strategy; and Other: Barriers to Affordable Housing
	the consultation or areas for North Carolina Housing Finance	incy/Group/Organization was consulted. What improved coordination? ce Agency was consulted by one-on-one interview orities, and goals of the ConPlan and AAP.	
5	Housing Authority of the City of Goldsboro	PHA	Housing Need Assessment; Public Housing Needs; Homeless Needs – Chronically Homeless; Homeless Need – Families with Children; Homelessness Need – Veterans; Homelessness Strategy; Non-Homelessness Special Needs; Market Analysis; Lead- Based Paint Strategy; Anti- poverty Strategy; and Other: Barriers to Affordable Housing
	-	ncy/Group/Organization was consulted. What	are the anticipated outcomes of
		y of Goldsboro was consulted by one-on-one on holder survey to assist Grant Administer in the de	e

Sort #	Agency/Group/Organization	Agency/Group/Organization Type	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?					
6	Agency/Group/Organization Agency/Group/Organization Type Habitat for Humanity of Housing and Other: Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO) Development Organization (CHDO) Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. Wha the consultation or areas for improved coordination? Habitat for Humanity of Goldsboro-Wayne Services - Education; Services - Employment; and Other: Accredited Community College and Workforce Innovation & Opportunity Act (WIOA) Grantee Administer Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. Wha the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Housing Need Assessment; Homeless Needs – Chronically Homeless; Homeless Need – Families with Children; Homelessness Need – Veterans; Homelessness Strategy; Non- Homelessness Special Needs; Market Analysis; Lead-Based Paint Strategy; Anti-Poverty Strategy; and Other: Barriers to Affordable Housing						
	the consultation or areas for Habitat for Humanity of Gol	improved coordination? dsboro-Wayne was consulted by emails and st						
	Administer to develop the nee	ds, priorities, and goals of the ConPlan and AAP.						
7	Wayne Community College	and Other: Accredited Community College and Workforce Innovation & Opportunity Act	Homelessness Strategy; Non- Homeless Special Needs; Market Analysis; Economic Development; Anti-Poverty Strategy; Other: Barriers to Affordable Housing					
	Wayne Community College was consulted by one-on-one interviews and stakeholder survey to assist Grant							
8		Children; Services – Elderly Persons; Services – Persons with Disabilities; Services – Persons with HIV/AIDS; Services-homeless	Housing Need Assessment; Homeless Needs – Chronically homeless; Homeless Need – Families with Children; Homelessness Need – Veterans; Homelessness Needs – Unaccompanied youth; Homelessness Strategy; Non- Homelessness Special Needs; Market Analysis; Anti-Poverty Strategy; and Other: Barriers to Affordable Housing					
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? Eastpointe, LME was consulted by one-on-one interviews and stakeholder survey to assist Grant Administer in the development of the needs, priorities, and goals of the ConPlan and AAP.							

Sort #	Agency/Group/Organization	Agency/Group/Organization Type	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?					
9	WATCH Mobile Medical Unit (Wayne UNC Health)	Health Agency	Homeless Needs – Chronically homeless; Homeless Needs – Families with children; Homelessness Needs – Veterans; Homelessness – Unaccompanied youth; Anti-poverty Strategy; Other: Barriers to Affordable Housing					
	the consultation or areas for WATCH Mobile Medical Unit (ency/Group/Organization was consulted. What improved coordination? Wayne UNC Health) was consulted by one-on-one ter to develop the needs, priorities, and goals of th	interviews, email, and stakeholder					
10	North Carolina Balance of State (BoS) Continuum of Care (CoC) Neuse Regional Committee	Housing, Services – Housing; Services – Children; Services – Persons with Disabilities; Services – Victims of Domestic Violence; Services – Homeless; Services – Employment; and other: Non-Profits	Housing Need Assessment; Public Housing Needs; Homeless Needs – Chronically Homeless; Homeless Need – Families with Children; Homelessness Need – Veterans; Homelessness Needs – Unaccompanied Youth; Homelessness Strategy; Non- Homelessness Special Needs; Market Analysis; Anti-Poverty Strategy; and Other: Barriers to					
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? The North Carolina Balance of State (BoS) Continuum of Care (CoC) Neuse Regional Committee was consulted by one-on-one interviews, and stakeholder survey to assist Grant Administer in the development of the needs, priorities, and goals of the ConPlan and AAP.							
11	Wayne Action Group for Economic Solvency (WAGES)	Services – Housing; Services – Children; Services – Elderly Persons; Services – Persons with Disabilities; Services – homeless; Services – Employment; and Other: Community Action Agency	Housing Need Assessment; Public Housing Needs; Homeless Needs – Chronically homeless; Homeless Need – Families with children; Homelessness Need – Veterans; Homelessness Needs – Unaccompanied youth; Homelessness Strategy; Non- Homelessness Special Needs; Market Analysis; Anti-poverty Strategy; and Other: Barriers to Affordable housing					
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? Wayne Action Group for Economic Solvency (WAGES) was consulted by one-on-one interviews, email, and stakeholder survey to assist Grant Administer in the development of the needs, priorities, and goals of the ConPlan and AAP.							

Sort #	Agency/Group/Organization	Agency/Group/Organization Type	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?				
12		Services – Children; Services – Elderly Persons; Services – Persons with Disabilities; Services – homeless; Services – Health; Health Agency; Child Welfare Agency; Agency – Emergency Management Optional Designation(s): Major Employer	Familieswithchildren;HomelessnessNeed–HomelessnessNeeds–Unaccompaniedyouth;HomelessnessStrategy;Non-HomelessnessSpecialNeeds;MarketAnalysis;Anti-povertyStrategy;andOther:BarrierstoAffordablehousing				
		s: Environmental Health, Social Services, and Healt r survey to assist Grant Administer in the develop					
13	Development Finance Initiative – UNC SOG Chapel Hill	Services – Housing; Services – Education; Services – Health; Planning Organization; and Other: Optional Designation(s): Foundation	Housing Need Assessment; Homeless Needs – Chronically homeless; Homeless Need – Families with children; Homelessness Need – Veterans; Homelessness Needs – Unaccompanied youth; Homelessness Strategy; Non- Homelessness Special Needs; Market Analysis; Anti-poverty Strategy; and Other: Barriers to Affordable housing				
	the consultation or areas for Development Finance Initiativ	ncy/Group/Organization was consulted. What improved coordination? e – UNC SOG Chapel Hill was consulted by one t of the needs, priorities, and goals of the ConPlan	-on-one interviews to assist Grant				
14	Wayne UNC Health	Health Agency Optional Designation(s): Major Employer	Homeless Needs – Chronically homeless; Homeless Needs – Families with children; Homelessness Needs – Veterans; Homelessness – Unaccompanied youth; Anti-poverty Strategy; Other: Barriers to Affordable Housing				
	the consultation or areas for	Ited by one-on-one interview to assist Grant Adr	are the anticipated outcomes of				

Identify any Agency Types not consulted and provide rationale for not consulting:

All types of organizations and agencies were welcome. No agencies were intentionally left out of the consultation process associated with the development of the ConPlan.

Sort #	Name of Plan*	Lead Organization	How do the goals of your Strategic Plan overlap with the goals of each plan?
1	Continuum of Care	Eastpointe, LME	Both plans seek to make the strongest cases to address root causes of homelessness by developing and implementing data-driven strategies that are focused on permanent housing and appropriate services.
		1	
2	Annual Agency Plan, 5-Year Plan, & Capital Fund Plan	Housing Authority of the City of Goldsboro	Both plans seek to make the strongest cases to provide programs and activities to PHA residents and residents whom may reside near a PHA development to have decent living environments, have accessibility and availability to affordable housing, and have access to economic opportunities.
3	Title VI Plan	Goldsboro MPO, Planning Dept.	Both plans seek to ensure that no service or program will exclude any person protected under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, and any other related non-discrimination Civil Rights laws and authorities.
4	Urbanized Area Comprehensive Plan	City of Goldsboro	Both plans seek to guide Goldsboro's future long-term growth and development for Goldsboro residents; especially, in or near LMA.
5	Urban Area 2040 Metropolitan Transportation Plan	Goldsboro MPO, Planning Dept.	Both plans seek to make the strongest cases possible for investment in availability and accessibility of mobility needs for Goldsboro residents, especially, in or near LMA.
6	Benefits of Housing Reports (Education, Health, & Communities)	North Carolina Housing Finance Agency	Both plans seek to make the strongest cases possible for investment in affordable housing.
7	Inclusionary Zoning: A Guide to Ordinances and the Law	Development Finance Initiative – UNC SOG Chapel Hill	Both plans seek to make the strongest cases possible for investment in affordable housing by encouraging housing developers to set aside a portion of new development for housing that is affordable to households in a certain income bracket.

Describe other local/regional/state/federal planning efforts considered when preparing the Plan:

Table – Other Local/regional/federal planning efforts

Describe cooperation and coordination with other public entities, including the State and any adjacent units of general local government, in the implementation of the Consolidated Plan (91.215(I)):

In preparation for developing the draft FY20-24 ConPlan and FY20-21 AAP, Goldsboro consulted with non-profit and for-profit housing developers, community members, non-profit agencies, advocacy groups, government and industry representatives to discuss housing and community development needs. In addition, Goldsboro consulted with representatives of organizations focused on the needs of the elderly, fair housing, childcare and youth services, public housing, transportation, and health services, broadband and resiliency.

Narrative (optional):

Goldsboro has no further narrative to provide.

PR-15 Citizen Participation - 91.105, 91.115, 91.200(c) and 91.300(c)

Summary of citizen participation process/Efforts made to broaden citizen participation

Summarize citizen participation process and how it impacted goal-setting:

In preparation for developing the draft FY20-24 ConPlan and FY20-21 AAP, Goldsboro consulted with non-profit and for-profit housing developers, community members, non-profit agencies, advocacy groups, government and industry representatives to discuss housing and community development needs. In addition, Goldsboro consulted with representatives of organizations focused on the needs of the elderly, fair housing, childcare and youth services, public housing, transportation, and health services, broadband and resiliency. Avenues for engagement included stakeholder and resident surveys, one-on-one interviews and one public hearing before the Commission on Community Relations and Development.

Citizen Participation Outreach

Sort	Mode of Outreach	Та	arget of Outreach	Summary of response/attendance			
1	Stakeholder Survey	Other: Local a	and regional institutional	The survey was completed by 44			
		delivery syster	ms	individuals and 23 stakeholders.			
	Summary of comme	ents received:	needs and housing needs. Ider	cused on topics relating to non-housing ntification of stakeholders' comments of achieving program goals and whose			
			participation and support are of	5. 5 5			
	Summary of comments not accepted and reasons: All comments were accepted.						
URL (if applicable): <u>https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/3XPSGX8</u> ;							
		https://www.	goldsboronc.gov/cpt notices/hc	ousing-and-community-needs-survey/; and			
		https://www.	facebook.com/photo/?fbid=362	0767767998435&set=a.269839693091276			
2	Resident Survey	Minorities; No	on-English Speaking (Hispanic);	The survey was retrieved by 141			
		Persons with a	disabilities; Residents of Public	individuals and 56 residents responded.			
		and Assisted H	Housing; Other: - LMI persons				
	Summary of comme	ents received:	A wide range of comments for	cused on topics relating to non-housing			
			needs and housing needs: household affordability, accessibility, the needs				
			of homeless and very low-income citizens, the dispersion of affordable				
			housing, discrimination, and barriers to affordable housing were received.				
	Summary of comme	ents not accept	ted and reasons: All commen	ts were accepted.			

Sort	Mode of Outreach	Та	arget of Outreach	Summary of response/attendance			
	URL (if applicable):	https://www. https://www. https://twitte https://www.	facebook.com/photo/?fbid=362 er.com/cityofgoldsboro/status/1	housing-and-community-needs-survey/ 620767767998435&set=a.269839693091276 (1254884670128427016?s=20 ::li:activity:6661350592557965312			
3	Newspaper Ad	Non-targeted	/broad community	This ad was included in the Goldsboro News Argus publication (May 12, 2020) to solicit public attendance and comments during the Virtual public hearing.			
	Summary of comme	ents received:	-	ising and non-housing needs for ConPlan			
	<u> </u>			mmunity Relations and Development.			
	Summary of comme	1	ted and reasons: Not Applica	able			
4	URL (if applicable): Public Meeting	See Sort #4 Non-targeted	/broad community	Goldsboro's Facebook page had 24 live viewers of the virtual public meeting, as of May 27, 2020 viewed for a total of 891 minutes, shared 4 times, 24 comments, 9 Facebook emoji responses, and 764 views. The Webex platform, video and audio, had 14 attendees participating live.			
	Summary of comme		before the Commission on Com	housing and non-housing needs for ConPlan munity Relations and Development.			
	Summary of comme			nts were accepted.			
	URL (if applicable):	https://www. https://www. FY20-21-AAF	facebook.com/photo/?fbid=366 goldsboronc.gov/wp-content/u	0=mda932570d7409ec89b5951f443a2923e; 58916533183558&set=a.269839693091276; iploads/REVGoldsboro-FY20-24-ConPlan- f;and http://www.goldsboronc.gov/mayor-			
5	Newspaper Ad		/broad community	This ad was included in the Goldsboro News Argus publications (May 15, 2020) to solicit public review and comments on the FY20-24 ConPlan and FY20-21 AAP.			
	Summary of comme	ents received:	Thirty-day public comment review related to ConPlan and AAP's identified needs of LMI persons in the locality and the proposed actions to be taken to serve those needs.				
	Summary of comme	ents not accept		nts were accepted.			
	URL (if applicable):						
6	Public Hearing	Non-targeted	/broad community	Public hearing will be held on June 15, 2020 at 7:00 p.m. during the City Council mtg.			
	Summary of comme	ents received:	ConPlan before the City Coun input related to ConPlan and	ed to housing and non-housing needs for cil. In addition, to receiving and considering AAP's identified needs of LMI persons in the ons to be taken to serve those needs.			
	Summary of comme	ents not accept	ted and reasons: All commer	nts will be accepted from the public hearing.			
	URL (if applicable):						
	URL (if applicable): http://www.goldsboronc.gov/mayor-of-goldsboro/city-council-minutes/ Table – Citizen Participation Outreach						

Table – Citizen Participation Outreach

Need Assessment

NA-05 Overview

Needs Assessment Overview:

Cost burden and severe cost burden, for both renter and owner households, are the most common housing problem in Goldsboro. Goldsboro has continued to experience a decline in population growth. Goldsboro's population and household decline has been driven by neighboring cities and communities' progressive diverse economy, availability of multifamily unit developments for working individuals and families, and Goldsboro's shortage of affordable and decent housing from aging housing stock and loss through two Hurricanes (Mathew and Florence) to name a few. Goldsboro is finding that most households with disproportionately greater needs are implement strategies contributing to underlying issues in health and mental care, safety, generational poverty and amongst others to afford paying for housing and daily living costs. Majority of the data source found within the Needs Assessment section is defaulted to pull from Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15. Therefore, Goldsboro will provide as added context FY12-16 CHAS data to benefit from the most recent data available, as well.

NA-10 Housing Needs Assessment - 24 CFR 91.205 (a,b,c)

Summary of Housing Needs:

This section of the ConPlan examines housing, community and economic development needs of residents. As required by HUD, the assessment is based on an analysis of "disproportionate needs" tables—discussed below—and informed by resident input and stakeholder consultation. The top housing, community and economic development needs, according to input from residents and stakeholders, and disproportionate needs tables, include, but not limited to:

- <u>Affordable rental housing</u> (including non-homeless special needs populations and persons transitioning out of domestic violence or federal funded public housing), <u>sustainable working wages</u>, and <u>accessible ownership opportunities</u> for LMI residents who would like to buy homes. Cost burden and severe cost burden are the most common housing problem in Goldsboro. Please note: non-homeless special needs populations as it relates to this discussion foremost impacted include households containing persons with a disability, elderly households, large families, female headed households with children, and those at risk of homelessness. It should not be overlooked the shortage of adequate affordable housing (workforce housing) for working individuals and families that are Goldsboro's young professionals, teachers, public service employees, retail and restaurant worker, and office professionals to name a few.
- Households with disproportionately greater needs are LMI households and residents belonging to a racial/ethnic minority—particularly non-Asian minorities and non-Whites—are more affected by housing problems than higher income and non-Hispanic white households.
- Non-Housing Community Development needs (public facilities/infrastructure, public services, and supportive services) are among issues certain demographics within Goldsboro carry a disproportionate burden.

	Base Year:	2010	Most Recent Year:	2018	% Change:		
Population:	on: 36,816 34,972		-5%				
Households:	14,130		nolds: 14,130 12,914		12,914		-9%
Median Income:	\$40,787*		\$40,791*		0%		
Date Source(s):	US Census Bureau 20	010 & 2018	American Community	Survey 1-Y	ear Estimates, and *US Census		
Date Source(s):	Bureau 2010 & 2018	American o	community Survey 1-Ye	ear Estimate	es (Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)		

Demographics

Number of Households

	0-30% HAFMI	>30-50% HAFMI	>50-80% HAMFI	>80-100% HAFMI	>100% HAFMI	
Total Households:	2510	1890	2430	1220	6065	
Small Family Households:	995	690	1050	540	2510	
Large Family Households:	189	110	245	140	260	
Household contains at least one person 62-74 years of age:	320	425	385	170	1285	
Household contains at least one person age 75 or older:	210	265	335	230	785	
Households with one or more children 6 years old or younger:	910	320	633	160	520	
Date Source(s):	Date Source(s): Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15					

Housing Needs Summary Tables

	Renter					Owner				
Housing Problems (Households with one of the listed needs)	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total
NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS										
Substandard Housing Lacking complete plumbing or kitchen facilities	90	85	90	10	275	60	25	10	0	95
Severely Overcrowded - With >1.51 people per room (and complete kitchen and plumbing)	75	0	20	4	99	0	0	15	0	15
Overcrowded - With 1.01-1.5 people per room (and none of the above problems)	125	15	35	35	210	0	0	15	50	65
Housing cost burden greater than 50% of income (and none of the above problems)	920	655	180	0	1755	95	130	120	65	410
Housing cost burden greater than 30% of income (and none of the above problems)	430	450	720	250	1850	40	120	275	135	570
Zero/negative Income (and none of the above problems)	190	0	0	0	190	10	0	0	0	10
Date Source(s):	ource(s): Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15									

Housing Problems 2 (Households with one or more Severe Housing	Renter	Renter				Owner				
Problems: Lacks kitchen or complete plumbing, severe overcrowding, severe cost burden).	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total
NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS	NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS									
Having 1 or more of four housing problems	1215	755	320	54	2344	155	155	155	115	580
Having none of four housing problems	910	755	7360	655	3680	40	225	600	405	1270
Household has negative income, but none of the other housing problems	190	0	0	0	190	10	0	0	0	10
Date Source(s):	Comprehe	ensive Housin	ig Affordabi	lity Strategy	/ (CHAS) FY	′11-15				

Cost Durdon & 20%	Renter				Owner			
Cost Burden > 30%	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	>50-80% AMI Total		>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	Total
NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS	NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS							
Small Related	635	450	495	1580	14	84	145	243
Large Related	128	95	80	303	0	0	89	89
Elderly	339	320	160	819	105	139	120	364
Other	494	350	230	1074	80	50	44	174
Total need by income	1596	1215	965	3776	199	273	398	870
Date Source(s):	Date Source(s): Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15							

Cost Bundan & 50%	Renter				Owner			
Cost Burden > 50%	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	Total	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	Total
NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS	NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS							
Small Related	440	215	80	735	10	40	45	95
Large Related	124	80	20	224	0	0	4	4
Elderly	210	185	60	455	80	54	45	179
Other	344	265	25	634	10	40	25	75
Total need by income	1118	745	185	2048	100	134	119	353
Date Source(s):	ce(s): Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15							

	Renter					Owner				
Crowding (More than one person per room)	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total
NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS										
Single family households	185	15	20	39	259	0	0	19	50	69
Multiple, unrelated family households	15	0	0	0	15	0	0	10	0	10
Other, non-family households	0	0	35	0	35	0	0	0	0	0
Total need by income	200	15	55	39	309	0	0	29	50	79
Date Source(s):	Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15									

	Renter				Owner			
	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	Total	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	Total
Households with Children Present	200	15	55	270	0	0	29	29
Date Source(s):	Comprehensive	omprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15						

Goldsboro 2020-2024 ConPlan and 2020-2021 Annual Action Plan

Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy ("CHAS") data

Summary Level: City

Created on: March 31, 2020

Data for: Goldsboro city, North Carolina

Year	Selected:	2012-2016 ACS
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Income Distribution Overview	Owner	Renter	Total	
Household Income less-than or= 30% HAMFI	175	2,255	2,430	
Household Income >30% to less-than or= 50% HAMFI	410	1,720	2,130	
Household Income >50% to less-than or= 80% HAMFI	850	1,790	2,640	
Household Income >80% to less-than or=100% HAMFI	490	685	1,175	
Household Income >100% HAMFI	2,985	2,485	5,470	
Total	4,910	8,940	13,850	
Housing Problems Overview 1	Owner	Renter	Total	
Household has at least 1 of 4 Housing Problems	1,375	4,290	5,665	
Household has none of 4 Housing Problems	3,520	4,475	7,995	
Cost burden not available, no other problems	15	175	190	
Total	4,910	8,940	13,850	
Severe Housing Problems Overview 2	Owner	Renter	Total	
Household has at least 1 of 4 Severe Housing Problems	565	2,445	3,010	
Household has none of 4 Severe Housing Problems	4,330	6,320	10,650	
Cost burden not available, no other problems	15	175	190	
Total	4,910	8,940	13,850	
Housing Cost Burden Overview 3	Owner	Renter	Total	
Cost Burden less-than or= 30%	3,629	4,720	8,349	
Cost Burden >30% to less-than or= 50%	870	1,950	2,820	
Cost Burden >50%	395	2,090	2,485	
Cost Burden not available	15	180	195	
Total	4,910	8,940	13,850	
Income by Housing Problems (Owners and Renters)	Household has at least 1 of 4	Household has none of	Cost Burden not available,	Total
	Housing Problems	4 Housing Problems	no other housing problem	
Household Income less-than or= 30% HAMFI	1,665	579	190	2,430

Household Income >30% to less-than or= 50% HAMFI	1,675	455		2,130
Household Income >50% to less-than or= 80% HAMFI	1,495	1,145		2,640
Household Income >80% to less-than or= 100% HAMFI	455	715		1,175
Household Income >100% HAMFI	375	5,105		5,470
Total	5,665	7,995	190	13,850
Income by Housing Problems (Renters only)	Household has at least 1 of 4	Household has none of	Cost Burden not available,	Tota
	Housing Problems	4 Housing Problems	no other housing problem	
Household Income less-than or= 30% HAMFI	1,510	575	175	2,255
Household Income >30% to less-than or= 50% HAMFI	1,355	365		1,720
Household Income >50% to less-than or= 80% HAMFI	1,025	765		1,790
Household Income >80% to less-than or= 100% HAMFI	265	415		685
Household Income >100% HAMFI	135	2,355		2,485
Total	4,290	4,475	175	8,940
Income by Housing Problems (Owners only)	Household has at least 1 of 4	Household has none of	Cost Burden not available,	Total
	Housing Problems	4 Housing Problems	no other housing problem	
Household Income less-than or= 30% HAMFI	155	4	15	175
Household Income >30% to less-than or= 50% HAMFI	320	90		410
Household Income >50% to less-than or= 80% HAMFI	470	380		850
Household Income >80% to less-than or= 100% HAMFI	190	300		490
Household Income >100% HAMFI	240	2,750		2,985
Total	1,375	3,520	15	4,910
Income by Cost Burden (Owners and Renters)	Cost burden > 30%	Cost burden > 50%	Total	
Household Income less-than or= 30% HAMFI	1,630	1,110	2,435	
Household Income >30% to less-than or= 50% HAMFI	1,675	1,015	2,130	
Household Income >50% to less-than or= 80% HAMFI	1,365	295	2,640	

Household Income >80% to less-than or= 100% HAMFI	340	45	1,170	
Household Income >100% HAMFI	300	20	5,475	
Total	5,310	2,485	13,850	
Income by Cost Burden (Renters only)	Cost burden > 30%	Cost burden > 50%	Total	
Household Income less-than or= 30% HAMFI	1,470	1,035	2,255	
Household Income >30% to less-than or= 50% HAMFI	1,355	895	1,720	
Household Income >50% to less-than or= 80% HAMFI	930	160	1,790	
Household Income >80% to less-than or= 100% HAMFI	205		685	
Household Income >100% HAMFI	80		2,485	
Total	4,040	2,090	8,940	
Income by Cost Burden (Owners only)	Cost burden > 30%	Cost burden > 50%	Total	
Household Income less-than or= 30% HAMFI	155	75	175	
Household Income >30% to less-than or= 50% HAMFI	320	120	410	
Household Income >50% to less-than or= 80% HAMFI	435	135	850	
Household Income >80% to less-than or= 100% HAMFI	135	45	490	
Household Income >100% HAMFI	220	20	2,985	
Total	1,265	395	4,910	

Describe the number and type of single person households in need of housing assistance:

Based on the US Census Bureau 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Goldsboro single-person household characteristics are (Male-householder, no wife present, family household – 2,311 and Female-householder, no husband present, family household – 10,793). The data also shows Owner-occupied householders are (Male-householder, no wife present, family household – 51 % of 2,311 total and Female-householder, no husband present, family household – 51 % of 2,311 total and Female-householder, no wife present, family household – 51 % of 2,311 total and Female-householder, no wife present, family household – 41% of 10,793 total) and Renter-occupied householders (Male-householder, no wife present, family household – 49% of 2,311 total and Female-householder, no husband present, family household – 59% of 10,793 total). With over half of renters in the City being cost burdened, it is likely that single person households (7,500) in Goldsboro face significant economic struggles and will need housing cost at 30% or below their total income to survive. Householder (65 and over} living alone make up 11% of total households in Goldsboro and will need physical and disabled accessible housing units.

Estimate the number and type of families in need of housing assistance who are disabled or victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking:

Based on the US Census Bureau 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Goldsboro's disabled population make up 19% (19,506) of the total population with one or more types of disabilities (difficulty with hearing, vision, cognitive, ambulatory, self-care or independent living to name a few) that could be in need of handicap-accessible

housing. Based on NC Department of Administration (DOA) Goldsboro had 850 calls reporting domestic violence incidents with 213 residents who experienced domestic violence seeking help with housing and other services. NC DOA also reported 11 calls reporting sexual assault incidents with 72 residents who experienced sexual assault seeking help with housing and other services.

What are the most common housing problems:

Affordability and availability in Goldsboro are the most common housing problems. Cost burden and serve cost burden, for both renter and owner households, are also the most common housing problems based on the data.

Are any populations/household types more affected than others by these problems:

Based on the data "small related" renters and "elderly" owner households are the most affected by cost burden in numbers and proportion. Tables show 2,316 small related renter households and 543 elderly owner households are cost burdened, which combined make up 41 percent of all households that are cost burdened.

Describe the characteristics and needs of Low-income individuals and families with children (especially extremely low-income) who are currently housed but are at imminent risk of either residing in shelters or becoming unsheltered 91.205(c)/91.305(c)). Also, discuss the needs of formerly homeless families and individuals who are receiving rapid re-housing assistance and are nearing the termination of that assistance:

For the purposes of this ConPlan, low income individuals and families at risk of homeless were defined as those who have skipped a housing payment or sought additional employment to pay expenses and/or have sacrificed basic needs to pay their housing costs. Households that have experienced foreclosures are another measure of the proportion of residents at risk of homelessness. Based on the US Census Bureau 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Goldsboro has 1,666 owner-occupied housing units with a mortgage that have a second mortgage or home equity loan borrowed to either pay off other debts, complete home improvement projects or to make purchase the owner would not be able to make without one of the two loans.

Note: Goldsboro does no receive funds for rapid re-housing assistance - this funding is granted to Eastpointe.

If a jurisdiction provides estimates of the at-risk population(s), it should also include a description of the operational definition of the at-risk group and the methodology used to generate the estimates:

Goldsboro does not provide these estimates. Instead, Goldsboro relied on the data from Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15 and FY12-16.

Specify particular housing characteristics that have been linked with instability and an increased risk of homelessness:

Housing costs rising more rapidly than wages, job loss or hours being cut back, and housing condition deterioration are linked to instability and increase risk of homelessness. Households/individuals who have skipped a housing payment or sought additional employment to pay expenses and/or have sacrificed basic needs to pay their housing costs are also at an increased risk. Households that have experienced foreclosures are another measure of the proportion of residents at risk of homelessness.

Discussion:

Goldsboro has no further discussion to provide.

NA-15 Disproportionately Greater Need: Housing Problems - 91.205 (b)(2)

Assess the need of any racial or ethnic group that has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category of need as a whole.

Introduction:

A disproportionately greater need exists when the members of a racial or ethnic group at a particular income level experience housing problems at a greater rate (10 percentage points or more) than the income level as a whole. For example, assume that 60 percent of all low-income households within a jurisdiction have a housing problem and 72 percent of low-income Black/African American households have a housing problem. In this case, low-income Black/African American households have a disproportionately greater need. Per the regulations at 91.205(b)(2), 91.305(b)(2), and 91.405, a grantee must provide an assessment for each disproportionately greater need identified. Although the purpose of these tables is to analyze the relative level of need for each race and ethnic category, the data also provide information for the jurisdiction as a whole that can be useful in describing overall need.

Disproportionate housing needs in a population are defined as having one or more of the following four housing problems in greater proportion than the jurisdiction as a whole or than Whites: 1) Living in housing that lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2) Living in housing that lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3) More than one person per room (overcrowded), and 4) Cost burden greater than 30 percent of Area Median Income (AMI).

Housing Problem	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems			
Jurisdiction as a whole:	1835	485	200			
White:	270	150	20			
Black/African American:	1350	335	170			
Asian:	70	0	0			
American Indian/Alaska Native:	50	0	10			
Pacific Islander:	0	0	0			
Hispanic:	80	0	0			
* The four housing problems are: 1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room, 4. Cost burden greater than 30%						
Date Source(s): Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15						

0%-30% of Area Median Income

30%-50% of Area Median Income

Housing Problem	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems
Jurisdiction as a whole:	1485	410	0
White:	375	115	0

Housing Problem	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems				
Black/African American:	950	275	0				
Asian:	45	0	0				
American Indian/Alaska Native:	0	0	0				
Pacific Islander:	0	0	0				
Hispanic:	75	0	0				
* The four housing problems are: 1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room, 4. Cost burden greater than 30%							
Date Source(s): Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15							

50%-80% of Area Median Income

Housing Problem	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems			
Jurisdiction as a whole:	1475	960	0			
White:	495	335	0			
Black/African American:	739	535	0			
Asian:	50	0	0			
American Indian/Alaska Native:	0	0	0			
Pacific Islander:	0	0	0			
Hispanic:	145	74	0			
* The four housing problems are: 1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room, 4. Cost burden greater than 30%						
Date Source(s): Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15						

80%-100% of Area Median Income

Housing Problem	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems
Jurisdiction as a whole:	550	675	0
White:	205	360	0
Black/African American:	270	259	0
Asian:	0	4	0
American Indian/Alaska Native:	0	0	0

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Housing Problem	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems			
Pacific Islander:	0	0 0				
Hispanic:	75	40	0			
* The four housing problems are: 1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room, 4. Cost burden greater than 30%						
Date Source(s): Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15						

Discussion:

Based on the data all AMI levels show that Black/African American is a racial or ethnic group with a disproportionately greater need than another group.

NA- 20 Disproportionately Greater Need: Severe Housing Problems - 91.205 (b)(2)

Assess the need of any racial or ethnic group that has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category of need as a whole.

Introduction:

This section discusses severe housing needs as defined by HUD, using HUD-prepared housing needs data. The tables show the number of Goldsboro households that have severe housing needs by income, race, and ethnicity. Needs are defined as one or more of the following housing problems: 1. Housing lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Housing lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. Household has more than 1.5 persons per room, 4. Household cost burden exceeds 50 percent.

0%-30% of Area Median Income

Severe Housing Problem	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems				
Jurisdiction as a whole:	1370	950	200				
White:	180	234	20				
Black/African American:	980	710	170				
Asian:	70	0	0				
American Indian/Alaska Native:	40	10	10				
Pacific Islander:	0	0	0				
Hispanic:	80	0	0				
* The four housing problems are: 1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room, 4. Cost burden greater than 30%							
Date Source(s): Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15							

30%-50% of Area Median Income

Severe Housing Problem	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems			
Jurisdiction as a whole:	910	980	0			
White:	219	265	0			
Black/African American:	600	630	0			
Asian:	45	0	0			
American Indian/Alaska Native:	0	0	0			
Pacific Islander:	nder: 0 0		0			
Hispanic:	10	65	0			
* The four housing problems are: 1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room, 4. Cost burden greater than 30%						
Date Source(s): Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15						

50%-80% of Area Median Income

Severe Housing Problem	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems			
Jurisdiction as a whole:	475	1960	0			
White:	185	655	0			
Black/African American:	African American: 210 1065		0			
Asian:	10	40	0			
American Indian/Alaska Native:	0	0	0			
Pacific Islander:	nder: 0 0		0			
Hispanic:	35	185	0			
* The four housing problems are: 1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room, 4. Cost burden greater than 30%						
Date Source(s): Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15						

80%-100% of Area Median Income

Severe Housing Problem	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems	
Jurisdiction as a whole:	169	1060	0	

Severe Housing Problem	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems				
White:	69	490	0				
Black/African American:	65	470	0				
Asian:	0	4	0				
American Indian/Alaska Native:	0	0	0				
Pacific Islander:	0	0	0				
Hispanic:	30	85	0				
* The four housing problems are: 1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room, 4. Cost burden greater than 30%							
Date Source(s):	Date Source(s): Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15						

Discussion:

Based on the data lower AMI levels (0%-80%AMI) show that Black/African American is a racial or ethnic group with a disproportionately greater need with severe housing problems than another group. It also shows that AMI level (80%-100%) identify White households as a racial or ethnic group with a disproportionately greater need with severe housing problems than another group.

NA- 25 Disproportionately Greater Need: Housing Cost Burdens - 91.205 (b)(2)

Assess the need of any racial or ethnic group that has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category of need as a whole.

Introduction:

Cost burden is experienced when a household pays more than 30 percent of their gross household income toward housing costs, including utilities, insurance, and property taxes.

Housing Cost Burden	<=30%	30-50%	>50%	No/negative income (not computed)		
Jurisdiction as a whole:	8380	300	2485	200		
White:	3975	1010	495	20		
Black/African American:	3980	1755	1630	170		
Asian:	68	40	125	0		
American Indian/Alaska Native:	14	10	40	10		
Pacific Islander:	0	0	0	0		
Hispanic:	255	235	125	0		
* The four housing problems are: 1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room, 4. Cost burden greater than 30%						

Housing Cost Burden	<=30%	30-50%	>50%	No/negative income (not computed)	
Date Source(s):	Date Source(s): Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15				

Discussion:

Based on the data in Goldsboro, Black/African American households (7,365) face housing cost burden disproportionately to all Goldsboro households and White households (5,480) coming in second.

NA-30 Disproportionately Greater Need: Discussion - 91.205 (b)(2)

Are there any income categories in which a racial or ethnic group has disproportionately greater need than the needs of that income category as a whole:

Differences in housing needs by race and ethnicity can also be assessed by differences in homeownership, access to publicly-assisted housing, and the experience finding housing. It has been assessed, homeownership rates for Black/African American residents are substantially lower than for non-Hispanic white residents.

If they have needs not identified above, what are those needs:

Resident survey identified displacement—having to move when a resident did not want to move—as a key housing need in Goldsboro. The survey also indicated minority residents and resident with children, felt they were more likely than others to be treated poorly by landlords or to face housing discrimination.

Are any of those racial or ethnic groups located in specific areas or neighborhoods in your community:

There were several Census tracts—primarily in (Census tracts 15, 14, 18 and 19)—with concentrations of Black/African American residents.

NA - 35 Public Housing - 91.205 (b)

Introduction:

Goldsboro has two Public Housing Authorities (PHAs) within its jurisdiction, it should be noted that both PHAs are independently owned and managed. Goldsboro does hold the responsibility to appoint board members to the governing board for the Housing Authority of the City of Goldsboro (HACG). Eastern Carolina Regional Housing Authority governing board appointments are made by the County of Wayne.

Total In Use

	Program Type	e								
				Vouche	rs					
							Specia	l Purpose Vou	uchers	
	Certificate	Mod- Rehab	Public Housing	Total	Project- Based	Tenant- Based	Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program	Disabled*	
# of units/vouchers in use:	231		1190	237		237	27		15	
*Includes Non-Elderly Disabled, Mainstream One-Year, Mainstream Five-Year, and Nursing Home Transition										
Date Source(s): HACG	Date Source(s): HACG proposed Annual Agency Plan and 5-Year Plan including HUD; Capital Fund Program; 5-Year Plan									

Characteristics of Residents

Program Type								
				Vouche	rs			
							Special Purpose Vouchers	
	Certificate	Mod- Rehab	Public Housing	Total	Project- Based	Tenant- Based	Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program
# Homeless at admission:			33				14	
# of Elderly Program Participants (>62):			278			48	3	
# of Disabled Families:			396			89	8	

Program Type								
		-		Vouche	rs	_		
							Special Purpose Vouchers	
	Certificate Mod- Rehab	Public Housing	Total	Project- Based	Tenant- Based	Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program	
# of Families requesting accessibility features:	:							
# of HIV/AIDS program participants:								
# of DV victims:								
*Includes Non-Elderly Disabled, Mainstream C	Dne-Year, Mains	tream Five	e-Year, and I	Nursing H	ome Transi	tion		
Date Source(s): Housing Authority of the City of Goldsboro								

Race of Residents

Progra	m Type								
			•	Vouche	rs	•			
						Special Purpose Vouchers			
	Certificate	Mod- Rehab	Public Housing	Total	Project- Based	Tenant- Based	Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program	Disabled*
White:			204			11	2		1
Black/African American:			2321			194	12		5
Asian:			3						
American Indian/Alaska Native:			3						
Pacific Islander:			1						
Other:						2			1
*Includes Non-Elderly Disabled,	Mainstream O	ne-Year, N	Mainstream	Five-Yea	r, and Nur	sing Home	Transition	L	L

	Program	Туре								
					Vouche	rs				
						Special Purpose Voucher		ichers		
		Certificate	Mod- Rehab	Public Housing	Total	Project- Based	Tenant- Based	Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program	Disabled*
Date Source(s):	Housing Autho	ority of the Ci	ty of Golds	sboro						

Ethnicity of Residents

Program	Туре								
				Vouche	rs				
							Specia	l Purpose Vou	ichers
Ethnicity	Certificate	Mod- Rehab	Public Housing	Total	Project- Based	Tenant- Based	Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program	Disabled*
Hispanic:			95			4			
Not Hispanic:			2427			205	14		7
*Includes Non-Elderly Disabled, Mainstream One-Year, Mainstream Five-Year, and Nursing Home Transition									
Date Source(s): Housing Authority of the City of Goldsboro									

Section 504 Needs Assessment: Describe the needs of public housing tenants and applicants on the waiting list for accessible units:

As of October 8, 2019, the total number of HACG public housing applicants on the waiting list was 364. The greatest need of units by bedroom size on the waitlist continues to be the one (1) bedroom units, which has 212 applicants. At least 96% of families on the waiting list fall in the extreme low income range. The average wait time on HACG public housing waiting list is nine to twelve months for elderly units and three to six months for families. On average, twenty-nine (29) percent of HACG residents reside 2-5 years in the unit. The annual turnover rate was 13% with 144 turned over units. The HACG public housing waitlist is currently open.

What are the number and type of families on the waiting lists for public housing and section 8 tenant-based rental assistance? Based on the information above, and any other information available to the jurisdiction, what are the most immediate needs of residents of public housing and Housing Choice voucher holders:

Housing Authority of the City of Goldsboro Waiting List						
	# of Families	% of Total Families				
Waiting List Total:	364					
Extremely Low Income (<=30% AMI:	348	95.6%				
Very Low Income (>a30% but <=50% AMI):	9	2.5%				
Low Income (>50% but <80% AMI):	7	1.9%				
Families with Children:	128	35.2%				
Elderly Families:	30	8.2%				
Families with Disabilities:	126	34.6%				
Race/Ethnicity (White):	42	11.5%				
Race/Ethnicity (Black):	316	86.8%%				
Race/Ethnicity (Asian/Other):	0	3%				
Race/Ethnicity (Hispanic):	11	3%				

How do these needs compare to the housing needs of the population at large:

The needs of low income Goldsboro residents with housing vouchers are similar to those of low income renters without vouchers: affordable housing is a prevalent issue for Goldsboro and the needs of housing authority residents are further exasperated due to lack of financial resources, loss of employment, illness, etc., to pay rents in a tight economy of which Goldsboro and the nation is undergoing. Additionally, the need for affordable senior housing is also comparable to the housing needs of the population at large as the baby boomers and increase in the senior/elderly population.

Discussion:

Goldsboro has no further discussion to provide.

NA - 40 Homeless Needs Assessment - 91.205 (c)

Introduction:

Homelessness is a very complex issue that is difficult to fully address. The primary reason for this difficulty is that homelessness does not have just one cause, instead it has many causes with interrelated variables. The cause of any single person or family's homelessness often lies at the convergence of many events and conditions. Due to this complexity, addressing homelessness requires a collaborative and community-based approach with a variety of resources available for those in need.

Population	Estimate the # of persons experiencing homelessness on a given night		Estimate the # experiencing homelessness	Estimate the # becoming homeless	Estimate the # exiting homelessness	Estimate the # of days persons	
	Unsheltered	Sheltered	each year	each year	each year	experience homelessness	
Persons in Households with Adult(s) and Child(ren):	5	2	42	35	14	No Data Available	
Persons in Households with Only Children:	0	0	0	0	0	No Data Available	
Persons in Households with Only Adults:	33	17	300	250	120	No Data Available	
Chronically Homeless Individuals:	3	2	15	2	6	No Data Available	
Chronically Homeless Families:	0	0	0	0	0	No Data Available	
Veterans:	4	2	36	30	14	No Data Available	
Unaccompanied Youth:	0	2	12	10	5	No Data Available	
Persons with HIV:	0	0	0	0	0	No Data Available	
Date Source(s):	2019 Point-In-Time Count, Eastpointe, LME						

Indicate if the homeless population is O All Rural Homeless • Partially Rural Homeless O Has No Rural Homeless

If data is not available for the categories "number of persons becoming and exiting homelessness each year," and "number of days that persons experience homelessness," describe these categories for each homeless population type (including chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth):

Not applicable, please refer to the data above.

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Nature and Extent of Homelessness (Optional)

Race:	Sheltered	Unsheltered (Optional)			
White:	7	13			
Black or African American:	12	24			
Asian:	0	0			
American Indian or Alaska Native:	0	1			
Pacific Islander:	0	0			
Ethnicity:					
Hispanic:	1	2			
Not Hispanic:	18	36			
Data Source(s):	2019 Point-In-Time Count, Eastpointe, LME				

Estimate the number and type of families in need of housing assistance for families with children and the families of veterans:

The result of the 2019 Point-In-Time Count indicates that there were 7 homeless families with 5 unsheltered. The data also shows 6 veterans were homeless with 4 unsheltered. Additional transitional and supportive housing is needed.

Describe the nature and extent of homelessness by racial and ethnic group:

Black or African American race was higher with 12 homeless individuals and the Hispanic ethnicity was much higher with 18 homeless individuals.

Describe the nature and extent of unsheltered and sheltered homelessness:

Goldsboro is showing a higher number of unsheltered (67%) homelessness than sheltered (33%) homelessness.

Discussion:

Strides have been made over the past five years to reduce homelessness in Goldsboro. Goldsboro will continue to work with its local, regional and state partners to continue to reduce the number of Goldsboro residents in unsheltered or sheltered conditions, with the goal of moving individuals and families into permanent housing.

NA-45 Non-Homeless Special Needs Assessment - 91.205 (b,d)

Introduction:

This section provides data and information about special needs populations in Goldsboro, with a focus on individuals with non-homeless special needs populations include households containing persons with a disability (hearing/vision limitation, ambulatory limitation, cognitive limitation or self-care/independent living limitation), elderly households, large families, female headed households with children, limited English proficient households, and those at risk of homelessness.

Describe the characteristics of special needs populations in your community:

Elderly – US Census Bureau 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, indicates Goldsboro has at least 10,310 residents over the age of 59. Of these senior residents, about 4,410 have some type of housing problem— mostly cost burden. This level of need—about 17 percent of elderly households—is small relative to that of other special needs groups.

Victims of domestic violence – based on NC Department of Administration (DOA) Goldsboro had 850 calls reporting domestic violence incidents with 213 residents who experienced domestic violence seeking help with housing and other services. NC DOA also reported 11 calls reporting sexual assault incidents with 72 residents who experienced sexual assault seeking help with housing and other services. One in three domestic or dating violence situations occurred while the respondent or family member was living in Goldsboro. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) provides the most comprehensive data on national domestic abuse and sexual assault. According to the CDC, nearly 1 in 5 (18.3%) women and 1 in 71 men (1.4%) reported experiencing rape at some time in their lives—statistics compared to Goldsboro are higher but still relevant.

Persons with mental, physical, and developmental disabilities – based on the US Census Bureau 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Goldsboro's disabled population make up 19% (19,506) of the total population with one or more types of disabilities (difficulty with hearing, vision, cognitive, ambulatory, self-care or independent living to name a few) that could be in need of handicap-accessible housing.

Large families – based on CHAS FY11-15 and FY12-16 data 48% of Goldsboro's large families households have some type of housing problem. The most common housing need is related to cost burden but large households are also be more susceptible to overcrowding (CHAS data do not provide enough detail to quantify the number of large family households that are overcrowded).

At-risk of homelessness – households spending 50 percent or more of their income on housing are considered at risk of homelessness. These households have limited capacity to adjust to rising home prices and are vulnerable to even minor shifts in rents, property taxes, and/or incomes. In Goldsboro, 4,802 households are severely cost burdened and therefore at-risk of homelessness.

Female-head of households with children – based US Census Bureau 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Goldsboro female-head of households with children make up 22% of Goldsboro total households. The poverty rate of these households are typically much higher and are most likely to struggle with rising housing costs and may need unique supports given the challenges they face.

Limited English proficient households – based US Census Bureau 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Goldsboro shows 91% of English only is spoken in homes, 4% of Spanish is spoken in homes, 2% Other Indo-European spoken in homes, 2% of Asian and Pacific Islander is spoken in homes, and 1% Other languages is spoken in homes. Goldsboro only has 9% of its total households that has Limited English proficient; however, it is typically a common realty that these households are living in poverty, most likely to have acute housing needs, and have trouble with accessing resources and/or housing-related documents in their native language.

What are the housing and supportive service needs of these populations and how are these needs determined:

Persons with mental, physical, and developmental disabilities – housing challenges for people with disabilities include: worrying about increasing rent or eviction if accommodation requests are made, difficulty getting around the neighborhood because of broken sides/no sidewalks/poor street lighting, and landlords refusing to make an accommodation.

Elderly households – most seniors desire to age in place but may need accessibility modifications as they age and may need additional support services in order to properly maintain their home and property. Many may also require transportation services and in-home health care at certain stages.

Large families – most common housing need is related to cost burden but large households are also more susceptible to overcrowding (CHAS data) do not provide enough detail to quantify the number of large family households that are overcrowded).

At-risk of homelessness – households spending 50 percent or more of their income on housing are considered at risk of homelessness. These households have limited capacity to adjust to rising home prices and are vulnerable to even minor shifts in rents, property taxes, and/or incomes. In Goldsboro, 4,802 households are severely cost burdened and therefore at-risk of homelessness.

Female-head of households with children – female headed households with children living in poverty are the most likely to struggle with rising housing costs and may need unique supports given the challenges they face.

Limited English proficient households – these households may have trouble accessing resources and/or housingrelated documents in their native language. The 9 percent of limited English proficient households are most likely to have acute housing needs.

These needs were determined through data analysis (from local, state, and federal agencies); other planning efforts in the City; Community Engagements (stakeholder and resident survey, and public meeting); and previous information obtain through the course of daily functions or interactions related to CDBG and HOME programs.

Discuss the size and characteristics of the population with HIV/AIDS and their families within the Eligible Metropolitan Statistical Area:

Goldsboro does not receive HOPWA funds directly as a Grantee. Based on data from NC HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report the County of Wayne (for which Goldsboro is the count seat) had 10.1-20 rate per 100,000 population of newly diagnosed HIV cases. The data also shows that the County of Wayne has 325 known resident diagnosed with HIV residing in the County. The newly diagnosed HIV rates among adults and adolescents in the County of Wayne was only 12 cases. The data also shows that the County of Wayne has 167 known resident diagnosed with AIDS residing in the County. The newly diagnosed AIDS rates among adults and adolescents in the County of Wayne was only 10 cases.

Discussion:

Goldsboro has no further discussion to provide.

NA-50 Non-Housing Community Development Needs - 91.215 (f)

Describe the jurisdiction's need for Public Facilities:

Public facilities were not as highly ranked as public infrastructure improvements and public services in terms of overall needs in Goldsboro. Of the possible public facilities needing improvements, residents and stakeholders prioritized facilities supportive of housing (sidewalks, streetlights, energy efficiency and drainage to name a few).

How were these needs determined:

These needs were determined through data analysis (from local, state, and federal agencies); other planning efforts in the City; Community Engagements (stakeholder and resident survey, and public meeting); and previous information obtain through the course of daily functions or interactions related to CDBG and HOME programs.

Describe the jurisdiction's need for Public Improvements:

Public Improvements were highly ranked - the quality of any neighborhood plays an integral part in its livability and sustainability. Pedestrian friendly sidewalks, functional drainage, and other simply physical improvements can lead to an increased neighborhood pride and encourages more foot traffic, increasing safety. Low-income neighborhoods typically have less adequate infrastructure in place, so more assistance to address issues such as block beautification,

sewer and water drainage, streetlights and elimination of slum and blight is necessary and vital to improving and increase affordable housing.

How were these needs determined:

These needs were determined through data analysis (from local, state, and federal agencies); other planning efforts in the City; Community Engagements (stakeholder and resident survey, and public meeting); and previous information obtain through the course of daily functions or interactions related to CDBG and HOME programs.

Describe the jurisdiction's need for Public Services:

Local supportive services for persons with special needs and lower income individuals were mentioned the most by residents and stakeholders. Some stakeholders identified a health clinic for low income residents as an acute need. It should be noted that Wayne UNC Health has the mobile WATCH clinic, but funding to expand capacity to meet a greater need among uninsured and underinsured residents typically low income or special needs is a challenge. Employment training and education was also ranked high as a need for public services

How were theses determined:

These needs were determined through data analysis (from local, state, and federal agencies); other planning efforts in the City; Community Engagements (stakeholder and resident survey, and public meeting); and previous information obtain through the course of daily functions or interactions related to CDBG and HOME programs.

Market Analysis

MA-05 Overview

Utilizing data from the Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS)—a unique dataset maintained by HUD—this section looks at the housing market and supply in Goldsboro by analyzing a variety of housing indicators. Developing a picture of the current housing stock in the community begins by looking at trends in structure, age, price, and tenure. Furthermore, the supply of homeless shelter facilities, special needs services and housing, and non-housing community development resources are considered. Majority of the data source found within the Market Analysis section is defaulted to pull from Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15. Therefore, Goldsboro will provide as added context additional data as needed to benefit from the most recent data available.

MA-10 Housing Market Analysis: Number of Housing Units - 91.210(a)&(b)(2)

Introduction:

This section provides a broad overview of the types of residential units available in Goldsboro, including those that target low income residents.

All residentia	properties	by number	of units:
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Property type	Number	%
1-unit detached structure	8255	51%
1-unit, attached structure	1035	6%
2-4 units	2915	18%

Property type		Number	%	
5-19 units		1939	12%	
20 or more units		1170	7%	
Mobile home, boat, RV, v	van, etc	785	5%	
Total		16099	100%	
Data Source(s):	Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15			

		Owners		Renters		
Unit Size by Tenure		Number	%	Number	%	
No bedroom		14	1%	294	3	
1 bedroom		65	2%	1205	14	
2 bedrooms		860	16%	3785	42	
3 or more bedrooms		4298	81%	3599	41	
Total		5327	5327 100% 8883		100	
Data Source(s):	ta Source(s): Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15					

Describe the number and targeting (income level/type of family served) of units assisted with federal, state, and local programs:

The National Housing Preservation Database (NHPD) is the most comprehensive listing of publicly-supported housing, as well as units that are at risk of losing their affordability due to expiring contracts. The database reports developments that provide affordable rental housing in Goldsboro and identifies 28 properties with 2,536 units but only 34 units with some type of active subsidy requirement. Of these, all are owned and operated by private sector developers or public housing authority (PHA). Many were subsidized with Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC) programs and only 5 properties have subsidies that expire in the 2020s. It is unclear how the private sector will operate these units once they expire, given Goldsboro's tight rental market (of more renters needing affordable rental units versus market rate units).

Provide an assessment of units expected to be lost from the affordable housing inventory for any reason, such as expiration of Section 8 contracts:

Please see the narrative section above for the details.

Does the availability of housing units meet the needs of the population:

No. Utilizing methodology provided by NCHFA, a demand analysis conducted found a shortage of rental units for households earning 40 and 60 percent AMI per year. The demand has increased since the last ConPlan was conducted due to two major hurricanes (Matthews and Florence) and Goldsboro substantial aging and deteriorated housing stock. Based on the resident survey many renters stated they would like to buy or rent in Goldsboro. However, with subsidies most renters who want to be homebuyers must earn at least \$50,000 before a reasonable proportion of homes in Goldsboro are affordable to buy.

Describe the need for specific types of housing:

Please see narrative above for details.

Discussion:

Between 2010 and 2019 Environmental Systems Research Institute (ESRI) estimates that households decreased in Goldsboro, increased in the county and increased in the state. Over this period households in the Primary Market Area (PMA) increased at an annual rate of 0.2 percent while increasing in the county at a rate of 0.2 percent. The rate of change in the PMA over this period was slower relative to the state as a whole which increased at a moderate annual rate and also slower relative to the county which increased over this period. Between 2010 and 2024 ESRI forecasts that households will increase in Goldsboro, increase in the county and increase in the state.

Between 2000 and 2010 renter penetration rates increased in all areas. Increases over this period are consistent with the financial crisis of 2008 and lasing impacts on home ownership. Among all submarkets renter penetration is highest within Goldsboro at 58.3 percent relative to the lowest rate in the county at 37.6 percent and an overall rate of 33.3 percent in the state. Between 2010 and 2024 ESRI forecasts renter households will decrease in the PMA consistent with a decrease in the renter penetration rate over this period and relative to a increase in overall households. The forecasted decline in the renter penetration rate can likely be attributed to an aging population, with home ownership generally increasing as you move up in age.

MA-15 Housing Market Analysis: Cost of Housing - 91.210(a)

Introduction:

The following section examines the cost of housing for both homeowners and renters in Goldsboro. A review is made of current home values and rents as well as the recent changes in home values and rents. Finally, a closer look is given to the affordability of the existing housing stock for the residents of the jurisdiction.

Cost of Housing

	Base Year:	2010	Most Recent Year:	2018	% Change:		
Median Home Value:	122,400		144,000		2%		
Median Contract Rent:	711		781		1%		
Date Source(s):	US Census Bureau 2010 & 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates						

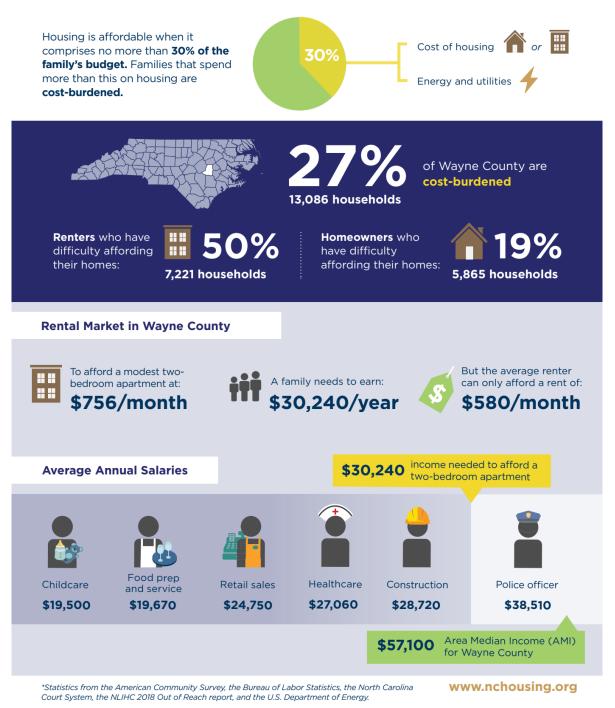
Rent Paid		%
	4194	47
500-\$999		43
\$1,000-\$1,499		8
\$1,500-\$1,999		2
\$2,000 or more		1
Total		100%
Data Source(s): Aff		5
	Co Aff	3844 720 105 19

Housing Afforda	bility	R		
% of Units affo	rdable to			
Households e	earning:	Renter	Owner	
30% HAMFI		1275	No Data	
50% HAMFI		2535	345	
80% HAMFI		5259	1123	
100% HAMFI		No Data	1598	
	Total	9069	3066	
Data Source(s):	Comprehensive Housing Affordability			
	Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15			

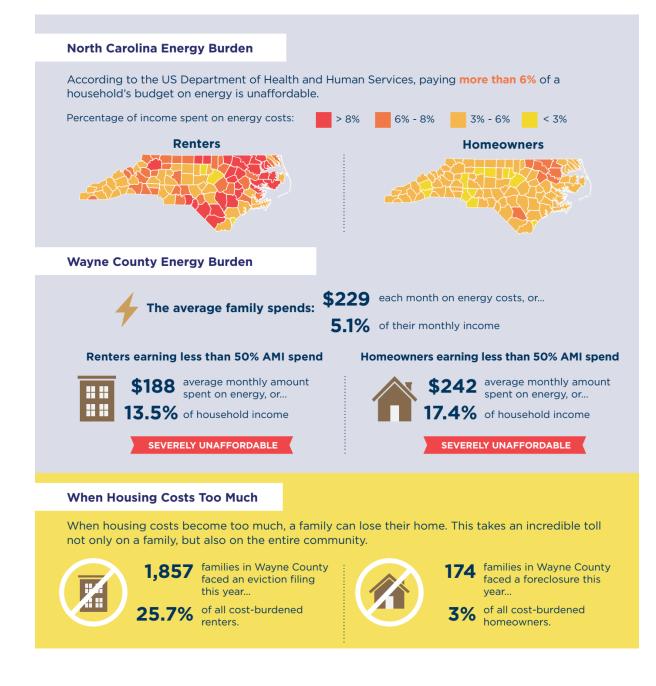
Monthly Rent (\$)	Efficiency (no bedroom)	1 Bedroom	2 Bedrooms	3 Bedrooms	4 Bedrooms		
Fair Market Rent	565	569	753	964	1257		
High Home Rent	565	569	753	955	1046		
Low HOME Rent	512	548	658	760	848		
Data Source(s):	HUD HOME Rent Limits FY19						



The 2019 Housing Need in Wayne County



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Is there sufficient housing for households at all income levels:

No. Utilizing methodology provided by NCHFA, a demand analysis conducted found a shortage of rental units for households earning 40 and 60 percent AMI per year. The demand has increased since the last ConPlan was conducted due to two major hurricanes (Matthews and Florence) and Goldsboro substantial aging and deteriorated housing stock. It should also be noted there is not sufficient housing for households at all income levels due to additional households falling below the poverty line.

How is affordability of housing likely to change considering changes to home values and/or rents:

Affordability is unlikely to improve without market interventions due to the strong commitment from residents for living in Goldsboro and the limited supply of affordable rentals.

How do HOME rents / Fair Market Rent compare to Area Median Rent? How might this impact your strategy to produce or preserve affordable housing:

The rents listed above are much lower than the rents reported by renters surveyed, suggesting that FMRs are not keeping pace with the rental market. This, combined with the extremely low vacancy rate in Goldsboro, means that low income renters have very limited choices in Goldsboro.

Discussion:

An independent market survey of existing rental projects within the market area in February 2020. Leasing specialists within the market area were contacted to identify rental housing trends as well as the most competitive projects within the area. Senior developments were excluded from the survey. Updated information for Lochstone could not be obtained despite repeated efforts (presented information is from a January 2019 survey). Additionally, the area was surveyed regarding current developments under construction: these comparable pipeline projects are discussed below.

A total of 14 projects responded to the survey; of these, 5 reported operating under LIHTC guidelines for all or a portion of units at an average occupancy of 98.7 percent. The survey encompassed 1,601 units with 319 LIHTC units. The overall occupancy rate for the area was 98.5 percent indicative of strong demand for rental housing throughout the area. The average build year for the surveyed facilities was 1992 while the average build year for LIHTC facilities was 2011. For those facilities providing information, the rental stock was weighted toward two-bedroom units which represent 49 percent of the total housing stock.

MA-20 Housing Market Analysis: Condition of Housing - 91.210(a)

Introduction:

This section describes the condition of housing in Goldsboro. Most owner-occupied homes in Goldsboro were built after 1980 and most renter-occupied homes were built between 1980 to 1950. As such, both type of occupied homes are at risk of lead based paint hazards.

Describe the jurisdiction's definition for "substandard condition" and "substandard condition but suitable for rehabilitation":

Goldsboro defines units in standard condition as those that meet building and fire codes. Units that are in "substandard condition but suitable for rehabilitation" are those which need rehabilitation but are not lacking major systems such as plumbing and heating. The units identified as "unlivable" are considered substandard and potentially suitable for rehabilitation.

		Owners		Renters		
Condition of Units		Number	%	Number	%	
With one selected Condit	tion	1405	27%	2955	44%	
With two selected Conditions		85	2%	375	4%	
With three selected Conditions		0	0%	45	1%	
With four selected Conditions		0	0%	0	0%	
No selected Conditions		3755	71%	4495	51%	
Total		5245	100%	8870	100%	
Data Source(s):	Data Source(s): Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15					

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		Owners		Renters		
Condition of Units	Condition of Units		%	Number	%	
		Owners		Renters		
Year Unit Built		Number	%	Number	%	
2000 or later		454	9%	1739	19%	
1980-1999		955	18%	2475	28%	
1950-1979		3130	60%	3885	44%	
Before 1950		708	13%	780	9%	
	Total	5247	100%	8879	100%	
Data Source(s):	Compi	Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15				

		Owners		Renters		
Risk of Lead-Based Paint Hazard		Number	%	Number	%	
Total Number of Units Built Before 1980		3838	73%	4665	53%	
Housing units built befo	1320	25%	145	2%		
Data Source(s):	Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15					

Vacant Units	nt Units		le for itation	Not Suitable for Rehabilitation	
Vacant Units		0	0	0	0
Abandoned Vacant Units		0	0	0	0
REO Properties		0	0	0	0
Abandoned REO Properties		0	0	0	0
Data Source(s):	Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) FY11-15				

Describe the need for owner and rental rehabilitation based on the condition of the jurisdiction's housing:

Goldsboro has older housing stock and housing units begin to face rehabilitation issues as the units age. Home repair needs most need are roofing, handicap accessible modifications, plumbing, electrical, and HVAC.

Estimate the number of housing units within the jurisdiction that are occupied by low or moderate income families that contain lead-based paint hazards. 91.205(e), 91.405:

Housing built before 1940 has the highest risk of lead based paint. After the 1940s, paint manufacturers voluntarily began reducing the amount of lead they added to paint. Lead was banned from residential use in 1978. As such, housing built prior to 1980—and especially 1940—is thought to have some risk of lead based paint. Goldsboro are previously stated has older housing stocks (10,445) with very high risk of lead-based paint hazards nearly 74%.

Discussion:

Goldsboro has no further discussion to provide.

MA-25 Public And Assisted Housing - 91.210(b)

Introduction:

This section supplements the housing market analysis by providing detail on publicly-subsidized housing. As discussed previously, Goldsboro's PHAs are independently owned and managed.

Program	Туре								
			Vouch	ers					
							Special Purpose Vouch		ıchers
Total Number of Units	Certificate	Mod- Rehab	Public Housing	Total	Project- Based	Tenant- Based	Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program	Disabled*
# of units/vouchers available:	231		1190	237		237	27		15
# of accessible units			100						
*Includes Non-Elderly Disabled, M	ainstream Oı	ne-Year, N	Aainstream	Five-Yea	r, and Nur	sing Home	Transition		
Date Source(s): HACG propose	ed Annual Age	ency Plan	and 5-Year F	Plan inclu	ding HUD; (Capital Fund	d Program; 5-Y	ear Plan	

Describe the number and physical condition of public housing units in the jurisdiction, including those that are participating in an approved Public Housing Agency Plan:

Housing Authority of the City of Goldsboro (HACG) manages a portfolio of 1,190 public housing units comprised of elderly and family properties. HACG consistently receives the Department of Housing and Urban Development High Performer designation. The High Performer designation is based on the physical condition of our public housing units and administrative functions.

Public Housing Condition

Public Housing Development	Average Inspection Score
Housing Authority of the City of Goldsboro	92
Eastern Carolina Regional Housing Authority	98

Describe the restoration and revitalization needs of public housing units in the jurisdiction:

The Housing Authority of the City of Goldsboro (HACG) is considering vacating units for modernization due to deferred maintenance. The development(s) or number of units has not been determined at this time.

Describe the public housing agency's strategy for improving the living environment of low- and moderate-income families residing in public housing:

To maintain at least a standard performer designation on the Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS). Extensive training will be provided to all HACG employees relative to the key components of the PHAS system. The Chief Executive Officer and PHAS Coordinator will be responsible for biannual reviews and evaluation of major indicators. The information will be shared with key staff members. Another strategy will be to develop an agency-wide portfolio and five year capitalization plan to serve as a framework for future development endeavors that focus on diversification and stabilization of income sources. Final, a strategy will be to establish a quality control program for maintenance work orders to ensure the quality of work performed by maintenance staff is satisfactory. The Supervisory staff will inspect a 1 percent random sample of work orders given the number of work orders. Maintenance staff having deficiency will be identified, counseled, and trained.

Discussion:

Goldsboro has no further discussion to provide.

MA-30 Homeless Facilities and Services - 91.210(c)

Introduction:

The section summarizes the facilities, housing, and supportive services available to individuals and families in Goldsboro experiencing homelessness.

	Emergency Shelter	Beds	Transitional Housing Beds	Permanent Supportive Housing Beds	
Facilities and Housing Target to Homeless Households	Year Round Beds (Current & New)	Voucher, Seasonal, Overflow Beds	Current & New	Current & New	Under Development
Households with Adult(s) and Child(ren)					
Households with Only Adults					
Chronically Homeless Households					
Veterans					
Unaccompanied Youth					
Data Source(s):	·	•	•		

Describe mainstream services, such as health, mental health, and employment services to the extent those services are use to complement services targeted to homeless persons:

Goldsboro is within North Carolina Balance of State (BoS) Continuum of Care (CoC) Neuse Regional Committee that coordinates local homelessness work and planning for counties such as: Duplin, Greene, Lenoir, Sampson, Wayne (Goldsboro), and Wilson. The Regional Lead is Eastpointe, in collaboration with state and community partners, offers housing assistance based on individuals and families' needs through Transition the Community Living Initiative, Target Housing, and Shelter Plus Care programs. The local Salvation Army provides services (clothing vouchers, men's shelter, rapid rehousing, and emergency assistance to name a few) to homeless individuals and families through Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) and other funds to help transition into a stable living situation. For unsheltered homeless individuals and families in Goldsboro, Wayne Action Group Economic Solvency, Inc. (WAGES) offers a variety of services to meet the needs of the homeless in Goldsboro (i.e., providing temporary emergency housing). Goldsboro has also strived to provide information on and connection to the Neuse Regional Committee Lead Agency for local community workers and organization with particular interest in and involvement with homeless population. In addition, Goldsboro representatives are frequently involved in discussions, presentations, and meetings with citizens, other governmental officials, and local service providers to either provide support, understanding, and/or outreach to the homeless in Goldsboro.

List and describe services and facilities that meet the needs of homeless persons, particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth. If the services and facilities are listed on screen SP-40 Institutional Delivery Structure or screen MA-35 Special Needs Facilities and Services, describe how these facilities and services specifically address the needs of these populations:

Goldsboro understands there are different homeless populations identified in this question and the level of services need; therefore, Goldsboro will continue to utilize the Bos CoC Neuse Regional Committee and other service providers to identification and assessment, as Goldsboro work with partners to meet those needs. County of Wayne Department of Social Services runs the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program, called Work First (WF), is based on the premise that parents have a responsibility to support themselves and their children. Work First provides parents with short-term training and other services to help them become employed and move toward self-sufficiency. Families in which grandparents and relatives are caring for their relative children and legal guardians can receive services and support that prevent children from unnecessarily entering the foster care system.

To touch on one of Goldsboro's community agencies, Mephibosheth Project Inc. - The Mission Is Possible (MPI) offers a Re-Entry program to direct resources towards individuals from the Justice System returning to Goldsboro. The program provide vital resources to reduce the ever-growing rate of Recidivism by providing a strong and stable support system that will help to redirect returning citizens toward a path of purpose and productivity. The program connects this population with Trade Skills, Job Preparation Skills, Resume Writing, and Interviewing Skills - while simultaneously providing a Faith-Based Curriculum supported by a nationally recognized form of Cognitive Behavioral Intervention (CBI) known as Moral Reconation Therapy (MRT).

MA-35 Special Needs Facilities and Services - 91.210(d)

Introduction:

There are four primary groups with non-homeless special needs for facilities and services in Goldsboro. They are persons with a disability (hearing/vision limitation, ambulatory limitation, cognitive limitation or self-care/independent living limitation), elderly households, and HIV/AIDS households. This section will address the facilities and services currently in place for these groups.

Including the elderly, frail elderly, persons with disabilities (mental, physical, developmental), persons with alcohol or other drug addictions, persons with HIV/AIDS and their families, public housing residents and any other categories the jurisdiction may specify, and describe their supportive housing needs:

Elderly – US Census Bureau 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, indicates Goldsboro has at least 10,310 residents over the age of 59. Of these senior residents, about 4,410 have some type of housing problem mostly cost burden. This level of need of elderly households—is high relative to that of other special needs groups. The number of seniors who need supportive housing is larger given that seniors in Goldsboro generally have low incomes. As the population ages in-home health care will be in greater demand.

Victims of domestic violence – based on NC Department of Administration (DOA) Goldsboro had 850 calls reporting domestic violence incidents with 213 residents who experienced domestic violence seeking help with housing and other services. NC DOA also reported 11 calls reporting sexual assault incidents with 72 residents who experienced sexual assault seeking help with housing and other services. One in three domestic or dating violence situations occurred while the respondent or family member was living in Goldsboro. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) provides the most comprehensive data on national domestic abuse and sexual assault. According to the CDC, nearly 1 in 5 (18.3%) women and 1 in 71 men (1.4%) reported experiencing rape at some time in their lives—statistics compared to Goldsboro are higher but still relevant.

Persons with mental, physical, and developmental disabilities – based on the US Census Bureau 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Goldsboro's disabled population make up 19% (19,506) of the total population with one or more types of disabilities (difficulty with hearing, vision, cognitive, ambulatory, self-care or independent living to name a few) that could be in need of handicap-accessible housing. The supportive housing needs of these residents are within the areas of: access to transportation, severe shortage of affordable accessible units, lack of emergency housing and/or housing options when evicted, lack of housing resources. Stakeholders also identified a need for more mental health resources for the general population and for people with disabilities.

HIV/AIDS households – Goldsboro does not receive HOPWA funds directly as a Grantee. Based on data from NC HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report the County of Wayne (for which Goldsboro is the count seat) had 10.1-20 rate per 100,000 population of newly diagnosed HIV cases. The data also shows that the County of Wayne has 325 known resident diagnosed with HIV residing in the County. The newly diagnosed HIV rates among adults and adolescents in the County of Wayne was only 12 cases. The data also shows that the County of Wayne has 167 known resident diagnosed with AIDS residing in the County. The newly diagnosed AIDS rates among adults and adolescents in the County of Wayne was only 10 cases. Medical and social support is incredibly important for residents living with HIV/AIDS. There have been great advances in the medical treatment of HIV/AIDS but medical costs are expensive and put a financial strain on residents. Because of this, special care and support is needed to help this population.

Describe programs for ensuring that persons returning from mental and physical health institutions receive appropriate supportive housing:

This information is provided within a previous section, but is still relevant do this discussion as these providers assist with persons returning from mental and physical health institutions receive appropriate supportive housing, as well.

Goldsboro is within North Carolina Balance of State (BoS) Continuum of Care (CoC) Neuse Regional Committee that coordinates local homelessness work and planning for counties such as: Duplin, Greene, Lenoir, Sampson, Wayne (Goldsboro), and Wilson. The Regional Lead is Eastpointe, in collaboration with state and community partners, offers housing assistance based on individuals and families' needs through Transition the Community Living Initiative, Target Housing, and Shelter Plus Care programs. The local Salvation Army provides services (clothing vouchers, men's shelter, rapid rehousing, and emergency assistance to name a few) to homeless individuals and families through Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) and other funds to help transition into a stable living situation. For unsheltered homeless individuals and families in Goldsboro, Wayne Action Group Economic Solvency, Inc. (WAGES) offers a variety of services to meet the needs of the homeless in Goldsboro (i.e., providing temporary emergency housing). Goldsboro

has also strived to provide information on and connection to the Neuse Regional Committee Lead Agency for local community workers and organization with particular interest in and involvement with homeless population. In addition, Goldsboro representatives are frequently involved in discussions, presentations, and meetings with citizens, other governmental officials, and local service providers to either provide support, understanding, and/or outreach to the homeless in Goldsboro.

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Specify the activities that the jurisdiction plans to undertake during the next year to address the housing and supportive services needs identified in accordance with 91.215(e) with respect to persons who are not homeless but have other special needs. Link to one-year goals. 91.315(e):

Goldsboro is regularly in contact with case management and support service organizations like Salvation Army, WAGES, Eastpointe, Wayne Action Teams for Community Health (WATCH), Wayne Uplift Resource Association (WURA), and Fordham Home to assess and address the emergency and transitional housing needs of homeless persons where Goldsboro can be of assistance. Goldsboro is exploring opportunities to construct or reconstruct a building for a women and children shelter for emergency shelter and transitional housing needs. In the previous five-year ConPlan, Goldsboro provided funding through CDBG program to help emergency shelter and transitional housing to WAGES, WURA, and WATCH to name a few

For entitlement/consortia grantees: Specify the activities that the jurisdiction plans to undertake during the next year to address the housing and supportive services needs identified in accordance with 91.215(e) with respect to persons who are not homeless but have other special needs. Link to one-year goals. (91.220(2)):

Goldsboro will allocate funding from CDBG and HOME programs to develop and preserve attainable housing for lowto-moderate income (LMI) individuals and families through activities that will extend the lifespan or increase attainable housing units citywide and local target areas (i.e., acquisition, new construction and/or rehabilitation activities). Goldsboro will also provide and expand essential services and improve public infrastructure that support LMI individuals and families (i.e., education, employment and training programs, health services, or public enhancements to name a few). These activities will also be made available to assist housing and supportive services needs. As always Goldsboro will work with our North Carolina Balance of State (BoS) Continuum of Care (CoC) Neuse Regional Committee to see where additional resources and/or funding from Goldsboro can further meet housing and supportive services needs.

MA-40 Barriers to Affordable Housing - 91.210(e)

Describe any negative effects of public policies on affordable housing and residential investment:

The greatest challenge to affordable and residential development continues to be neighborhood resistance. Many neighborhoods have used growth — and perceived or real increases in traffic congestion — to effectively fight rezoning requests that would add density to areas of Goldsboro. In addition, many renters do not have down payments or credit histories needed to purchase homes. Or rental housing is very limited in Goldsboro, and the housing that exists is generally in poor condition and sometimes not code compliant (particularly rental housing). Goldsboro ConPlan and AAPs are intended to address affordable housing needs in Goldsboro based on the findings from both quantitative research (Housing Market Analysis) and qualitative research (public meetings,

resident and stakeholder surveys). Through the objectives within this five-year ConPlan, preceding AAPs, and the final draft of Goldsboro Analysis of Impediments (AI) currently under developing, Goldsboro hopes to better balance neighborhood concerns with growth demands in the future.

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MA-45 Non-Housing Community Development Assets - 91.215 (f)

Introduction:

This section discusses non-housing community development needs for Goldsboro and the broader region, which is the typical level of geographic analysis for employment and economic development needs. Data are provided by HUD and derived from special employer household and business censuses.

Business by Sector	Number of Workers	Number of Jobs	Share of Workers %	Share of Jobs %	Jobs Less Workers %
Agriculture, Mining, Oil & Gas Extraction	249	349	3	2	-1
Arts, Entertainment, Accommodations	1404	2760	14	14	0
Construction	109	627	1	3	-1
Education and Health Care Services	2110	4800	22	24	2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	358	1033	4	5	1
Information	123	238	1	1	0
Manufacturing	1830	2629	19	13	-6
Other Services	315	760	3	4	1
Professional, Scientific, Management Services	532	1117	5	5	0
Public Administration	0	0	0	0	0
Retail Trade	1636	4111	17	20	3
Transportation & Warehousing	254	266	3	1	-2
Wholesale Trade	493	1715	5	8	3
Grand Total	9713	20405			1
Data Source(s):	s): 2011-2015 ACS (Workers) and 2015 Longitudinal Employer- Household Dynamics (Jobs)				

Labor Force:	
Total Population in the Civilian Labor Force	14597
Civilian Employed Population 16 years and over	12075

Labor Force:	Labor Force:					
Unemployr	17.2					
Unemployr	64.02					
Unemployr	Unemployment Rate for Ages 25-65 7.73					
US Census Bureau 2011-2015 American Community						
Data Source(s)	Survey 5-Year Estimates					

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (Economy at a Glance)

Goldsboro, NC

Data Series	Back Data	Nov 2019	Dec 2019	Jan 2020	Feb 2020	Mar 2020	Apr 2020
Labor Force Data							
Civilian Labor Force ⁽¹⁾	M.	(2) 52.2	(2) 52.2	52.6	52.6	(<u>P</u>) 50.3	
Employment ⁽¹⁾	M.	(<u>2</u>) 50.2	(<u>2</u>) 50.4	50.3	50.6	(<u>P</u>) 48.1	
Unemployment ⁽¹⁾	1	(<u>2</u>) 1.9	(<u>2</u>) 1.8	2.3	2.1	(<u>P</u>) 2.3	
Unemployment Rate(3)	2	(<u>2</u>) 3.7	(<u>2</u>) 3.5	4.3	3.9	(<u>P</u>) 4.5	
Nonfarm Wage and Salary Employment							
Total Nonfarm ^(<u>4</u>)	M.	41.5	41.4	40.9	40.9	40.8	(<u>P</u>) 35.4
12-month % change	str.	-1.2	-1.4	-1.4	-1.9	-1.9	(<u>P</u>) -14.9
Government ⁽⁴⁾	str.	9.4	9.4	9.3	9.3	9.3	(<u>P</u>) 9.
12-month % change	str.	1.1	1.1	-1.1	-1.1	0.0	(<u>P</u>) -2.2

Footnotes

(1)_Number of persons, in thousands, not seasonally adjusted.

(2)_Data were subject to revision on April 17, 2020.

(3) In percent, not seasonally adjusted.

(P) Preliminary

Data extracted on: May 22, 2020

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Occupation by Sector:		Number of People	
Manageme	ent, business and financial	2075	
Farming, fis	sheries and forestry occupations	465	
Service	1760		
Sales and office		2750	
Construction, extraction, maintenance and repairs		710	
Production, transportation and material moving		1080	
Data Source(s)US Census Bureau 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates			

Travel Time	Number	Percentage
30 Minutes	10449	79%
30-59 Minutes	202	16%
60- or More Minutes	605	5%

⁽⁴⁾ Number of jobs, in thousands, not seasonally adjusted. See About the data.

Travel Time		Number	Percentage		
	Total	13083	100%		
Data Source(s)	US Censi	sus Bureau 2011-2015 American			
Data Source(s)	Commur	Community Survey 5-Year Estimates			

		In Labor Force			
Educational Attainment		Civilian Employed	Unemployed	Not in Labor Force	
Less than high school graduate		790	204	1445	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)		2465	478	2190	
Some college or Associates degree		3920	535	1850	
Bachelors degree or higher		2755 200		680	
Data Source(s)	US Census Bureau 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates				

		•	Ag	е		
Educational Attainment by Ag	e	18-24 yrs	25-34 yrs	35-44 yrs	45-64 yrs	65+ yrs
Less than 9 th grade		45	90	310	450	421
9 th to 12 th grade, no diploma		525	403	370	820	480
High school graduate, GED, or alternative		1270	1365	1015	2765	1680
Some college, no degree		1560	2100	635	2300	1050
Associates degree		125	650	334	884	323
Bachelors degree		255	1090	585	1068	480
Graduate or professional degree		4	344	220	524	508
Data Source(s) US Census Bureau 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates						

Median Earnings i Educational Attair	Median Earnings in the Past 12 Months	
Less than h	igh school graduate	\$73,922
High schoo	l graduate (includes equivalency)	\$112,763
Some college or Associates degree		\$127,931
Bachelors degree or higher		\$222,634
Graduate or professional degree		\$246,367
Data Source(s) US Census Bureau 2011-2015 American Community Survey Year Estimates		in Community Survey 5-

ne County (NC)	May 2020
phics	
Population 124,002 122,623 124,703	% Annual Growth (0.4%) 0.8% 0.4%
65,721 56,902	Urban/Rural Percent 53.6% 46.4%
38 32,666 9,231 16,509 14,515 15,720 16,039 19,322	% Pop by Age 26.3% 7.4% 13.3% 11.7% 12.7% 12.9% 15.6%
and Over, 2018 ACS Est	
Workers, By Transp Worker Transp, Base Work at Home Drove Car/Truck/Van Alone Carpooled Car/Truck/Van Public Transportation Walked Bicycle Taxi, Motorcycle, Other	53,724 2.9% 80.5% 13.7% 0.4% 1.8% 0.1% 0.4%
Commuters 41,582 11,766 376	Residents 77.4% 21.9% 0.7%
ion	
19,012 1,010 27.7% 2,420 8,963 69,054 16,051	Pop Age 25+ 84.1% 19.5%
	Population 124,002 122,623 124,703 65,721 56,902 38 32,666 9,231 16,509 14,515 15,720 16,039 19,322 Morkers, By Transp Worker Transp, Base Work at Home Drove Car/Truck/Van Alone Carpooled Car/Truck/Van Public Transportation Walked Bicycle Taxi, Motorcycle, Other Intervention Walked Bicycle Taxi, Motorcycle, Other Intervention Walked Bicycle Taxi, Motorcycle, Other Intervention Mail 11,766 376 ion 19,012 1,010 27.7% 2,420 8,963 69,054

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Goldsboro 2020-2024 ConPlan and 2020-2021 Annual Action Plan

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	H	lousing		
2018 Est Total Housing Units 2010 Census Total Housing 2010 Census Total Households			% Ann G 54.074 47.831 52,949	Growth or % Total 0.3%
2010 Census Occupied Housing 2010 Census Vacant Housing 2018 Est Median Value of Owner Occupied Housing 2018 Est Median Gross Rent			42,713 5,118 \$121,900 \$750	89.3% 10.7%
2018 Est Owner Occupied Housing 2018 Est Renter Occupied Housing 2018 Est % Owner Occupied Vacancy Rate 2018 Est % Renter Occupied Vacancy Rate			29,626 18,527 1.7% 4.8%	61.5% 38.5%
		ncome		
			% Ann	Growth or % Pov
2018 Est Median Family Income 2018 Median Household Income (SAIPE) 2018 Est Median Worker Earnings 2018 Per Capita Income (BEA)			\$52,655 \$41,572 \$26,604 \$38,472	(6.8%)
2018 Est Pop, Income Below Poverty (SAIPE)			24,470	20.2%
	Employmen	t / Unemployment		
MAR2020 Prelim., 2019 Employment MAR2020 Prelim., 2019 Unemployment MAR2020 Prelim., 2019 Unemployment Rate 2019Q4YTD, 2019 Announced Job Creation 2019Q4YTD, 2019 Total Announced Investments (\$r	nil)	Cur	rently 48,062 2,281 4.5% 118 \$5.7	2019 Annual 50,225 2,169 4.1% 118 \$5.7
Employment / Wages by	2019Q3	2018	2019Q3 Avg	2018 Avg
Industry	Employment	Employment	Weekly Wage	Weekly Wage
Total All Industries	40,973	41,981	\$739	\$719
Total Government	8,580	9,003	\$833	\$802
Total Private Industry	32,393	32,978	\$714	\$696
Agriculture Forestry Fishing & Hunting Mining	1,328	1,259	\$672	\$662
Utilities	271	285	\$1,651	\$1.694
Construction	1,759	1,813	\$953	\$935
Manufacturing	5,230	5,266	\$953	\$898
Wholesale Trade	1,432	1,628	\$877	\$979
Retail Trade	5,855	6,009	\$490	\$499
Transportation and Warehousing	1,441	1,188	\$970	\$923
Finance and Insurance	929	913	\$983	\$1,007
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	388 752	368	\$736	\$801
Professional and Technical Services Mot of Companies, Enterprises	430	722 453	\$977 \$1,527	\$1,050 \$1,164
Administrative and Waste Services	1,139	1,080	\$628	\$563
Educational Services	3,256	3,914	\$776	\$700
Health Care and Social Assistance	7,741	8,119	\$795	\$767
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	298	303	\$296	\$303
Accommodation and Food Services	4,301	4,177	\$290	\$277
Other Services Ex. Public Admin	941	1,009	\$513	\$490
Public Administration Unclassified	3,319 0	3,286 0	\$851 \$0	\$844 \$0

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80

3.395

Commercial/Retail/Industrial

Local Business

2020Q1 Available Industrial Buildings	18
2019Q3 Establishments: Total Private Industry	2,174
2019Q3 Establishments: Manufacturing	80
2018 Est Self Employed	2,968

Local Retail Business

2019 Total Retail Sales (With Food/Drink) (\$mil)	\$1.6
2019 Total Retail Businesses (With Food/Drink)	646
2019 Avg Sales/Business Total (with Food/Drink)	\$2,458,776
2020Q1 Available Commercial Buildings (if County reports)	1

Quality of Life

Taxes FY2019-20 Property Tax Rate per \$100 Value FY2018-19 Annual Taxable Retail Sales (\$mil) 2020 Tier designation	\$0.6635 \$1,272.2 1	Childcare 2020Q1 Licensed Child Care Facilities 2020Q1 Licensed Child Care Enrollment	
Healthcare Providers 2018 Number of Physicians 2018 Physicians/10,000 population 2018 RNs/10,000 population 2018 Dentists/10,000 population 2017 Pharmacists/10,000 population	197 15.7 94.7 3.6 8.7		

Sources:

Census (2010, ACS 2014-18) for income, commuters, place of work, population, housing, and educational attainment at https://data.census.gov. ESRI for retail data at www.ESRI.com. NC Dept. of Education for SAT data by NC county system at http://www.ncpublicschools.org. US Dept. of Education, National Center for Education Statistics for higher education data at https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/datacenter. NC Commerce, Labor and Economic Analysis Division for NC tiers, occupational data, employment and unemployment, and wages and establishments by industry at http://accessnc.nccommerce.com/. EDPNC for announced new jobs and investment and available buildings at https://edpnc.com. NC Dept. of Health & Human Services for childcare data at http://www.ncdhhs.gov/. UNC Sheps Center for healthcare professions at https://nchealthworkforce.unc.edu/. Full datasets and topic dashboards are available at http://AccessNC.NCCommerce.com.

Notes:

Data are the latest available at the date the profile was prepared. SAT scores use the new 1600 scoring system started in 2016 and represent county systems. Unemployment data is now the lastest month which is preliminary and is subject to change. US Education IPEDs data for Completions and Enrollment is at least Provisional and updated when Final. American Community Survey (ACS) data are estimates, noted 'Est' and are from the 5-year survey; data is as of final year with dollars inflated to final year. Additional data, reports, and dashboards are available at: http://accessnc.nccommerce.com/index.html.

Based on the Business Activity table above, what are the major employment sectors within your jurisdiction:

The educational, Manufacturing, and Retail industry employs the largest number of workers and supplies the most jobs—57% of all workers and jobs. The next closest industry (14% of workers/jobs) is Arts, Entertainment, Accommodations.

Describe the workforce and infrastructure needs of the business community:

Goldsboro's workforce is generally educated and has skills that meet some of the needs of local businesses. Goldsboro faces some competition for workforce (especially younger workers, who prefer urban living) and businesses from surrounding cities outside the County of Wayne (i.e., Raleigh, Greenville, Wilson, and Clayton to name a few). Employees typically want to work where they live and live where they work. In addition, Goldsboro's partnership with educational institutions creates a solid foundation for success. Companies that provide family wage jobs require educated workers, and Goldsboro continues to see an expansion of programs offered to create a highly educated workforce through Wayne Community College.

Describe any major changes that may have an economic impact, such as planned local or regional public or private sector investments or initiatives that have affected or may affect job and business growth opportunities during the planning period. Describe any needs for workforce development, business support or infrastructure these changes may create:

A recent analysis of Goldsboro found demand for infrastructure investment and more flexible zoning to accommodate both commercial and workforce housing demand. Goldsboro realizes that the 21st century economy requires flexibility. Over the last several decades, Goldsboro and the County of Wayne has evolved from a primarily agriculturalbased economy to one increasingly based on innovation and creativity. Goldsboro is striving to strengthen its competitive position by creating an environment and infrastructure where industries can create, respond, and adjust rapidly through partnership with Wayne County Development Alliance. Several of the goals, objectives and action items are meant to improve economic prosperity by ensuring that the economy grows in ways that strengthen industries, retain and create good jobs across a variety of sectors, increase average income, and stimulate economic investment in the community. A strong and diverse economy provides the financial support and stability for Goldsboro residents that will ensure that public facilities, services, and quality of life are superior.

How do the skills and education of the current workforce correspond to employment opportunities in the jurisdiction:

As discussed above, Goldsboro's workforce is generally educated and has skills that meet some of the needs of local businesses. There is still a need to improve and expand skills and education of the current and future workforce to generally match the skill levels needed by primary employers.

Describe any current workforce training initiatives, including those supported by Workforce Investment Boards, community colleges and other organizations. Describe how these efforts will support the jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan:

Goldsboro's local community college, Wayne Community College, has a current workforce training initiative (WORKS) that Goldsboro utilizes as part of its public service program. WORKS collaborators include Wayne Community College, Wayne County Development Alliance, Wayne County Public Schools, NCWorks Career Center – Wayne County, Wayne County Board of Commissioners, and other organizations and agencies. WORKS' mission is to develop and market a skilled workforce by encouraging industries to set skill-level standards and requirements for positions, move the workforce to complete assessments that provide verification of skills, and maintain support from government, industry, education, and economic development entities.

The skills assessments that are considered the standard for local industries are the ACT® WorkKeys® tests for the National Career Readiness Certificate (NCRC). More than 100 Wayne County employers recognize or recommend the NCRC.More than 20,000 total certificates have been awarded in Wayne County, according to Wayne Business and Industry Center Executive Director Craig Foucht. Nearly 40 percent of the county's workforce holds some level of the credential.

It should be noted Wayne Community College is a public, learning-centered institution with an open-door admission policy located in Goldsboro, N.C. As it works to develop a highly skilled and competitive workforce, the college serves 11,000 individuals annually as well as businesses, industry, and community organizations with high quality, affordable, accessible learning opportunities, including more than 140 college credit programs. WCC's mission is to meet the educational, training, and cultural needs of the communities it serves.

In addition, the workforce development strategy focuses on middle skill employment—creating training and job access programs for high-demand construction and technology jobs—and youth initiatives has been for Goldsboro and its partners (i.e., Wayne Community College, Literacy Connection, and Wayne County Development Alliance to name a few).

Does your jurisdiction participate in a Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS)? ●Yes ○No If so, what economic development initiatives are you undertaking that may be coordinated with the Consolidated Plan? If not, describe other local/regional plans or initiatives that impact economic growth:

NCGrowth partnered with Goldsboro to develop an economic development strategy for Goldsboro and surrounding areas. Within Goldsboro and Wayne County, there are multiple governmental, not-for-profit, and private entities involved in different aspects of economic development. While many resources currently exist, small differences in focus or mission can create barriers to effective collaboration. Given new fiscal constraints, there is a greater need for a comprehensive economic development strategy created through a process that engages all regional, economic development-related entities. This economic development strategy led by Kenan-Flagler MBA/City and Regional Planning analyst Meisha McDaniel incorporated information provided by Goldsboro, the Downtown Goldsboro Development Corporation, mission-aligned entities, as well as community leaders in the region.

Discussion:

Goldsboro has no further discussion to provide.

MA-50 Needs and Market Analysis Discussion

Are there areas where households with multiple housing problems are concentrated? (include a definition of "concentration"):

Concentrations are different than segregation because they can be due to housing and locational preferences –and not be solely due to impediments. Concentrations are identified as: Census tracts in which the proportion of a protected class is 20 percentage points higher than that in the market area overall, which is specified as the county. This threshold applies to individual racial categories and in nonmetro areas, and Census tracts that are more than 50 percent minority. Minority residents are defined as those identifying as Hispanic/Latino and/or a Non-White race.

Goldsboro recognizes that each neighborhood's housing, economic, and social needs are unique but are interconnected. Goldsboro's most economically distressed neighborhoods are areas where households with multiple housing problems are concentrated, and are located within designated Opportunity Zones (Census Tracts 3719100: 1500; 1800; and 1900). There are also households with multiple housing problems are concentrated within Census Tract 3719100:1400.

Are there any areas in the jurisdiction where racial or ethnic minorities or low-income families are concentrated? (include a definition of "concentration"):

Concentrations are different than segregation because they can be due to housing and locational preferences –and not be solely due to impediments. Concentrations are identified as: Census tracts in which the proportion of a protected class is 20 percentage points higher than that in the market area overall, which is specified as the county. This threshold applies to individual racial categories and in nonmetro areas, and Census tracts that are more than 50 percent minority. Minority residents are defined as those identifying as Hispanic/Latino and/or a Non-White race.

Goldsboro recognizes that each neighborhood's housing, economic, and social needs are unique but are interconnected. Goldsboro's most economically distressed neighborhoods are areas where households with multiple housing problems are concentrated, and are located within designated Opportunity Zones (Census Tracts 3719100: 1500; 1800; and 1900). These designated Opportunity Zones are also identified as highly concentrated areas of LMI population and minorities. There are also households with racial or ethnic minorities or low-income families concentrated within Census Tract 3719100:1400.

What are the characteristics of the market in these areas/neighborhoods:

These areas have higher poverty and cost burdens. As the downtown of Goldsboro redevelops, households within these designated Opportunity Zones (Census Tracts 3719100: 1500; 1800; and 1900) are continuing to decline, increasing vulnerability to housing cost increases while quality of housing declines, and possible displacement.

Are there any community assets in these areas/neighborhoods:

There are some community assets, but not enough to focus on all aspects of the areas to implement multiple activities in a concentrated and coordinated manner. There are schools, a recreation center, head start centers, within or near these area; however, those school are in need of additional resources.

Are there other strategic opportunities in any of these areas:

Although these areas have the highest levels of poverty and greatest needs, they also have strong opportunities in redevelopment of vacant and underutilized commercial and residential facilities. There are many opportunities where Goldsboro has worked and can expand on closely with its partners--from nonprofit housing developers to private sector developers to funding organizations--to assemble investment and interest in redevelopment. With the proposed rule changes to CDBG and HOME programs to create flexibilities to incentivize their use in these designated Opportunity Zones. Goldsboro can direct and leverage CDBG and HOME funds for preservation and creation of affordable housing and attracting revitalizing investments that can create jobs, business expansion, and new business development within these areas.

MA-60 Broadband Needs of Housing occupied by Low- and Moderate-Income Households - 91.210(a)(4), 91.310(a)(2)

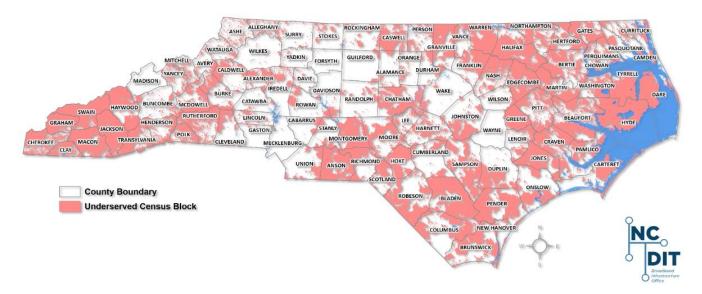
Describe the need for broadband wiring and connections for households, including low- and moderate-income households and neighborhoods:

The County of Wayne started an initiative called Wayne County's Broadband to serve the residents (including Goldsboro residents). The goal of the initiative is to identify underserved areas and work to attract Internet service providers offering expanded service and higher speed options. Based on the study conducted by NC Department of Information Technology Broadband Infrastructure Office, Goldsboro and the County of Wayne does not have substantial underserved areas for high-speed internet access. Although, Goldsboro poorest neighborhoods do experience broadband wiring and connection issues.

In addition, Goldsboro has found within low-income households and households with lower educational levels a lack of access often extended to the ownership of a computer, laptop or tablet. Those without access were less comfortable completing common tasks online in addition to being less comfortable assisting their children with their online homework. Data from the 2018 Teacher Working Conditions survey issued biannually by the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction (DPI) shows that 70 percent of high school teachers, 60 percent of middle school teachers, and 43 percent of elementary school teachers in North Carolina regularly assign homework that requires internet access to complete (NC Teacher Working Condition Survey Results, 2018).

NC Broadband Service Inventory

Underserved Census Blocks Data derived from U.S. Federal Communications Commission Form 477 Data Release Dec. 2018.



Describe the need for increased competition by having more than one broadband Internet service provider serve the jurisdiction:

There are a variety of ways that state laws seek to limit any possible competition between Internet Service Providers (ISPs) and municipal broadband networks. These state laws prevent municipalities from offering broadband service to residents if there is one commercial provider already offering service — or willing to begin offering service — in the jurisdiction. These requirements are considered roadblocks to municipal broadband because communities can be considered "served" if any provider is present, regardless of what kind of Internet service is being offered.

It should be noted that a bill was introduced in 2019 the Foster Infrastructure for Broadband Expansion and Resources in North Carolina (FIBER NC) Act that would explicitly allow counties and cities to use taxes or grants to build wireline and wireless infrastructure. So long as they lease it out to private internet service providers with the purpose of creating public-private partnerships to provide high-speed internet in rural, unconnected regions of the state.

However, in the 2019 session, the attempt to hammer out a compromise in a bill dubbed the NC FIBER ACT <u>failed</u> in large part over how the degree of service and access would be measured and over resistance by some lawmakers to what they see as government competition with private enterprise.

MA-65 Hazard Mitigation - 91.210(a)(5), 91.310(a)(3)

Describe the jurisdiction's increased natural hazard risks associated with climate change:

Like many cities, Goldsboro's risk of loss of life or property may increase due to climate change patterns. The greatest natural hazard risks facing Goldsboro are the risks of life and property loss due to more frequent hurricanes, increased flooding events and increased intensity. In 2016 and 2018, many residents had to be evacuated when their neighborhood some that have not traditionally experienced flash flooding along the Neuse River quickly rose to flood stage and overtook the neighborhood. Flooding events like these are likely to increase in frequency and intensity due to climate change, which may have a profound impact on Goldsboro's neighborhoods, businesses, and residents.

Describe the vulnerability to these risks of housing occupied by low- and moderate-income households based on an analysis of data, findings, and methods:

A large concentration of low- and moderate-income residents live within, near or along the 100-Year Floodplain. There is a high likelihood that many of the residents in these areas, particularly renter households, do not have flood insurance to repair or replace their real and/or personal property when the next flooding event occurs.

Strategic Plan

SP-05 Overview

Strategic Plan Overview:

The Strategic Plan (ConPlan) outlines the availability of expected resources to meet community needs, the current structure for delivering services, goals, barriers to meeting specified goals, and how these barriers may be overcome. The ConPlan will discuss areas of concentration of LMI communities, concentrations of racial and ethnic minority groups, and Goldsboro's plans to address these needs, including, but not limited to: Goldsboro partnerships with non-profits, CHDOs, and developers; use of Urgent Repair program; and counseling and education regarding improving financial capacity and homeownership for LMI individuals and families. The ConPlan also includes a discussion of public housing, homelessness, and lead-based paint hazards, and describes Goldsboro's anti-poverty initiatives and plans to monitor performance and compliance. Goldsboro will focus its priorities on projects and programs that meet program eligibility requirements, have long-term impacts on LMI individuals and families, and help address other federal, state, and local priorities, such as fair housing choice and sustainability.

SP-10 Geographic Priorities - 91.215(a)(1)

Geographic Area

Sort Number*	Area Name	Target Area Type	Revital Type
1	Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001500)	Local Target Area	Comprehensive
2	Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001800)	Local Target Area	Comprehensive
3	Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001900)	Local Target Area	Comprehensive
4	Goldsboro Citywide (within LMI requirements)	Local Target Area	Comprehensive

Table - Geographic Priority Areas

General Allocation Priorities

Describe the basis for allocating investments geographically within the jurisdiction (or within the EMSA for HOPWA)

Goldsboro recognizes that each neighborhood's housing, economic, and social needs are unique but are interconnected. Therefore, as part of Goldsboro's approach there will be a focus on all neighborhoods as a citywide geographic area through multiple activities in a concentrated and coordinated manner. In an effect, to empower Goldsboro's most economically distressed neighborhoods a place-based priority will be utilized, as well, for a comprehensive, place-based strategy with coordinated action between Goldsboro and other stakeholders and resources within Goldsboro's designated Opportunity Zones (Census Tracts 3719100: **1500**; **1800**; and **1900**). These designated Opportunity Zones are also identified as highly concentrated areas of LMI population and minorities. With the proposed rule changes to CDBG and HOME programs to create flexibilities to incentivize their use in designated Opportunity Zones,⁽¹⁾ Goldsboro will direct and leverage CDBG and HOME funds for preservation and creation of

affordable housing and attracting revitalizing investments that can create jobs, business expansion, and new business development to Goldsboro.

(1) Opportunity Zones are economically distressed communities, defined by individual census tract, nominated by America's governors, and certified by the U.S. Secretary of the Treasury via his delegation of that authority to the Internal Revenue Service. Under certain conditions, new investments in Opportunity Zones may be eligible for preferential tax treatment. There are 8,764 Opportunity Zones in the United States (again Goldsboro has three), many of which have experienced a lack of investment for decades. The Opportunity Zones initiative is not a top-down government program from Washington but an incentive to spur private and public investment in America's underserved communities.

SP-25 Priority Needs - 91.215(a)(2)

The plan must indicate the general priorities for allocating investment of available resources among different needs. Priority needs are those that will be addressed by the goals outlined in the Strategic Plan.

ort*		
1	Priority	Attainable Housing Development & Preservation
	Need Name:	
	Description:	Goldsboro will develop and preserve attainable housing for low-to-moderate income (LMI) individuals and families through activities that will extend the lifespan or increase attainable housing units citywide and local target areas (i.e., acquisition, new construction and/or rehabilitation activities).
	Priority Level:	High
	Population:	Income Level: Extremely Low; Low; Moderate; Middle
		Family Type: Large Families; Families with Children; Elderly; Public Housing Residents
		Homeless: Chronic Homelessness; Individuals; Families with Children; veterans; Victims of Domestic Violence
		Non-homeless Special Needs: Elderly; Victims of Domestic Violence
	Geographic	Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001500)
	Areas	Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001800)
	Affected:	Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001900) Goldsboro Citywide (within LMI requirements)
	Associated	Goal 1: Affirmatively Further Fair Housing Choice
	Goal(s):	Goal 2: Increase Affordable Rental Housing Option
		Goal 3: Increase Access to Affordable Homeownership Option
		Goal 4: Improve-Expand Public Facilities Access & Capacity
		Goal 6: Provide Rehabilitation Owner-Occupied & City-Owned
		Goal 7: Program Admin to Support ConPlan & AAPs Objectives
	Basis for	Attainable Housing Development and Preservation was highlighted as a priority based on the
	Relative	needs assessment, independent market analyses, rates of renter cost burdens, and
	Priority:	stakeholders' input to name a few. It is a persistent challenge in Goldsboro's market the availability of decent attainable housing for LMI individuals and families.

Table – Priority Needs Summary

Sort*		
2	Priority Need Name:	Neighborhood Stabilization
	Description:	With the proposed rule changes to CDBG and HOME programs to create flexibilities to incentivize their use in designated Opportunity Zones — Goldsboro will direct and leverage CDBG and HOME funds for preservation and creation of affordable housings and attracting revitalizing investments that can create jobs, business expansion, and new business development within those designated Opportunity Zones.
	Priority Level:	High
	Population:	Income Level: Extremely Low; Low; Moderate; Middle
	•	Family Type: Large Families; Families with Children; Elderly; Public Housing Residents
		Homeless: Chronic Homelessness; Individuals; Families with Children; veterans; Victims of Domestic Violence
		Non-homeless Special Needs: Elderly; Victims of Domestic Violence
	Geographic Areas Affected:	Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001500) Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001800) Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001900)
	Associated	Goal 1: Affirmatively Further Fair Housing Choice
	Goal(s):	 Goal 2: Increase Affordable Rental Housing Option Goal 3: Increase Access to Affordable Homeownership Option Goal 4: Improve-Expand Public Facilities Access & Capacity Goal 5: Provide Essential Service & Employment Training
		Goal 6: Provide Rehabilitation Owner-Occupied & City-OwnedGoal 7: Program Admin to Support ConPlan & AAPs Objectives
	Basis for Relative Priority:	Neighborhood Stabilization was highlighted as a priority to revitalize and stabilize Goldsboro's most economically distressed neighborhoods within designated Opportunity Zones (Census Tracts 3719100: 1500; 1800; and 1900) through using a public-private investment.
Sort*		
3	Priority Need Name:	Non-Housing Community Development
	Description:	Goldsboro will provide and expand essential services and improve public infrastructure that support LMI individuals and families (i.e., education, employment and training programs, health services, or public enhancements to name a few).
	Priority Level:	High
	Population:	Income Level: Extremely Low; Low; Moderate; Middle Family Type: Large Families; Families with Children; Elderly; Public Housing Residents Homeless: Chronic Homelessness; Individuals; Families with Children; Mentally III; Chronic Substance Abuse; veterans; Persons with HIV/AIDS; Victims of Domestic Violence; Unaccompanied Youth Non-homeless Special Needs: Elderly; Frail Elderly; Persons with Mental Disabilities; Persons with Developmental Disabilities; Persons with Alcohol or Other Addictions; Persons with

		HIV/AIDS and their Families; Victims of Domestic Violence; Non-housing Community Development; Victims of Domestic Violence
	Geographic Areas Affected:	Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001500) Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001800) Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001900) Goldsboro Citywide (within LMI requirements)
	Associated Goal(s):	 Goal 4: Improve-Expand Public Facilities Access & Capacity Goal 5: Provide Essential Service & Employment Training Goal 7: Program Admin to Support ConPlan & AAPs Objectives
	Basis for Relative Priority:	Non-Housing Community Development was highlighted as a priority based on the historical evidence to the impact infrastructure improvements and public services can have on addressing LMI individuals and families essential needs and sustainability of households.
Sort*		
4	Priority Need Name:	Equity & Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing
	Description:	Goldsboro desires to work proactively to reduce and mitigate barriers to fair housing choice and to affirmatively further fair housing choice, including fostering equity in neighborhood access to opportunities.
	Priority Level:	High
	Population:	Income Level: Extremely Low; Low; Moderate; Middle Family Type: Large Families; Families with Children; Elderly; Public Housing Residents Homeless: Rural; Chronic Homelessness; Individuals; Families with Children; Mentally III; Chronic Substance Abuse; veterans; Persons with HIV/AIDS; Victims of Domestic Violence; Unaccompanied Youth Non-homeless Special Needs: Elderly; Frail Elderly; Persons with Mental Disabilities; Persons with Development Disabilities; Persons with Alcohol or Other Addictions; Persons with HIV/AIDS and their Families; Victims of Domestic Violence; Non-housing Community Development
	Geographic Areas Affected:	Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001500) Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001800) Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001900) Goldsboro Citywide (within LMI requirements)
	Associated Goal(s):	Goal 1: Affirmatively Further Fair Housing ChoiceGoal 2: Increase Affordable Rental Housing OptionGoal 3: Increase Access to Affordable Homeownership OptionGoal 4: Improve-Expand Public Facilities Access & CapacityGoal 7: Program Admin to Support ConPlan & AAPs Objectives
	Basis for Relative Priority:	This need is prioritized based on findings in the previous Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice that are historical in Goldsboro and through stakeholders' input.

Narrative (Optional):

The four priority needs identified for allocating investment of available resources over the next five years were to ensure a comprehensive approach to providing activities that would:

- Widen the subsidy or leverage pool for housing projects to preserve or create hundreds of units that are affordable, accessible, and decent;
- Affirmatively further fair housing choice by taking meaningful actions to overcome significant disparities in housing needs and in access to opportunity, replacing segregated living patterns with truly integrated and balanced living patterns, transforming racially and ethnically concentrated areas of poverty into areas of opportunity, and fostering and maintaining compliance with civil rights and fair housing laws;
- Provide services to low-to-moderate income (LMI) individuals and families the aid in developing a sustainable household budget, improve financial capacity, and gain access to resources to help improve housing situations in order to sustain and retain their homes;
- Utilize federal, state, and local monies for LMI individuals and families to maintain habitability, prevent abandonment, and deterioration of housing units in primarily LMI neighborhoods; and
- Lastly, enable federal and local monies to supplement comprehensive community development strategies to address LMI individuals and families' essential needs to strengthen communities.

SP-30 Influence of Market Conditions - 91.215 (b)

Influence of Market Conditions

The plan must describe how the characteristics of the housing market influenced the jurisdiction's decisions regarding allocation priorities among the types of housing assistance:

Affordable Housing Type	Market Characteristics that will influence the use of funds available for housing type
Tenant Based	Continued rising rents, increasing displacement of LMI residents due to reoccurrences of unforeseen
Rental Assistance	natural events, and Goldsboro's aging and lack of affordable housing stock influences the use of funds
(TBRA)	to leverage projects to help individual households afford housing costs. Goldsboro will utilize market
	analyses and trends, opportunity zones, the most current completed Analysis of Impediments, and annual need assessments to guide funds available for various housing types.
TBRA for Non- Homeless Special Needs	Continued rising rents, increasing displacement of LMI non-homeless special needs residents due to reoccurrences of unforeseen natural events, and Goldsboro's aging and lack of affordable housing stock influences the use of funds to leverage projects to help individual households afford housing
	costs. Goldsboro will utilize market analyses and trends, opportunity zones, the most current completed Analysis of Impediments, and annual need assessments to guide funds available for various housing types.
New Unit	Goldsboro's housing cost-burdens combined with aging and lack of affordable housing stock continue
Production	to be barriers for LMI residents. This burden historically and continues to disproportionately fall on certain populations, mainly LMI minorities and special needs households. Goldsboro will utilize market analyses and trends, opportunity zones, the most current completed Analysis of Impediments, and annual need assessments to guide funds available to leverage new unit production.
Rehabilitation	Stagnant incomes of owners who are LMI, elderly and have special needs, tight capital market for home improvement financing (i.e., loan denials for home improvement loans in certain neighborhoods and for low-income owners), and shortage of accessible housing stock – increase the need for owner-occupied rehabilitation. Goldsboro will utilize market analyses and trends, opportunity zones, the most current completed Analysis of Impediments, and annual need assessments to guide funds available to reduce substandard housing.
Acquisition,	Goldsboro will implement a new strategy this ConPlan to pursue properties for acquisition and
including	preservation to make readily available to LMI residents to occupy as homebuyers or renters.
preservation	Goldsboro will utilize market analyses and trends, opportunity zones, the most current completed Analysis of Impediments, and annual need assessments to guide funds available to keep the character and design of neighborhoods intact.

Table – Influence of Market Conditions

SP- 35 Anticipated Resources - 91.215(a)(4), 91.220(c)(1,2)

Introduction:

Goldsboro will support housing and non-housing community development projects and activities within the ConPlan through HUD entitlement funds from CDBG and HOME, funding granted by North Carolina Housing Finance Agency (NCHFA), pursuing competitive grants, and other resources available. Goldsboro's strategy this ConPlan cycle will be to leverage even more through public-private partnerships and resources, and to reinvest program income in higher potential projects and activities for LMI individuals and families. In FY20-21 Goldsboro will be allocated funding in response to Coronavirus (COVID-19) under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act). This will be a new grant program, Community Development Block Grant – Coronavirus (CDBG-CV), to fund programs and activities to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the spread of COVID-19.

Source of Funds	Source	Use of Funds	Expected Amount Available Year 1	Expected Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan	Narrative Description
CDBG	Public- federal	Acquisition Admin and Planning Economic Development Housing Public Improvements Public Services	Annual Allocation: \$351,137 Program Income: \$3,120 Prior Year Resources: \$180,123 Total: \$534,380	\$1,369,863	The Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Entitlement Program provides annual grants on a formula basis to entitled cities and counties to develop viable urban communities by providing decent housing and a suitable living environment, and by expanding economic opportunities, principally for low- and moderate-income persons. The program is authorized under Title 1 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, Public Law 93-383, as amended; 42 U.S.C5301 et seq. HUD awards grants to entitlement community grantees to carry out a wide range of community development activities directed toward revitalizing neighborhoods, economic development, and providing improved community facilities and services. Entitlement communities develop their own programs and funding priorities.

Table – Anticipated Resources

Source of Funds	Source	Use of Funds	Expected Amount Available	Year 1	Expected Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan	Narrative Description
HOME	Public- federal	Acquisition Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership TBRA	Annual Allocation: \$ Program Income: \$ Prior Year Resources: \$ Total: \$	237,076 4,048 525,028 766,152	\$1,348,095	The HOME Investment Partnership (HOME) Program was created by the National Affordable Housing Act of 1990 to create local partnerships for providing decent affordable housing to lower-to-moderate income households. The HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) provides formula grants to states and localities that communities use — often in partnership with local nonprofit groups — to fund a wide range of activities including building, buying, and/or rehabilitating affordable housing for rent or homeownership or providing direct rental assistance to low- income people. It is the largest Federal block grant to state and local governments designed exclusively to create affordable housing for low-income households.
Other: CDBG- CV	Public- federal	Emergency Assistance Homelessness Economic Disruption Rental Assistance Other Issues Related to Coronavirus	\$	206,554	\$0	The CDBG-CV funds allocated under Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) may be used under 24 CFR Parts 570.201-570.206, that prevent, prepare for, and respond to the spread of COVID-19.
Other: Urgent Repair (URP)	Public- state	Homeowner rehab Other: Urgent repairs/replacements	\$	100,000	\$400,000	NCHFA makes Urgent Repair Program funds available to qualified organizations during each funding cycle to finance emergency home repairs and modifications for low- income homeowners with special needs. Nonprofit organizations, local governments and regional councils of governments can use the funds to provide deferred, forgiven loans of up to \$10,000 to qualified homeowners for emergency repairs. These funds granted by NCHFA are funded through the North Carolina Housing Trust Fund.

Explain how federal funds will leverage those additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements will be satisfied:

As previously stated, Goldsboro's strategy this ConPlan cycle will be to leverage even more through publicpartnerships and resources and to reinvest program income in higher potential projects and activities for LMI individuals and families. Goldsboro's HUD entitlement funds from CDBG and HOME leveraging will be established by funds from a number of non-federal sources, including state and local government, private lending institutions, private and non-profit investments, and other programs. HOME further requires that Participating Jurisdictions (PJs) match 25 cents of every dollar in program funds to mobilize community resources in support of affordable housing.

Historically, Goldsboro has requested and has been granted a reduction of the HOME matching contribution requirement under one of three conditions: 1) fiscal distress; 2) severe fiscal distress; or 3) for Presidentially-declared major disasters covered under the Stafford Act. Nevertheless, in the event Goldsboro is not granted a reduction of the matching contribution required by HUD,. local appropriation and other allowable non-federal sources will be utilized within the Community Relations Departmental Budget to meet matching requirements.

If appropriate, describe publically owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that may be used to address the needs identified in the plan:

Goldsboro consistently evaluates publicly owned lands or properties that could be used to address housing and community development needs in Goldsboro. As such, when buildable lots become available and are determined to be a viable option, Goldsboro will purse public-private partnerships to develop or redevelop affordable housing units. In addition, Goldsboro will strategically acquire land and/or property as publicly owned for either owner-occupied, lease-purchase, or rental property.

Discussion:

Goldsboro has no further discussion to provide.

SP- 40 Institutional Delivery Structure - 91.215(k)

Explain the institutional structure through which the jurisdiction will carry out its consolidated plan including private industry, non-profit organizations, and public institutions.

Responsible Entity	Responsible Entity Type	Role	Geographic Area Served
Goldsboro	Government	Economic Development; Homelessness; Non- homeless special needs; Ownership; Planning; Rental; neighborhood improvements; public facilities; public services	Jurisdiction
MC Morgan & Associates, Inc.	Developer	Homelessness; Rental	Jurisdiction
North Carolina Housing Finance Agency	Other	Homelessness; Ownership; Rental	Jurisdiction
Housing Authority of the City of Goldsboro	РНА	Homelessness; Non-homeless special needs; Planning; Public Housing; Rental	Jurisdiction
Habitat for Humanity of Goldsboro-Wayne	CHDO	Homelessness; Ownership	Jurisdiction
Wayne Community College	Public institution	Economic Development; Non-homeless special needs; public services	Jurisdiction

Responsible Entity	Responsible Entity Type	Role	Geographic Area Served
Eastpointe, LME	Other	Homelessness; Non-homeless special needs; Planning; Rental	Jurisdiction
WATCH Mobile Medical Unit (Wayne UNC Health)	Non-profit organization	Homelessness and public services	Jurisdiction
Four Day Movement, Inc.	Non-profit organization	Affordable Housing (Rental), Homelessness, and public services	Jurisdiction
Wayne Action Group for	Community	Affordable Housing (Rental), Homelessness, Non-	Jurisdiction
Economic Solvency (WAGES)	Action Agency	homeless special needs, and public services	
Wayne Uplift Resource	Non-profit	Affordable Housing (Rental), Homelessness, Non-	Jurisdiction
Association (WURA)	Organization	homeless special needs, and public services	

Table - Institutional Delivery Structure

Assess strengths and gaps in the institutional delivery system:

Goldsboro has a deep-rooted community of non-profit organizations and public institutions that provide resources and services to address housing and community development needs citywide — many of whom Goldsboro fund as sub-recipients through CDBG and HOME as a multilateral approach to carry out objectives for the ConPlan and Annual Action Plans (AAPs). Currently, some stakeholders have expressed a desire for better collaboration, coordination, and transparency across departments and organizations. The primary gap in the delivery system, expressed by stakeholders, is a lack of funding to adequately increase programs. Goldsboro has assessed some services provided by non-profits and public institutions overlap and duplicate institutional delivery. Goldsboro will annual assess the strengths and gaps in the institutional delivery system of the CDBG and HOME programs.

Availability of services targeted to homeless persons and persons with HIV and mainstream services:

Homelessness Prevention Services	Available in the Community	Targeted to Homeless	Targeted to People with HIV
Hom	elessness Prevention Se	rvices	
Counseling/Advocacy	Х	Х	Х
Legal Assistance	Х	Х	Х
Mortgage Assistance	Х	Х	
Rental Assistance	Х	Х	Х
Utilities Assistance	Х		
	Street Outreach Service	s	
Law Enforcement	Х	Х	
Mobile Clinics	Х	Х	Х
Other Street Outreach Services	Х	Х	
	Supportive Services		
Alcohol & Drug Abuse	Х	Х	
Child Care	Х	Х	
Education	Х	Х	
Employment and Employment Training	Х	Х	
Healthcare	Х	Х	Х
HIV/AIDS	Х	Х	Х
Life Skills	Х	Х	
Mental Health Counseling	Х	Х	Х
Transportation	Х	Х	Х
Other: Transitional Housing	Х	Х	

Table - Homeless Prevention Services Summary

Describe the extent to which services targeted to homeless persons and persons with HIV and mainstream services, such as health, mental health and employment services are made available to and used by homeless persons (particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families and unaccompanied youth) and persons with HIV within the jurisdiction:

For homeless individuals and families in Goldsboro, Wayne Action Group Economic Solvency, Inc. (WAGES) offers a variety of services to meet the needs of the homeless in Goldsboro. Eastpointe, in collaboration with state and community partners, offers housing assistance based on individuals and families' needs through Transition the Community Living Initiative, Target Housing, and Shelter Plus Care programs. The local Salvation Army provides services (clothing vouchers, men's shelter, rapid rehousing, and emergency assistance to name a few) to homeless individuals and families through Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) and other funds to help transition into a stable living situation. Goldsboro also has the Four Day Movement, Inc. within the jurisdiction providing services to individuals and families who have fallen on difficult times and need a helping hand to avoid falling through the cracks and facing additional compounding obstacles.

Describe the strengths and gaps of the service delivery system for special needs population and persons experiencing homelessness, including, but not limited to, the services listed above:

The strength of the service delivery system is though the collaborative effort of some partnerships established with community based providers. As previously stated, Goldsboro has assessed that some services provided by non-profits and public institutions overlap and duplicate institutional delivery.

Provide a summary of the strategy for overcoming gaps in the institutional structure and service delivery system for carrying out a strategy to address priority needs:

Goldsboro will collaborate with non-profit organizations and public institutions through sub-recipients agreements to utilize CDBG and HOME funds to improve gaps of the service delivery systems for special needs population and homeless individuals and families. Goldsboro's strategy will demonstrate an emphasis on prevention and case management services, access to healthcare services, and housing options to name a few. In summary improving system integration to ensure access to mainstream resources remains a priority for Goldsboro.

Goals Summary Information

Cate	egory(s)			Geographic Area(s)		Need(s) Addressed
Affordable Housing				ne (Census Tract:37191001500)	Attainable Housing Development & Preservation	
Homeless				ne (Census Tract:37191001800)	Neighborhood S	5 1
Non-Homeless Specia	l Needs		Opportunity Zor	ne (Census Tract:37191001900)	Equity & Affirma	atively Furthering Fair Housing
Non-Housing Commu	inity Develop	oment	Goldsboro Cityw	vide (within LMI requirements)		
Start Year: 2020	End Year:	: 2024	Outcome:	Availability/Accessibility	Objective:	Provide decent affordable housing
Fu	Inding		Description:	Funds will be provided to take me	eaningful actions	to overcome significant disparities i
CDBG:	\$	10,000				g segregated living patterns with tru
HOME:	\$	0		•		g racially and ethnically concentrate
Other - Urgent Repair	·(URP): \$	0			rtunity, and foste	ring and maintaining compliance wit
Other - CDBG-CV:	\$	0		civil rights and fair housing laws.		
Total	\$	10,000				
		Goal Out	tcome Indicator(5)	Quantity	Unit of Measurement (UoM)
				•	5	
Public service activitie	s other than	Low/Moderate	e Income Housing	Benefit	200	Persons Assisted
Public service activitie	s other than			Benefit e Affordable Rental Housing		Persons Assisted
	s other than egory(s)		al 2: Increas	e Affordable Rental Housing Geographic Area(s)		Persons Assisted Need(s) Addressed
Cate			al 2: Increas	e Affordable Rental Housing	g Option Attainable Hous	Need(s) Addressed ing Development & Preservation
Cate Affordable Housing			al 2: Increase Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor	e Affordable Rental Housing Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800)	g Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood S	Need(s) Addressed ing Development & Preservation Stabilization
Cate Affordable Housing Homeless	egory(s)		al 2: Increase Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor	e Affordable Rental Housing Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900)	g Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood S	Need(s) Addressed ing Development & Preservation
Cate Affordable Housing Homeless	egory(s)		al 2: Increase Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor	e Affordable Rental Housing Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800)	g Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood S	Need(s) Addressed ing Development & Preservation Stabilization
Cate Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Specia	egory(s)	Go	al 2: Increase Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw	e Affordable Rental Housing Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900)	g Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood S Equity & Affirma	Need(s) Addressed ing Development & Preservation Stabilization
Cate Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Specia Start Year: 2020 Fu	egory(s) Il Needs	Go	al 2: Increase Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw	e Affordable Rental Housing Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) Affordability Funds will be used to leverage public	g Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood S Equity & Affirma Objective: F	Need(s) Addressed ing Development & Preservation Stabilization atively Furthering Fair Housing Provide decent affordable housing hips that produce new affordable rent
Cate Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Specia Start Year: 2020 Fu CDBG:	egory(s) al Needs End Years	Go : 2024 0	al 2: Increase Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw Outcome:	Affordable Rental Housing Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) Affordability Funds will be used to leverage public housing. This will allow for LMI hous	g Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood S Equity & Affirma Objective: F	Need(s) Addressed ing Development & Preservation Stabilization atively Furthering Fair Housing Provide decent affordable housing hips that produce new affordable rent
Cate Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Specia Start Year: 2020 Fu CDBG: HOME:	egory(s) al Needs End Year: Inding \$ \$	Go : 2024	al 2: Increase Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw Outcome:	e Affordable Rental Housing Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) Affordability Funds will be used to leverage public	g Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood S Equity & Affirma Objective: F	Need(s) Addressed ing Development & Preservation Stabilization atively Furthering Fair Housing Provide decent affordable housing hips that produce new affordable rent
Cate Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Specia Start Year: 2020 Fu CDBG: HOME: Other - Urgent Repair	egory(s) al Needs End Year: Inding \$ \$	Go : 2024 0	al 2: Increase Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw Outcome:	Affordable Rental Housing Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) Affordability Funds will be used to leverage public housing. This will allow for LMI hous	g Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood S Equity & Affirma Objective: F	Need(s) Addressed ing Development & Preservation Stabilization atively Furthering Fair Housing Provide decent affordable housing hips that produce new affordable rent
Cate Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Specia Start Year: 2020 Fu CDBG: HOME: Other - Urgent Repair	egory(s) al Needs End Year: Inding \$ \$	Go : 2024 0 1,254,040	al 2: Increase Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw Outcome:	Affordable Rental Housing Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) Affordability Funds will be used to leverage public housing. This will allow for LMI hous	g Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood S Equity & Affirma Objective: F	Need(s) Addressed ing Development & Preservation Stabilization atively Furthering Fair Housing Provide decent affordable housing hips that produce new affordable rent
Cate Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Specia Start Year: 2020 Fu CDBG: HOME: Other - Urgent Repair Other - CDBG-CV:	egory(s) al Needs End Year: Inding \$ \$	Go : 2024 0 1,254,040 0	al 2: Increase Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw Outcome:	Affordable Rental Housing Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) Affordability Funds will be used to leverage public housing. This will allow for LMI hous	g Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood S Equity & Affirma Objective: F	Need(s) Addressed ing Development & Preservation Stabilization atively Furthering Fair Housing Provide decent affordable housing
Cate Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Specia Start Year: 2020 Fu CDBG: HOME: Other - Urgent Repair Other - CDBG-CV:	egory(s) al Needs End Year: Inding \$ \$	Go : 2024 0 1,254,040 0 0 1,254,040	al 2: Increase Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw Outcome:	Affordable Rental Housing Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) Affordability Funds will be used to leverage public housing. This will allow for LMI hous for housing cost (including utilities).	g Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood S Equity & Affirma Objective: F	Need(s) Addressed ing Development & Preservation Stabilization atively Furthering Fair Housing Provide decent affordable housing hips that produce new affordable rent
Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Specia Start Year: 2020	egory(s) al Needs End Year: Inding \$ (URP): \$ \$ \$	Go : 2024 0 1,254,040 0 0 1,254,040	al 2: Increase Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw Outcome: Description:	Affordable Rental Housing Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) Affordability Funds will be used to leverage public housing. This will allow for LMI hous for housing cost (including utilities).	g Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood S Equity & Affirma Objective: F c-private partners seholds to pay no	Need(s) Addressed ing Development & Preservation Stabilization atively Furthering Fair Housing Provide decent affordable housing hips that produce new affordable rent more than 30 percent of their incom

Catego	ory(s)		(Geographic Area(s)		Need(s) Addressed
Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Special N			Opportunity Zon Opportunity Zon Opportunity Zon	ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) ride (within LMI requirements)	Neighborhood	using Development & Preservation I Stabilization natively Furthering Fair Housing
Start Year: 2020	End Year	: 2024	Outcome:	Affordability	Objective:	Provide decent affordable housing
Fund CDBG: HOME: Other - Urgent Repair (U Other – CDBG-CV: Total	\$ \$	30,600 748,714 0 0 779,314	_ Description:	lenders to increase homeownershi assistance along with housing cou and families with children who are Goldsboro will add new homeowne to nonprofit(s) designated as Con construction of new single-family the Goldsboro utilizing funds for pr	p opportunities to inseling services to currently housed ership housing by nmunity Housing housing within the roperties to be account	g costs of mortgage loans from privat hrough down payment and closing cost o LMI households (including individual but threatened with homelessness). one or both activities: 1) providing fund Development Organization (CHDO) for eir organization's target area(s) or 2) b quired, rehabilitated, or reconstructed for s for LMI households within Goldsboro
		Goal Ou	tcome Indicator(s		Quantity	Unit of Measurement (UoM)
Public service activities for Homeowner Housing Ad Homeowner Housing Re Direct Financial Assistance	ded habilitate	d	ne Housing Benefit		150 33 33 50	Households Assisted Households Housing Unit Household Housing Unit Households Assisted

Categ	gory(s)			Geographic Area(s)		Need(s) Addressed
Public Housing			Opportunity Zor	ne (Census Tract:37191001500)	Attainable Hous	sing Development & Preservation
Non-Homeless Special	Needs		Opportunity Zor	ne (Census Tract:37191001800)	Neighborhood	Stabilization
Non-Housing Commur	nity Develop	oment	Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001900) Goldsboro Citywide (within LMI requirements)		Non-Housing Community Development	
Start Year: 2020	End Year	: 2024	Outcome:	Sustainability	Objective:	Create suitable living environments
Fun	nding		Description:	Funds will be used to support the ne	eeds of Goldsbord	o's residential sustainability growth an
CDBG:	\$	816,633				leteriorated due to age of have becom
HOME:	\$	0				is anticipated that the costs for suc
Other - Urgent Repair ((URP): \$	0			new development	s and enhance existing residential uni
Other – CDBG-CV:	\$	0		and possibly nearby businesses.		
Total	\$	816,633				
		Goal Ou	tcome Indicator(s	5)	Quantity	Unit of Measurement (UoM)
Public Facility or Infrast	tructure Act	ivities other th	nan Low/Moderate	Income Housing Benefit	7,485	Persons Assisted
Public Facility or Infrast	tructure Act			Income Housing Benefit		Persons Assisted
	tructure Act		5: Provide Es			Persons Assisted Need(s) Addressed
Categ	gory(s)	Goal	5: Provide Es	sential Service & Employm		Need(s) Addressed
Categ	gory(s)	Goal	5: Provide Ese Opportunity Zor	sential Service & Employm Geographic Area(s)	ent Training Neighborhood	Need(s) Addressed
Categ	gory(s)	Goal	5: Provide Ess Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor	sential Service & Employme Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500)	ent Training Neighborhood	Need(s) Addressed Stabilization
Categ	gory(s)	Goal	5: Provide Est Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor	sential Service & Employme Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800)	ent Training Neighborhood	Need(s) Addressed Stabilization
Categ Other – Expansion of Ava	gory(s)	Goal Services	5: Provide Ess Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw	sential Service & Employme Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900)	ent Training Neighborhood S Non-Housing C	Need(s) Addressed Stabilization
Categ Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020	gory(s) ailable Publie	Goal Services	5: Provide Ess Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw	sential Service & Employme Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) Availability/Accessibility Funds will be used to provide and e	ent Training Neighborhood S Non-Housing C Objective: expand upon esse	Need(s) Addressed Stabilization ommunity Development Create economic opportunities ntial services and employment trainir
Categ Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020 Fun	gory(s) ailable Public End Year	Goal Services	5: Provide Ess Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw Outcome:	sential Service & Employme Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) Availability/Accessibility Funds will be used to provide and e to LMI individuals and families and	ent Training Neighborhood S Non-Housing C Objective: expand upon esse	Need(s) Addressed Stabilization ommunity Development Create economic opportunities
Categ Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020 Fun CDBG:	gory(s) ailable Public End Year	Goal s	5: Provide Ess Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw Outcome:	sential Service & Employme Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) Availability/Accessibility Funds will be used to provide and e	ent Training Neighborhood S Non-Housing C Objective: expand upon esse	Need(s) Addressed Stabilization ommunity Development Create economic opportunities ntial services and employment trainir
Categ Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020 Fun CDBG: HOME:	gory(s) ailable Public End Year nding \$ \$	Goal : c Services : 2024 170,000	5: Provide Ess Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw Outcome:	sential Service & Employme Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) Availability/Accessibility Funds will be used to provide and e to LMI individuals and families and	ent Training Neighborhood S Non-Housing C Objective: expand upon esse	Need(s) Addressed Stabilization ommunity Development Create economic opportunities ntial services and employment trainir
Categ Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020 Fun CDBG: HOME: Other - Urgent Repair (gory(s) ailable Public End Year nding \$ \$	Goal 4 c Services : 2024 170,000 0	5: Provide Ess Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw Outcome:	sential Service & Employme Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) Availability/Accessibility Funds will be used to provide and e to LMI individuals and families and	ent Training Neighborhood S Non-Housing C Objective: expand upon esse	Need(s) Addressed Stabilization ommunity Development Create economic opportunities ntial services and employment trainir
Categ Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020 Fun CDBG: HOME: Other - Urgent Repair (Other - CDBG-CV:	gory(s) ailable Public End Year nding \$ \$	Goal 4 c Services : 2024 170,000 0 0	5: Provide Ess Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw Outcome:	sential Service & Employme Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) Availability/Accessibility Funds will be used to provide and e to LMI individuals and families and	ent Training Neighborhood S Non-Housing C Objective: expand upon esse	Need(s) Addressed Stabilization ommunity Development Create economic opportunities ntial services and employment trainir
Categ Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020	gory(s) ailable Public End Year nding \$ \$	Goal 4 c Services : 2024 170,000 0 0 165,246 335,246	5: Provide Ess Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Opportunity Zor Goldsboro Cityw Outcome:	sential Service & Employme Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) Availability/Accessibility Funds will be used to provide and e to LMI individuals and families and services cap as regulated by HUD.	ent Training Neighborhood S Non-Housing C Objective: expand upon esse	Need(s) Addressed Stabilization ommunity Development Create economic opportunities ntial services and employment trainir

Category(s)	Geographic Area(s)		Need(s) Addressed
Affordable Housing Other – Reduce Slum & Blight	Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001500) Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001800) Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001900) Goldsboro Citywide (within LMI requirements)	Attainable Ho Neighborhood	using Development & Preservation
Start Year: 2020 End Year: 2024	Outcome: Sustainability	Objective:	Create suitable living environments
Funding	Description: Funds will be provided for own	er-occupied housin	g rehabilitation for LMI households and
CDBG: \$ 535,306 HOME: \$ 0 Other - Urgent Repair (URP): \$ 500,000 Other - CDBG-CV: \$ 0 Total \$ 1,035,30	or reconstruct housing units to populations. While reducing slu populations within a physical en	ensure affordability um & blight to ber	ed for Goldsboro to acquire, rehabilitate / for LMI households and special need nefit LMI households and special need riorating area.
Goal	Dutcome Indicator(s)	Quantity	Unit of Measurement (UoM)
Homeowner Housing Added Homeowner Housing Rehabilitated Building Demolished Goal 7	Program Admin to Support ConPlan 8	33 93 15 & AAPs Objecti	Households Housing Unit Households Housing Unit Buildings
Category(s)	Geographic Area(s)		Need(s) Addressed
Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Special Needs Non-Housing Community Development Other – Program Planning & Administration	Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001500) Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001800) Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001900) Goldsboro Citywide (within LMI requirements)	Neighborhood Non-Housing	using Development & Preservation I Stabilization Community Development natively Furthering Fair Housing
Start Year: 2020 End Year: 2024	Outcome: Sustainability	Objective:	Create suitable living environments
Funding CDBG: \$ 341,703 HOME: \$ 111,494		ives, not to exceed	administration to support this five-yea the 20% CDBG, 20% CDBG-CV, and 10
Other - Urgent Repair (URP): 0 Other - CDBG-CV: \$ 41,308 Total \$ 494,505			

Estimate the number of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income families to whom the jurisdiction will provide affordable housing as defined by HOME 91.315(b)(2)

Goldsboro estimates (100) - extremely low-income, (120) - low-income, and (52) - moderate-income families will be provided affordable housing through rental housing and homeownership over this five-year cycle ConPlan.

For informational purpose, this entire section **SP-45 Goals - 91.215(a)(4)** summarizes Goldsboro's priorities and the specific goals it intends to initiate and/or complete within the term of the Strategic Plan as part of the ConPlan and AAPs. Each goal describes Goldsboro's Goal Outcome Indicators in quantitative terms and the plan explicitly expresses Goldsboro's intent with formula grant funds in the context of its larger strategy.

SP-50 Public Housing Accessibility and Involvement - 91.215(c)

Need to Increase the Number of Accessible Units (if Required by a Section 504 Voluntary Compliance Agreement):

Not applicable to Goldsboro's local Public Housing Authorities (PHAs). Both PHAs have the required percentage of dwelling units accessible for persons with mobility, hearing, or visual disabilities. It should be noted that both PHAs are independently owned and managed – Goldsboro does hold the responsibility to appoint board members to the governing board for the Housing Authority of the City of Goldsboro (HACG). Eastern Carolina Regional Housing Authority governing board appointments are made by the County of Wayne.

Activities to Increase Resident Involvement:

HACG's Resident Advisory Boards (RABs) are actively engaged in developing the PHA's plans to address residents' needs. The RABs for each developments brings their inputs to the HACG Management for implementation of programs, services, and initiatives necessary for residents' self-sufficiency and engagement. The Housing Authority of the City of the Goldsboro Resident Services Department works in conjunction with the ROSS program to provide residents with the tools needed to become self-sufficient. Resident Services works to promote self-sufficiency by creating positive relationships between the residents of the Goldsboro Housing Authority and local community resources by associating family-fun activities with educational opportunities. Community partners offer programs and services on and off-site to help residents develop skills that will prepare them for economic independence. Services are available through referrals for any resident living in any Goldsboro Housing Authority housing development. Those services range from job training, health, and financial literacy, youth and adult education to homeownership.

Is the public housing agency designated as troubled under 24 CFR part 902?

No

Plan to remove the troubled designation:

Not applicable to Goldsboro's local public housing authorities.

SP-55 Strategic Plan Barriers to Affordable Housing - 91.215(h)

Barriers to Affordable Housing:

The greatest challenge to affordable residential development continues to be neighborhood resistance. Many neighborhoods have used growth — and perceived or real increases in traffic congestion — to effectively fight rezoning requests that would add density to areas of Goldsboro. In addition, many renters do not have down payments or credit histories needed to purchase homes. Rental housing is very limited in Goldsboro, and the housing that exists is generally in poor condition and sometimes not code compliant (particularly rental housing). Goldsboro ConPlan and AAPs are intended to address affordable housing needs in Goldsboro based on the findings from both quantitative research (Housing Market Analysis) and qualitative research (public meetings, resident and stakeholder surveys). Through the objectives within this five-year ConPlan, preceding AAPs, and the final draft of Goldsboro Analysis of Impediments (AI) currently under development, Goldsboro hopes to better balance neighborhood concerns with growth demands in the future.

Strategy to Remove or Ameliorate the Barriers to Affordable Housing:

Goldsboro's four core goals that will be in addition to any strategies recommended by the final AI in partnership with other local agencies and organizations will both implement and support programs that help eliminate and mitigate the barriers to affordable housing. These core goals are as follows:

- 1. Create affordable housing in vulnerable areas and in areas of opportunity.
 - By emphasizing a focus on residents rather than just the production of housing units, Goldsboro and its partners will prioritize specific neighborhood conditions, including areas vulnerable to displacement and neighborhoods that provide access to opportunity, when creating new affordable housing. The strategies under this goal include investing in land acquisition for future housing development and promoting development of mixed-income communities.
- 2. Preserve affordability and housing quality.
 - Preservation is a core component of Goldsboro's comprehensive housing strategy. Goldsboro will focus
 on preserving existing affordable housing, both homeownership and rental, in vulnerable
 neighborhoods and areas of higher opportunity. The strategies under this goal include investing to
 maintain affordability in non-subsidized housing to preserve or continue affordability of existing
 housing units.
- 3. Promote equitable and accessible housing options.
 - Goldsboro seeks to align cross-cutting citywide actions and policies to support equitable and accessible housing options for Goldsboro residents along the housing continuum. Actions or policy decisions under this goal will enable housing strategies more broadly through community engagement, formal legislative or regulatory action, new and creative finance mechanisms, or programs that help residents access existing housing.
- 4. Stabilize residents at risk of involuntary displacement (support diverse and inclusive communities).
 - Policies or investments under this goal are aimed at helping to stabilize residents and support diverse, inclusive communities.

Goldsboro intends to explore additional partnerships — including partnerships with mission-driven and private developers — to bring more workforce housing into designated opportunity zones and underutilized land parcels. Finally, Goldsboro will partner with local service providers to provide down payment assistance to help renter households become homeowners; this was a priority of residents who participated in the survey for this Plan.

SP-60 Homelessness Strategy - 91.215(d)

Describe how the jurisdiction's strategic plan goals contribute to:

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs.

Goldsboro is within the North Carolina Balance of State (BoS) Continuum of Care (CoC) Neuse Regional Committee that coordinates local homelessness work and planning for counties such as: Duplin, Greene, Lenoir, Sampson, Wayne (Goldsboro), and Wilson. The Regional Lead is Eastpointe, which in collaboration with state and community partners, offers housing assistance based on individuals and families' needs through Transition the Community Living Initiative, Target Housing, and Shelter Plus Care programs. The local Salvation Army provides services (clothing vouchers, men's shelter, rapid rehousing, and emergency assistance to name a few) to homeless individuals and families through Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) and other funds to help transition into a stable living situation. For unsheltered homeless individuals and families in Goldsboro, Wayne Action Group Economic Solvency, Inc. (WAGES) offers a variety of services to meet the needs of the homeless in Goldsboro (i.e., providing temporary emergency housing). Goldsboro has also strived to provide information on and connection to the Neuse Regional Committee Lead Agency for local community workers and organization with particular interest in and involvement with homeless population. In addition, Goldsboro representatives are frequently involved in discussions, presentations, and meetings with citizens, other governmental officials, and local service providers to either provide support, understanding, and/or outreach to the homeless in Goldsboro.

Assessing individuals' needs is done by: individuals making contact with agencies designated as entry points where the initial screening is done. During the screening process, it is determined whether individual can be redirected or if they need homeless service. A list of community agencies are kept on hand at the screening agencies to refer individual to the correct service group to address their needs. If a referral to another agency is needed during the screening process, contact will be made by the referring agency to the agency the individual is being referred to in order to give them some background information and to confirm that the agency that they are being referred to will be able to assist the individual.

Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons.

Goldsboro is regularly in contact with case management and support service organizations like Salvation Army, WAGES, Eastpointe, Wayne Action Teams for Community Health (WATCH), Wayne Uplift Resource Association (WURA), and Fordham Home to assess and address the emergency and transitional housing needs of homeless persons where Goldsboro can be of assistance. Goldsboro is exploring opportunities to construct or reconstruct a building to house a shelter for women and children that would provide emergency shelter and transitional housing. In the previous five-year ConPlan, Goldsboro provided funding through CDBG program for emergency shelter and transitional housing to WAGES, WURA, and WATCH to name a few.

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again.

Goldsboro will continue to partner and support the efforts of the BoS CoC Neuse Regional Committee to help homeless persons make the transition to permanent housing and self-sustainability. Through the HOME program, Goldsboro will work with case managements and service providers to help provide down payment and closing cost assistance to help them purchase housing units. In addition, Goldsboro will provide funds through the CDBG program to Wayne Community College to provide employment training to homeless persons along with other LMI residents to ensure self-sustainability for permanent housing. Goldsboro will also provide funds through the CDBG program to WATCH for essential healthcare service to homeless persons along with other LMI residents. It is proven that self-sustainability and positive economic health is contingent on a person's good physical healthcare. Goldsboro will prioritize funds or resources towards programs that further prevent individuals and families becoming homeless again. It should be noted that Goldsboro will not differentiate between already homeless and those individuals and families who are on the brink of becoming homeless. Goldsboro will provide resources or funding to assist both types of cases to aid in the effort break down the barriers to affordable housing.

Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families and those who are: being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); or, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health social services, employment, education, or youth needs.

Goldsboro understands there are different homeless populations identified in this question and the level of services need; therefore, Goldsboro will continue to utilize the BoS CoC Neuse Regional Committee and other service providers to identification and assessment, as Goldsboro work with partners to meet those needs. County of Wayne Department of Social Services runs the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program, called Work First (WF), is based on the premise that parents have a responsibility to support themselves and their children. Work First provides parents with short-term training and other services to help them become employed and move toward self-sufficiency. Families in which grandparents and relatives are caring for their relative children and legal guardians can receive services and support that prevent children from unnecessarily entering the foster care system.

One of Goldsboro's community agencies, Mephibosheth Project Inc. - The Mission Is Possible (MPI) offers a Re-Entry program to direct resources toward individuals being released from the justice system who are returning to Goldsboro. The program provides vital resources to reduce the ever-growing rate of recidivism by providing a strong and stable support system that will help to redirect returning citizens toward a path of purpose and productivity. The program connects this population with Trade Skills, Job Preparation Skills, Resume Writing, and Interviewing Skills while simultaneously providing a Faith-Based Curriculum supported by a nationally recognized form of Cognitive Behavioral Intervention (CBI) known as Moral Reconation Therapy (MRT).

SP-65 Lead-based Paint Hazards - 91.215(i)

Actions to address LBP hazards and increase access to housing without LBP hazards:

The reduction activity required depends on the nature of the activity funded and the amount of Federal funding. Reduction methods described include paint stabilization, interim controls, standard treatments, and abatement. As required by HUD, any residential property built before 1978 receiving federal funds from CDBG and HOME programs are to be tested for lead-based paint and any lead hazards discovered are to be removed. Currently, Goldsboro includes lead-based paint mitigation measures in all rehabilitation programs and, if needed, will identify and apply for additional funding resources to finance this mitigation. Contractors are required to be trained and certified to supervise removal of lead hazards in order to comply with HUD regulations. Over the course of the ConPlan, Goldsboro will maintain information on lead-based paint hazards in order to (1) educate the public, (2) gauge the prevalence of lead paint contamination, and (3) start to address the issue within Goldsboro. Goldsboro will utilize the following strategies to address lead-based paint hazards and increase access to housing without lead-based paint hazards through its CHDO activity, housing rehabilitation, and homeownership of lead-free home programs. Additionally, Goldsboro will continue to support the Wayne County Environmental Health Department that screens residents for elevated blood lead levels (EBL) and inspects housing units for lead-based paint hazards.

How are the actions listed above related to the extent of lead poisoning and hazards?:

As to how it relates to the listed above actions to the extent of lead poisoning and hazards — Goldsboro has a vast number of older housing units built before 1978 that may potentially have lead-based paint hazards. Residing within these older housing units are typically childbearing aged women, large families with five or more children, elderly who may care for children in their family, and individuals with underlying health issues. These populations are generally at greatest risk for lead poisoning that can cause profound and permanent adverse health effects, particularly affecting the development of the brain and nervous system. Lead also causes long-term harm in adults, including increased risk of high blood pressure and kidney damage. Exposure of pregnant women to high levels of lead can cause miscarriage, stillbirth, premature birth and low birth weight.

How are the actions listed above integrated into housing policies and procedures?:

Goldsboro retains the services of a construction and rehabilitation consultant who reviews descriptions of work, construction bids, and conducts physical inspections for project undergoing rehabilitation. In all rehabilitation projects undertaken by Goldsboro, the actions listed above identify at-risk populations, such as children and aged housing stock in order to identify, assess, and prevent lead poisoning and hazards. The program specialist oversees and monitors lead-based paint compliance for all rehabilitation projects. When lead-based paint might be present and, if so, they follow the guidelines set forth in the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992, Title X of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992 (Title 24, Part 35 of the Code of Federal Regulations).

SP-70 Anti-Poverty Strategy - 91.215(j)

Jurisdiction Goals, Programs, and Policies for reducing the number of poverty-level families:

Goldsboro's Anti-Poverty Strategy is meant to be a comprehensive and multi-agency approach in the areas of housing, essential services, employment training, and healthcare to name a few. Goldsboro will provide funds through the CDBG program to Wayne Community College to provide employment training to reduce the number of poverty-level families. In addition, funds will be provided through the CDBG program to WATCH for essential healthcare service to LMI populations stricken with poverty. It is proven that self-sustainability and positive economics within a community is contingent on a person's healthiness and employability. Funding will be prioritized to collaborate with organization and public institutions to reduce the number of poverty-level families.

Goldsboro has a deep-rooted community of non-profit organizations and public institutions that provide resources and services to address housing and community development needs citywide — many whom Goldsboro funds as sub-recipients through CDBG and HOME as a multilateral approach to carry out objectives (more specifically the Anti-Poverty Strategy) for the ConPlan and Annual Action Plans (AAPs).

How are the Jurisdiction poverty reducing goals, programs, and policies coordinated with this affordable housing plan:

To increase opportunities of suitable living options among individuals and families living within impoverished conditions. Goldsboro will fund through CDBG activities and programs that provide employment training, essential services, affordable housing, and accessible-adequate healthcare services to a new. In addition, funding will be provided through HOME for CHDO and Rental Housing Development activities that will allow for LMI households to pay no more than 30 percent of their income for housing cost (including utilities) — thereby, reducing the number of persons and families living in poverty.

SP-80 Monitoring - 91.230

Describe the standards and procedures that the jurisdiction will use to monitor activities carried out in furtherance of the plan and will use to ensure long-term compliance with requirements of the programs involved, including minority business outreach and the comprehensive planning requirements

Each sub-recipient that receives CDBG and HOME funding will be monitored a minimum of once annually during the Program Year for the project. However, based on risk assessments of the sub-recipients at the time of application, the sub-recipient may be subjected to additional monitoring visits during the Program Year that the sub-recipient receives program funding.

Program staff will conduct the monitoring of the actual projects and applicants. Monitoring will be conducted for both a Programmatic and Financial perspective for all aspects of the CDBG and HOME Programs. Monitoring will cover all areas the CDBG and HOME Programs (where applicable) in accordance with 24 CFR Part 570, et. Seq.; the applicable Uniform Administrative Requirements in accordance with 24 CFR 84 or 85, et. Seq.; and the applicable OMB Circulars for Non-Profits, Local and State Governments, and Institutions of Higher Education. Monitoring reviews, once completed, will identify both Findings and Concerns and will be presented, in writing, to the applicants within 30 calendar days of completion of the monitoring visit. Applicants will be expected to reply to and resolve all monitoring Findings and Concerns. Some findings and/or concerns, based on their nature (i.e. previous occurrences that cannot be corrected) cannot be resolved, but only acknowledged and procedures to prevent their reoccurrence in the future. Each organization contracted to perform or deliver CDBG and HOME funded programs, projects, or services will be held accountable for all the terms of each contract or sub-recipient agreement entered into. Each agreement is different depending on the nature of the project, and the standards for monitoring are defined in these agreements.

Monitoring Objective:

Primary - To ensure that sub-recipients are:

- Complying with all applicable federal requirements
- Complying with administrative and financial management standards
- Performing and delivering services in a timely manner

Secondary - To identify any potential areas of non-compliance and offer technical assistance.

Monitoring Procedure:

- In-house reviews of sub-recipient materials and regulations review
- Pre-monitoring visits with sub-recipient
- Conduct visit as follow:
 - 1. Notify of date, scope, focus of review
 - 2. Hold entrance conference with chief official
 - 3. Document, gather and analyze
 - 4. Hold exit conference to report results, hear reaction and form conclusions
 - 5. Follow-up with letter of results to include findings and/ or concerns

On-Site Visits

Staff performs on-site monitoring reviews at least annually, depending on the need assessment. Programs operations are observed, sub-recipient staff interviewed, client eligibility confirmed, and financial and programmatic reports verified from original documentation.

Long-Term Compliance

Activities involving real property acquisition or improvement require long-term compliance with the original purpose of the federal assistance. Goldsboro Community Relations Department maintains a CDBG Real Property Inventory that is updated annually and confirms that such property is still being used for the intended purpose. Goldsboro Community Relations Department will review HOME-assisted rental units, to ensure compliance with Housing Quality Standards, tenant eligibility, and rent charges.

Rental Housing Monitoring

Monitoring shall be conducted in accordance with the guidelines as set under the HOME Rental Program Activities. Staff will review annual Project Compliance Reports and perform regular on-site visits throughout the affordability period to ensure continued compliance with:

- Rent and occupancy requirements
- Property standards
- Other Federal requirements (e.g. fair housing, lead-based paint, and affirmative marketing)

Annual Action Plan (FY20-21)

AP-15 Expected Resources - 91.220(c)(1,2)

Introduction:

Goldsboro will support housing and non-housing community development projects and activities within the ConPlan through HUD entitlement funds from CDBG and HOME, funding granted by North Carolina Housing Finance Agency (NCHFA), pursing competitive grants, and other resources available. Goldsboro's strategy this ConPlan cycle will be to leverage even more through public-partnerships and resources and to reinvest program income in higher potential projects and activities for LMI individuals and families. In FY20-21 Goldsboro will be allocated funding in response to Coronavirus (COVID-19) under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act). This will be a new grant program Community Development Block Grant – Coronavirus (CDBG-CV) to fund programs and activities to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the spread of COVID-19.

Source of Funds	Source	Used of Funds	Expected Amount Ava FY20-21	ailable	Expected Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan	Narrative Description
CDBG	Public- federal	Acquisition Admin and Planning Economic Development Housing Public Improvements Public Services	Annual Allocation: \$ Program Income: \$ Prior Year Resources: \$ Total: \$	351,137 3,120 180,123 534,380	\$1,369,863	The Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Entitlement Program provides annual grants on a formula basis to entitled cities and counties to develop viable urban communities by providing decent housing and a suitable living environment, and by expanding economic opportunities, principally for low- and moderate-income persons. The program is authorized under Title 1 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, Public Law 93-383, as amended; 42 U.S.C5301 et seq. HUD awards grants to entitlement community grantees to carry out a wide range of community development activities directed towards revitalizing neighborhoods, economic development, and providing improved community facilities and services. Entitlement communities develop their own programs and funding priorities.

Source of Funds	Source	Used of Funds	Expected Amount Availa 1	ble Year	Expected Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan	Narrative Description
HOME	Public- federal	Acquisition Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership TBRA	Annual Allocation: \$ Program Income: \$ Prior Year Resources: \$ Total: \$	237,076 4,048 525,028 766,152	\$1,348,095	The HOME Investment Partnership (HOME) Program was created by the National Affordable Housing Act of 1990 to create local partnerships for providing decent affordable housing to lower-to-moderate income households. The HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) provides formula grants to states and localities that communities use - often in partnership with local nonprofit groups - to fund a wide range of activities including building, buying, and/or rehabilitating affordable housing for rent or homeownership or providing direct rental assistance to low-income people. It is the largest Federal block grant to state and local governments designed exclusively to create affordable housing for low-income households.
Other: CDBG- CV	Public- federal	Emergency Assistance Homelessness Economic Disruption Rental Assistance Other Issues Related to Coronavirus	\$	206,554	\$0	The CDBG-CV funds allocated under Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) may be used under 24 CFR Parts 570.201- 570.206, that prevent, prepare for, and respond the spread of COVID-19.
Other: Urgent Repair (URP)	Public- state	Homeowner rehab Other: Urgent repairs/replacements	\$	100,000	\$400,000	NCHFA makes Urgent Repair Program funds available to qualified organizations during each funding cycle to finance emergency home repairs and modifications for low-income homeowners with special needs. Nonprofit organizations, local governments and regional councils of governments can use the funds to provide deferred, forgiven loans of up to \$10,000 to qualified homeowners for emergency repairs. These funds granted by NCHFA are funded through the North Carolina Housing Trust Fund.

Table – Expected Resources – Priority Table

Explain how federal funds will leverage those additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements will be satisfied:

As previously stated, Goldsboro's strategy this ConPlan cycle will be to leverage even more through publicpartnerships and resources and to reinvest program income in higher potential projects and activities for LMI individuals and families. Goldsboro's HUD entitlement funds from CDBG and HOME leveraging will be established by funds from a number of non-federal sources, including state and local government, private lending institutions, private and non-profit investments, and other programs. HOME further requires that Participating Jurisdictions (PJs) match 25 cents of every dollar in program funds to mobilizes community resources in support of affordable housing.

Historically, Goldsboro has requested and has been granted a reduction of the HOME matching contribution requirement under one of three conditions: 1) fiscal distress; 2) severe fiscal distress; or 3) for Presidentially-declared major disasters covered under the Stafford Act. Nevertheless, in the event Goldsboro is not granted a reduction of the matching contribution required by HUD. Local appropriation and other allowable non-federal sources will be utilized within the Community Relations Departmental Budget to meet matching requirements.

If appropriate, describe publicly owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that may be used to address the needs identified in the plan:

Goldsboro consistently evaluates publicly owned lands or properties that could be used to address housing and community development needs in the Goldsboro. As such, when buildable lots become available and are determined to be a viable option, Goldsboro will purse public-private partnerships to develop or redevelop affordable housing units. In addition, Goldsboro will strategically acquire land and/or property as publicly owned for either owner-occupied, lease-purchase, or rental property.

Discussion:

Goldsboro has no further discussion to provide.

AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives - 91.220(c)(3)&(e)

Table - Goals Summary Information

			oal 1: Affirm			
Cate	egory(s)			Geographic Area(s)		Need(s) Addressed
Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Specia Non-Housing Commu		oment	Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo	ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements)	Neighborhood	sing Development & Preservation Stabilization atively Furthering Fair Housing
Start Year: 2020	End Year	: 2024	Outcome	: Availability/Accessibility	Objective:	Provide decent affordable housing
Fu	Inding		Description:	Funds will be provided to taking	meaningful actions	s to overcome significant disparities
CDBG: HOME: Other - Urgent Repair Other - CDBG-CV: Total	\$ \$ r (URP): \$ \$ \$	2,000 0 0 0 2,000		integrated and balanced living pa	atterns, transformir	ng segregated living patterns with trung racially and ethnically concentrate ering and maintaining compliance wi
		Goal Or	utcome Indicator(c)	Quantity	Unit of Measurement (UoM)
				5)		
Public service activitie	es other than			•	40	Persons Assisted
		Low/Modera	te Income Housing	Benefit e Affordable Rental Housin	40	Persons Assisted
Cate Affordable Housing Homeless	egory(s)	Low/Modera	te Income Housing Dal 2: Increas Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo	g Benefit	40 ng Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood	Persons Assisted Need(s) Addressed sing Development & Preservation
Cate Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Specia	egory(s)	Low/Modera	te Income Housing Dal 2: Increas Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Goldsboro Cityv	Benefit e Affordable Rental Housin Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900)	40 ng Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood Equity & Affirm	Persons Assisted Need(s) Addressed sing Development & Preservation Stabilization
Cate Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Specia Start Year: 2020	egory(s) al Needs	Low/Modera	te Income Housing Dal 2: Increas Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Goldsboro Cityv	Benefit e Affordable Rental Housin Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) : Affordability	40 ng Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood Equity & Affirm Objective:	Persons Assisted Need(s) Addressed sing Development & Preservation Stabilization atively Furthering Fair Housing
Cate Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Specia Start Year: 2020 Fu CDBG: HOME: Other - Urgent Repair Other - CDBG-CV:	egory(s) al Needs End Year Inding \$ \$	Low/Modera	te Income Housing Dal 2: Increas Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Goldsboro Cityw Outcome:	Benefit e Affordable Rental Housin Geographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) vide (within LMI requirements) : Affordability Funds will be used to leverage publi	40 ng Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood Equity & Affirm Objective: ic-private partnersh useholds to pay no	Persons Assisted Need(s) Addressed sing Development & Preservation Stabilization atively Furthering Fair Housing Provide decent affordable housing
Cate Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Specia Start Year: 2020	egory(s) al Needs End Year Inding \$ \$ (URP): \$ \$	Low/Modera Ge 2024 0 525,028 0 0 525,028	te Income Housing Dal 2: Increas Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Goldsboro Cityw Outcome:	Benefit Ceographic Area(s) ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) wide (within LMI requirements) : Affordability Funds will be used to leverage public housing. This will allow for LMI hous for housing cost (including utilities)	40 ng Option Attainable Hous Neighborhood Equity & Affirm Objective: ic-private partnersh useholds to pay no	Persons Assisted Need(s) Addressed sing Development & Preservation Stabilization atively Furthering Fair Housing Provide decent affordable housing nips that produces new affordable rent

Cate	egory(s)			Geographic Area(s)		Need(s) Addressed
Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Specia	al Needs		Opportunity Zon Opportunity Zon	ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) ride (within LMI requirements)	Neighborhood S	ing Development & Preservation Stabilization atively Furthering Fair Housing
Start Year: 2020	End Year	: 2024	Outcome:	Affordability	Objective:	Provide decent affordable housing
CDBG: HOME: Other - Urgent Repair Other – CDBG-CV: Total	unding \$ \$ r (URP): \$ \$ \$	6,120 217,416 0 0 223,536	_ Description:	lenders to increase homeownership assistance along with housing cour and families with children who are of Goldsboro will add new homeowne to nonprofit(s) designated as Com construction of new single-family h the Goldsboro utilizing funds for pro-	o opportunities the nseling services to currently housed b rship housing by o munity Housing E nousing within the operties to be acqu	costs of mortgage loans from privat rough down payment and closing cost LMI households (including individua ut threatened with homelessness). ne or both activities: 1) providing func Development Organization (CHDO) for ir organization's target area(s) or 2) b uired, rehabilitated, or reconstructed for for LMI households within Goldsboro
		Goal Ou	tcome Indicator(s)	Quantity	Unit of Measurement (UoM)
Public service activitie Homeowner Housing Homeowner Housing Direct Financial Assist	Added Rehabilitate	d	ne Housing Benefit		30 6 4 10	Households Assisted Households Housing Unit Household Housing Unit Households Assisted

		Goal 4	: Improve-Ex	cpand Public Facilities Acce	ss & Capacity		
Cate	gory(s)			Geographic Area(s)		Need(s) Addressed	
Public Housing				one (Census Tract:37191001500)	Attainable Hous	sing Development & Preservation	
Non-Homeless Special	Needs			one (Census Tract:37191001800)	Neighborhood	Stabilization	
Non-Housing Commur	nity Develop	oment		one (Census Tract:37191001900) wide (within LMI requirements)	Non-Housing Community Development		
Start Year: 2020	End Year	: 2024	Outcome	: Sustainability	Objective:	Create suitable living environments	
Fun	nding		Description:			o's residential sustainability growth and	
CDBG:	\$	340,123				have deteriorated due to age of hav	
HOME:	\$	0				oups. It is anticipated that the costs for	
Other - Urgent Repair ((URP): \$	0			•	pments and enhance existing residenti	
Other – CDBG-CV:	\$	0		units and possibly nearby businesse	es.		
Total	\$	340,123				-	
		Goal Ou	tcome Indicator	(s)	Quantity	Unit of Measurement (UoM)	
Public Facility or Infrast	tructure Act	tivities other th	nan Low/Moderat	e Income Housing Benefit	1,497	Persons Assisted	
Cata		Goal	5: Provide Es	ssential Service & Employm	ent Training		
	gory(s)			Geographic Area(s)		Need(s) Addressed	
			Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo		Neighborhood		
Categ Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020		c Services	Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Goldsboro City	Geographic Area(s) one (Census Tract:37191001500) one (Census Tract:37191001800) one (Census Tract:37191001900)	Neighborhood Non-Housing C	Stabilization	
Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020	ailable Publi	c Services	Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Goldsboro City	Geographic Area(s) one (Census Tract:37191001500) one (Census Tract:37191001800) one (Census Tract:37191001900) wide (within LMI requirements) : Availability/Accessibility	Neighborhood Non-Housing C Objective:	Stabilization Community Development	
Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020 Fur	ailable Publi End Year	c Services	Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Goldsboro City Outcome	Geographic Area(s) one (Census Tract:37191001500) one (Census Tract:37191001800) one (Census Tract:37191001900) wide (within LMI requirements) : Availability/Accessibility Funds will be used to provide and to LMI individuals and families and	Neighborhood Non-Housing C Objective: expand upon esse	Stabilization Community Development Create economic opportunities	
Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020 Fur CDBG:	ailable Publi End Year	c Services : 2024	Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Goldsboro City Outcome	Geographic Area(s) one (Census Tract:37191001500) one (Census Tract:37191001800) one (Census Tract:37191001900) wide (within LMI requirements) : Availability/Accessibility Funds will be used to provide and	Neighborhood Non-Housing C Objective: expand upon esse	Stabilization Community Development Create economic opportunities ential services and employment trainir	
Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020 Fur CDBG: HOME:	End Year	c Services : 2024 30,000	Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Goldsboro City Outcome	Geographic Area(s) one (Census Tract:37191001500) one (Census Tract:37191001800) one (Census Tract:37191001900) wide (within LMI requirements) : Availability/Accessibility Funds will be used to provide and to LMI individuals and families and	Neighborhood Non-Housing C Objective: expand upon esse	Stabilization Community Development Create economic opportunities ential services and employment trainir	
Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020	End Year	c Services : 2024 30,000 0	Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Goldsboro City Outcome	Geographic Area(s) one (Census Tract:37191001500) one (Census Tract:37191001800) one (Census Tract:37191001900) wide (within LMI requirements) : Availability/Accessibility Funds will be used to provide and to LMI individuals and families and	Neighborhood Non-Housing C Objective: expand upon esse	Stabilization Community Development Create economic opportunities ential services and employment trainir	
Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020 Fur CDBG: HOME: Other - Urgent Repair (Other - CDBG-CV:	End Year	c Services : 2024 30,000 0 0	Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Goldsboro City Outcome	Geographic Area(s) one (Census Tract:37191001500) one (Census Tract:37191001800) one (Census Tract:37191001900) wide (within LMI requirements) : Availability/Accessibility Funds will be used to provide and to LMI individuals and families and	Neighborhood Non-Housing C Objective: expand upon esse	Stabilization Community Development Create economic opportunities ential services and employment trainin	
Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020 Fur CDBG: HOME: Other - Urgent Repair (Other - CDBG-CV:	End Year	c Services : 2024 30,000 0 165,246 195,246	Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Goldsboro City Outcome	Geographic Area(s) one (Census Tract:37191001500) one (Census Tract:37191001800) one (Census Tract:37191001900) wide (within LMI requirements) : Availability/Accessibility Funds will be used to provide and to LMI individuals and families and services cap as regulated by HUD.	Neighborhood Non-Housing C Objective: expand upon esse	Stabilization Community Development Create economic opportunities ential services and employment trainir	
Other – Expansion of Ava Start Year: 2020 Fur CDBG: HOME: Other - Urgent Repair (End Year nding (URP): \$ \$ \$	c Services 2024 30,000 0 165,246 195,246 Goal Ou	Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Opportunity Zo Goldsboro City Outcome Description:	Geographic Area(s) one (Census Tract:37191001500) one (Census Tract:37191001800) one (Census Tract:37191001900) wide (within LMI requirements) : Availability/Accessibility Funds will be used to provide and to LMI individuals and families and services cap as regulated by HUD. (s)	Neighborhood Non-Housing C Objective: expand upon esse special needs pop	Stabilization Community Development Create economic opportunities ential services and employment trainir pulations, not to exceed the 15% pub	

			bilitation Owner-Occupied	-	
Category(s)			Geographic Area(s)		Need(s) Addressed
Affordable Housing Other – Reduce Slum & Blight		Opportunity Zon Opportunity Zon	ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) ride (within LMI requirements)	Attainable Hous Neighborhood	sing Development & Preservation Stabilization
Start Year: 2020 End Y	ear: 2024	Outcome:	Sustainability	Objective:	Create suitable living environments
Funding		Description:	Funds will be provided for owner-	occupied housing	rehabilitation for LMI households and
CDBG: 4 HOME: 5 Other - Urgent Repair (URP): 4 Other - CDBG-CV: 4 Total 5	5 85,910 5 0 5 100,000 5 0 5 185,910		or reconstruct housing units to er	sure affordability & blight to bene	d for Goldsboro to acquire, rehabilitate for LMI households and special needs fit LMI households and special needs orating area.
	Goal O	utcome Indicator(s)	Quantity	Unit of Measurement (UoM)
Homeowner Housing Added Homeowner Housing Rehabilit Building Demolished	ated			6 14 3	Households Housing Unit Households Housing Unit Buildings
	Goal 7:	Program Adm	in to Support ConPlan & /	AAPs Objectiv	res
Category(s)			Geographic Area(s)		Need(s) Addressed
Affordable Housing Homeless Non-Homeless Special Needs Non-Housing Community Dev Other – Program Planning & Ad	•	Opportunity Zon Opportunity Zon	ne (Census Tract:37191001500) ne (Census Tract:37191001800) ne (Census Tract:37191001900) ride (within LMI requirements)	Neighborhood Non-Housing C	sing Development & Preservation Stabilization community Development atively Furthering Fair Housing
Start Year: 2020 End Y	ear: 2024	Outcome:	Sustainability	Objective:	Create suitable living environments
Funding		Description:	Funds will be provided for plannin	g, activities, and a	administration to support this five-year
CDBG: S HOME: S Other - Urgent Repair (URP): S Other - CDBG-CV: S Total	5 70,227 5 23,708 5 0 5 41,308 5 135,243		cycle ConPlan and AAPs' objective HOME program caps as regulated l		ne 20% CDBG, 20% CDBG-CV, and 10%
		utcome Indicator(s)	Quantity	Unit of Measurement (UoM)
Not applicable with this Goal T		-			

AP-35 Projects - 91.220(d)

Introduction:

Goldsboro will support housing and non-housing community development projects and activities within FY20-21 AAP through HUD entitlement funds from CDBG and HOME, funding granted by North Carolina Housing Finance Agency (NCHFA), pursing competitive grants, and other resources available. Goldsboro's strategy this AAP cycle will mirror the overall ConPlan cycle by leveraging even more through public-partnerships and resources and to reinvest program income in higher potential projects and activities for LMI individuals and families. In FY20-21 Goldsboro will be allocated funding in response to Coronavirus (COVID-19) under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act). This will be a new grant program Community Development Block Grant – Coronavirus (CDBG-CV) to fund programs and activities to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the spread of COVID-19.

Projects

Sorting #	Project Name
1	Fair Housing
2	Housing Counseling
3	Public Facilities & Improvements (City-Owned)
4	Public Services
5	Rehabilitation (Acquisition, Admin., & Public Owned Residential Bldgs.)
6	CHDO Reserve
7	Homebuyer Assistance
8	Homebuyer Assistance & Rehabilitation
9	Rental Housing Development
10	Program Administration (CDBG & HOME)
11	COVID-19 Public Service Grants

Table – Project Information

Describe the reasons for allocation priorities and any obstacles to addressing underserved needs:

Funding allocations are based on information within **SP-25 Priority Needs – 91.215(a)(2) Basis for Relative Priority**. The major obstacle to addressing underserved needs in Goldsboro is the lack of available funding to serve all needs within the area.

AP-38 Project Summary

Project Summary Information

Project Sorting Number: 1

			Pr	oject Title: Fair Hou	using			
Grantee/PJ Name:	Goldsboro	Program	Year: 2020	IDIS Project ID: 1		Grantee/PJ P	roject ID & (Matrix Code):	05J-2020
Annual Goal	l(s) Suppor	ted	Target Area	s) Included & Location De	escription	Pr	iority Need(s) Addressed	
Affirmatively Further Fa	air Housing	Choice	Opportunity Z Opportunity Z	one (Census Tract:37191001 one (Census Tract:37191001 one (Census Tract:37191001 wide (within LMI requireme	1800) 1900)	Neighborhood	sing Development & Preserv Stabilization atively Furthering Fair Housi	
Target Date for Comp	oletion: 6/3	30/2021	Outcome	e: Availability/Accessibility	/	Objective:	Provide decent affordable h	ousing
Est. Amount (includ	ling Progra	m Income)	Descrip	otion: Funds will be provi	ded to takir	ng meaningful act	tions to overcome significant	t disparities
CDBG:	\$	2,000		in housing needs ar	nd in access	s to opportunity, r	eplacing segregated living pa	atterns with
HOME:	\$	0		truly integrated a	nd balance	ed living patterns	s, transforming racially and	l ethnically
Total	\$	2,000		concentrated areas	of poverty	into areas of opp	ortunity, and fostering and r	naintaining
Expected	Resources	5		compliance with civ	/il rights and	d fair housing law	S.	
CDBG:	\$	2,000	Estimate the I	number and type of famili	ies 🔒	O Low/Mad Limita	d Clientolo (IMC) Esmilios	
HOME:	\$	0	that will bene	fit from the proposed act	ivities:	J LOW/MOD LIMITE	d Clientele (LMC) Families	
Other – Urgent Repair	(URP) \$	0	Planned Activ	vities: Fair housing service	es (e.g. cour	nseling on housing	g discrimination) as public se	rvices.
Other – CDBG-CV:	\$	0						
Total	\$	2,000				1	1	
		Goal Outc	ome Indicator(s))		Quantity	Unit of Measurement	(UoM)
Public service activities						40	Persons Assisted	

Goldsboro 2020-2024 ConPlan and 2020-2021 Annual Action Plan

			Proje	t Title: H	ousing C	ounselin	g		
Grantee/PJ Name: Go	oldsboro	Program	Year: 2020	IDIS Proje	ct ID: 2		Grantee/PJ P	Project ID & (Matrix Code):	13A-2020
Annual Goal(s	s) Suppo	rted	Target Area	s) Included 8	Location I	Description	P	riority Need(s) Addressed	
Increase Access to Afford	dable Hor	meownership	Opportunity Z	one (Census T	ract:371910	01500)	Attainable Hou	using Development & Preserv	ation
Options			Opportunity Z				Neighborhood	I Stabilization	
			Opportunity Z	one (Census T	ract:371910	01900)	Equity & Affirm	natively Furthering Fair Housi	ng
			Goldsboro Cit					, ,	5
Target Date for Comple	etion: 6/	30/2021	Outcom	e: Affordabi	lity		Objective:	Provide decent affordable h	ousing
Est. Amount (includir	ng Progra	am Income)	Descri	otion: Funds	s will be pro	vided for co	ounseling that is in	dependent, expert advice cus	stomized to
CDBG:	\$	6,120		the n	eed of the	consumer 1	to address the co	nsumer's housing barriers a	nd to help
HOME:	\$	0		achie	ve their hou	sing goals. T	This will include, b	ut not be limited to, intake; fi	nancial and
Total	\$	6,120		housi	ng affordab	ility analysis	s; an action plan, e	except for reverse mortgage	counseling
Expected F	Resource	S		and a	reasonable	effort to ha	ve follow-up comr	nunication with the client whe	en possible
CDBG:	\$	6,120	Estimate the	number and t	type of fam	ilies	20		
HOME:	\$	0	that will bene	fit from the j	proposed a	ctivities:	30 LOW/MOD HOUS	ing (LMH) Families	
Other – Urgent Repair (U	JRP) \$	0	Planned Activ	/ities: Housi	ing Counseli	ing, under 2	4 CFR 5.100		
Other – CDBG-CV:	\$	0			-	-			
Total	\$	6,120					I		
		Goal Outco	ome Indicator(s				Quantity	Unit of Measurement	: (UoM)
Public service activities for	or Low/M	oderate Incom	e Housing Bene	it			30	Households Assisted	

						(City-Owned		
Grantee/PJ Name: Gold	dsboro	Program	Year: 2020 ID	S Project ID: 3		Grantee/PJ Proje	ect ID & (Matrix Code):	03A/Z-2020
Annual Goal(s)	Suppo	rted	Target Area(s) Inc	luded & Location D	escription	Pr	iority Need(s) Addresse	d
Improve-Expand Public Fa	cilities /	Access and	Opportunity Zone (0	Census Tract:3719100)1500)	Attainable Hous	sing Development & Pres	ervation
Capacity			Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:3719100)1800)	Neighborhood	Stabilization	
			Opportunity Zone (0	Census Tract:3719100)1900)	Non-Housing C	ommunity Development	
				(within LMI requirem				
Target Date for Complet	i on: 6/	/30/2021	Outcome: S	ustainability		Objective:	Create suitable living env	ironments
Est. Amount (including	Progra	am Income)	Description:	Funds will be used	to support	the needs of Gold	sboro's residential sustair	ability growth
CDBG:	\$	340,123		and, at the same	ime, replaci	ng existing facilitie	es that have deteriorated	due to age o
HOME:	\$	0		have become obs	olete within	LMI census tracts,	/block groups. It is antici	pated that the
Total	\$	340,123		costs for such im	provements	will leverage or	spur new developments	and enhance
				existing residentia	l units and p	ossibly nearby bus	sinesses. Funds will be use	d for the deb
				service of the WA	A Foster Cer	nter construction	approved under the 201	5 Poquost fo
Expected Re	source	s		Release of Funds a	and Certifica	tion by HUD.		5 Request 10
								5 Request 10
CDBG:	\$	340,123	Estimate the numb	er and type of fami	lies 1	107 Eamilias withi	n Low/Mad Area Banafit	
	\$ \$	340,123 0		er and type of fami om the proposed ac		497 Families withi	n Low/Mod Area Benefit	
HOME:	\$ \$ P) \$		that will benefit fro	om the proposed ac	tivities:		n Low/Mod Area Benefit	(LMA)
CDBG: HOME: Other – Urgent Repair (UR Other – CDBG – CV:	\$ \$ P)\$ \$	0	that will benefit fro	om the proposed ac	tivities:	e grantee or other	-	(LMA)
HOME: Other – Urgent Repair (UR Other – CDBG – CV:	\$ \$ P)\$ \$ \$	0 0	that will benefit fro	om the proposed ac CDBG funds will b	tivities:	e grantee or other	-	(LMA)
HOME: Other – Urgent Repair (UR	\$ \$ P)\$ \$ \$	0 0 0 340,123	that will benefit fro	om the proposed ac CDBG funds will b	tivities:	e grantee or other	-	(LMA) ofit entities fo

Grantee/PJ Name: Golds	onro	Program	Year: 2020	IDIS Project ID: 4		Grantee/PJ Proje	ect ID & (Matrix Code):	05A/Z-2020
-		-		-		-		
Annual Goal(s) Su				s) Included & Location Desc			iority Need(s) Addresse	d
Provide Essential Service & E	mplc	yment	,	one (Census Tract:3719100150		Neighborhood S		
Training				one (Census Tract:371910018)		Non-Housing C	ommunity Development	
				one (Census Tract:3719100190				
			Goldsboro City	wide (within LMI requirement	s)			
Target Date for Completion	1: 6/	30/2021	Outcome	e: Availability/Accessibility		Objective:	Create economic opportu	nities
Est. Amount (including P								
Est. Amount (including f	rogra	am Income)	Descrip	otion: Funds will be used t	o provid	e and expand upo	on essential services and	employmer
	rogra \$	am Income) 30,000	Descrip		•		on essential services and al needs populations, not	
CDBG:	rogra \$ \$		Descrip		uals and	families and speci		
CDBG: HOME:	r ogr a \$ \$ \$	30,000	Descrip	training to LMI individ	uals and	families and speci		
CDBG: HOME:	\$ \$ \$	30,000 0 30,000	Descrip	training to LMI individ	uals and	families and speci		
CDBG: HOME: Total Expected Reso	\$ \$ \$	30,000 0 30,000		training to LMI individ	uals and ip as reg	families and speci ulated by HUD.	al needs populations, not	to exceed th
CDBG: HOME: Total Expected Reso CDBG:	\$ \$ \$	30,000 0 30,000 s	Estimate the r	training to LMI indivic 15% public services c	uals and p as reg	families and speci ulated by HUD.		to exceed th
CDBG: HOME: Total Expected Reso CDBG: HOME:	\$ \$ \$	30,000 0 30,000 s 30,000	Estimate the r that will bene	training to LMI indivio 15% public services co number and type of families	uals and ip as reg	families and speci ulated by HUD. 05 Low/Mod Limite	al needs populations, not ed Clientele (LMC) Familie	to exceed th
CDBG: HOME: <u>Total</u> Expected Reso CDBG: HOME: Other – Urgent Repair (URP)	\$ \$ \$	30,000 0 30,000 s 30,000 0	Estimate the r that will bene	training to LMI indivio 15% public services ca number and type of families fit from the proposed activi rities: CDBG assisted publi	uals and up as reg ties: 70 service	families and speci ulated by HUD. 05 Low/Mod Limite s activities includ	al needs populations, not ed Clientele (LMC) Familie	to exceed th
CDBG: HOME: <u>Total</u> Expected Reso CDBG: HOME: Other – Urgent Repair (URP)	\$ \$ \$	30,000 0 30,000 s 30,000 0 0	Estimate the r that will bene	training to LMI indivio 15% public services ca number and type of families fit from the proposed activi rities: CDBG assisted publi	uals and up as reg ties: 70 service	families and speci ulated by HUD. 05 Low/Mod Limite s activities includ	al needs populations, not ed Clientele (LMC) Familie ling, but not limited to:	to exceed th
CDBG: HOME: Total Expected Reso CDBG: HOME: Other – Urgent Repair (URP) Other – CDBG-CV:	\$ \$ \$	30,000 0 30,000 s 30,000 0 0 0 30,000	Estimate the r that will bene	training to LMI individ 15% public services can number and type of families fit from the proposed activi vities: CDBG assisted publi services, crime prever	uals and up as reg ties: 70 service	families and speci ulated by HUD. 05 Low/Mod Limite s activities includ	al needs populations, not ed Clientele (LMC) Familie ling, but not limited to:	to exceed the es employment u. programs

Proje	ct Ti	tle: Rehab	oilitation (Acc	quisiti	on, Ad	min.	& Publi	ic O	wned Resid	ential Bldgs.)	
Grantee/PJ Name: Golds	boro	Program	Year: 2020	IDIS P	Project ID	: 5	Gra	antee	e/PJ Project ID &	ይ (Matrix Code):	14D,14G,14H-2020
Annual Goal(s) Se	uppor	ted	Target Area(s) Includ	led & Loc	ation	Descriptio	on	Pri	ority Need(s) Add	Iressed
Provide Rehabilitation Owne	er-Occ	upied and	Opportunity Zo	ne (Cen	sus Tract:	87191	001500)		Attainable Hous	ing Development	& Preservation
City-Owned			Opportunity Zo	ne (Cen	sus Tract:	87191	001800)		Neighborhood S	Stabilization	
			Opportunity Zo	ne (Cen	sus Tract:	37191	001900)				
		Goldsboro Cityv	Goldsboro Citywide (within LMI requirements)								
Target Date for Completio	n: 6/3	30/2021	Outcome	: Susta	ainability				Objective:	Create suitable livir	ng environments
Est. Amount (including P	rogra	im Income)	Descript	tion: F	unds will	be pro	vided for ov	wner	-occupied housir	ng rehabilitation for	LMI households and
CDBG:	\$	85,910	_	S	pecial ne	eds p	opulation.	Fund	ds will also be	provided for Go	ldsboro to acquire
HOME:	\$	0		r	ehabilitate	e, or re	econstruct h	housi	ng units to ensu	re affordability for	LMI households and
Total	\$	85,910		S	pecial nee	eds po	pulations. V	While	e reducing slum &	& blight to benefit	LMI households and
				S	pecial nee	ds po	pulations wi	ithin	a physical enviro	nment of a deterior	ating area. Funds wil
			be provided for all delivery costs (including staff, other direct costs, and service co					s, and service costs			
Expected Reso	ources	5	directly related to carrying out housing rehabilitation activities.								
CDBG:	\$	85,195	Estimate the n	umber a	and type	of fan	nilies	22.1			
HOME:	\$	0	that will benef	it from	the prop	osed a	activities:	23 L	Low/Iviod Housir	ng (LMH) Families	
Other – Urgent Repair (URP)	\$	100,000	Planned Activi	ties: H	lousing:	acquis	ition of pr	roper	ty to be rehabi	ilitated for housin	g, Rehabilitation o
Other – CDBG-CV:	\$	0		ŗ	permanen	t hous	ing owned	by a	public entity oth	er than a PHA, & a	Il delivery costs.
Total	\$	185,910							-	1	-
		Goal Outco	ome Indicator(s)						Quantity	Unit of Meas	surement (UoM)
Homeowner Housing Addec	1							6	5	Households Hou	sing Units
Homeowner Housing Rehab	ilitate	d						1	14	Households Hou	sing Units
Building Demolished								Э	3	Buildings	

			Pro	oject Title: CHDO	Reserve				
Grantee/PJ Name: Goldsl	ooro	Program	Year: 2020	IDIS Project ID: 6	Grar	ntee/PJ Project ID	& (Matrix Code):	3CR-2020	
Annual Goal(s) Su	ted	Description	on Priority Need(s) Addressed						
Increase Access to Affordable Option							Attainable Housing Development & Preservation Neighborhood Stabilization Equity & Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing		
Target Date for Completion	30/2021		Objective: Provide decent affordable housing						
Est. Amount (including P	r ogr a	m Income)	Descri	otion: Funds will be use	ed to add ne	ew homeownership	housing by nonpr	ofit(s) designated as	
CDBG:	\$	0		Community Hous	ing Develop	oment Organization	(CHDO) for constru	uction of new single-	
HOME:	\$	41,609		family housing w	ithin their o	rganization's target	area(s).		
Total	\$	41,609							
Expected Reso	urces	5							
CDBG:	\$	0	Estimate the	number and type of fam	ilies	2 Low/Mod Housing (LMH) Families			
HOME:	\$	41,609	that will bene	fit from the proposed a	ctivities:		g (Liviri) rannies		
Other – Urgent Repair (URP)	\$	0	Planned Activ	/ities: At least 15% of ⊢	OME funds	will be set aside for	specific activities to	be undertaken by a	
Other – CDBG-CV:	\$	0	special type of nonprofit(s) as a Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO)						
Total	\$	41,609							
		Goal Outco	me Indicator(s)		Quantity	Unit of Meas	surement (UoM)	
Homeowner Housing Added						2	Households Hou	sing Units	

			Project	t Title	e: Homebuye	r Assista	nce		
Grantee/PJ Name: Go	ldsboro	Program	Year: 2020	IDI	S Project ID: 7	Gra	ntee/PJ Project II	D & (Matrix Code):	51HB-2020
Annual Goal(s)	Suppo	rted	Target Area	(s) Inc	luded & Location	Description	1 I	Priority Need(s) Add	Iressed
Increase Access to Afforda	able Hor	neownership	Opportunity Z	<u>'one (C</u>	Census Tract:37191	001500)	Attainable Ho	ousing Development	& Preservation
Option			Opportunity Z	Zone (C	Census Tract:37191	001800)	Neighborhoo	d Stabilization	
			Opportunity Z	Ione (C	Census Tract:37191	001900)	Equity & Affir	matively Furthering F	air Housing
			Goldsboro Cit	Goldsboro Citywide (within LMI requirements)					
Target Date for Complet	tion: 6/	30/2021	Outcom	e: Af	ffordability		Objective:	Provide decent affo	ordable housing
Est. Amount (including	g Progra	am Income)	Descri	ption:	Funds will be us	ed to reduce	the monthly carry	ing costs of mortgag	e loans from private
CDBG:	\$	0			lenders to increa	ase homeow	nership opportun	ities through down p	payment and closing
HOME:	\$	62,000			cost assistance t	o LMI house	holds (including i	ndividuals and famili	es with children who
Total	\$	62,000			are currently ho	used but thre	reatened with homelessness).		
Expected Re	esource	5							
CDBG:	\$	0	Estimate the	numbe	er and type of far	nilies			
HOME:	\$	62,000	that will bene	efit fro	om the proposed a	activities:		sing (LMH) Families	
Other – Urgent Repair (UF	RP) \$	0	Planned Acti	vities:	Direct financial a	ssistance in t	he form of deferre	ed-payment loans to p	ourchase first primary
Other – CDBG-CV:	\$	0			home.				
Total	\$	62,000							
		Goal Outco	ome Indicator(s	5)			Quantity	Unit of Meas	surement (UoM)
Direct Financial Assistance to Homebuyers						10	Households Assis	tod	

		Proj	ect Title: Ho	omeb	uyer Ass	sista	nce & Re	habilitation			
Grantee/PJ Name: Gold	sboro	Program	Year: 2020	IDIS	Project ID:	8	Grar	ntee/PJ Project II	D & (Matrix Code):	52HB-2020	
Annual Goal(s) S	uppo	rted	Target Area(s) Inclu	ded & Loc	ation	Description	ı F	Priority Need(s) Add	dressed	
Increase Access to Affordat Option	Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001500) Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001800) Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001900) Goldsboro Citywide (within LMI requirements)			Attainable Ho Neighborhood	Attainable Housing Development & Preservation Neighborhood Stabilization Equity & Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing						
Target Date for Completion	on: 6/	30/2021	Outcome	: Affc	ordability			Objective:	Provide decent affo	ordable housing	
Est. Amount (including	Descript	tion:	Funds will b	e prov	vided for prop	perties to be acquir	ed, rehabilitated, or re	constructed for resal			
CDBG:	\$	0			as single-f	amily	or multi-fan	nily housing units	for LMI household	s within Goldsboroʻ	
HOME:	\$	113,807			targeted ar	ea(s) ι	ıtilizing a dev	veloper. This will al	low the reduction for	the monthly carrying	
Total	\$	113,807			costs of mo	ortgag	e loans to ind	crease homeowner	ease homeownership opportunities through down payment		
			and closing cost assistance to LMI households (including individuals and families wit								
Expected Res	ource	s			children wh	o are	currently hou	used but threatened	d with homelessness)		
CDBG:	\$	0	Estimate the n	umber	and type	of fan	nilies	1 Jow/Mad Hausi	ng (IMH) Eamilias		
HOME:	\$	113,807	that will benef	it from	n the prope	osed a	ctivities:		ng (LMH) Families		
Other – Urgent Repair (URP) \$	0	Planned Activi	ities:	Grantee wi	ll acqu	uire and reh	abilitate, or assist	a developer to acq	uire and rehabilitate	
Other- CDBG-CV:	\$	0			substandar	d prop	perties to be s	sold after rehabilita	ition to low-income p	urchasers.	
Total	\$	113,807									
		Goal Outco	ome Indicator(s)					Quantity	Unit of Meas	surement (UoM)	
Homeowner Housing Adde	d							2	Households Hou	sing Unit	
Homeowner Housing Rehal								2	Households Hou	-	

			Project Tit	le: Rental Housing	g Develop	ment		
Grantee/PJ Name: Goldsk	oro	Program	Year: 2020	IDIS Project ID: 9	Grant	ee/PJ Project ID	& (Matrix Code):	6RH-2020
Annual Goal(s) Su	ppor	ted	Target Area	(s) Included & Location	Description	Pr	iority Need(s) Add	lressed
Increase Affordable Rental He	ousin	g Option	Located appro Road, Goldsbo	ximately at 3227 Central pro, NC 27534	Heights	Attainable Housing Development & Preservation Neighborhood Stabilization Equity & Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing		
Target Date for Completion	: 6/3	30/2021	Outcom	e: Affordability	Provide decent affo	ordable housing		
Est. Amount (including Pi	ogra	im Income)	Descri	ption: Funds will be use	ed to leverage	public-private pa	rtnerships that proc	duces new affordable
CDBG:	\$	0		rental housing. Th	nis will allow fo	or LMI households	to pay no more that	an 30 percent of thei
HOME:	\$	525,028	income for housing cost (including utilities).					
Total	\$	525,028						
Expected Reso	urces	5						
CDBG:	\$	0	Estimate the	number and type of fan	nilies	82 Low/Mod Housing (LMH) Families		
HOME:	\$	525,028	that will bene	efit from the proposed a	ctivities:		ng (LIVIH) Families	
Other – Urgent Repair (URP)	\$	0	Planned Activ	vities: HOME funds will	be used towa	ard the new const	ruction of rental ho	ousing in the form c
Other – CDBG-CV:	\$	0		permanent morto	age loan assis	tance.		
Total	\$	525,028						
		Goal Outco	ome Indicator(s)		Quantity	Unit of Meas	urement (UoM)
Rental units constructed						82	Households House	sing Unit

Grantee/PJ Name: Golds	boro	Program	Year: 2020	IDIS	Project ID:	10	Gran	tee/PJ Project II	D & (Matrix Code):	21A/AD-2020
Annual Goal(s) Su	s) Inclu	uded & Loc	ation I	Description	6	Priority Need(s) Add	Iressed			
Program Admin to Support ConPlan and AAPs Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001500)							01500)	Attainable Ho	using Development &	& Preservation
Objectives			Opportunity Z	one (Ce	ensus Tract:3	71910	01800)	Neighborhoo	d Stabilization	
			Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001900)					Non-Housing	Community Develop	oment
	Goldsboro Citywide (within LMI requirements)						ments)	Equity & Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing		
Target Date for Completio	n: 6/3	30/2021	Outcome	e: Sus	stainability			Objective:	Create suitable livir	ng environments
Est. Amount (including P	rogra	im Income)	Descrip	otion:	Funds will I	be prov	/ided for plai	nning, activities, a	nd administration to	support this five-year
CDBG:	\$	70,227			cycle ConPl	an and	l AAPs' objec	tives, not to excee	ed the 20% CDBG, 20%	% CDBG-CV, and 10%
HOME:	\$	23,708			HOME prog	gram ca	aps as regula [.]	ted by HUD.		
Total	\$	93,935								
Expected Reso	ources	5								
CDBG:	\$	70,227	Estimate the r	numbe	r and type	of fam	ilies	lat applicable to	this type of project	
HOME:	\$	23,708	that will bene	fit fror	n the prope	osed a	ctivities:	iot applicable to	this type of project	
Other – Urgent Repair (URP)	\$	0	Planned Activ	vities:	Overall pro	gram a	dmin., incluc	ling (but not limit	ed to) salaries, wages	, and related costs of
Other – CDBG-CV:	\$	41,308	grantee staff or others engaged in program management, monitoring, and evaluation						and evaluation.	
Total	\$	93,935						1		
		Goal Outco	ome Indicator(s)					Quantity	Unit of Meas	urement (UoM)

			Project Title	e: CC	OVID-19 P	ubli	c Service	Grants		
Grantee/PJ Name: Goldsk	oro	Program	Year: 2020	IDI	S Project ID:	11	Grai	ntee/PJ Project ID	& (Matrix Code):	19CV-2020
Annual Goal(s) Supported Target Area(s) Included & Location Description							Description	n P	riority Need(s) Add	Iressed
Provides Essential Service & I	Emplo	oyment	Opportunity Z	One (C	Census Tract:3	71910	01500)	Attainable Hou	using Development &	& Preservation
Training		-	Opportunity Z	One (C	Census Tract:3	71910	01800)	Neighborhood	I Stabilization	
			Opportunity Z	One (C	Census Tract:3	71910	01900)	Non-Housing	Community Develop	oment
Goldsboro Citywide (within LMI requirements)							ments)	Equity & Affirr	natively Furthering F	air Housing
Target Date for Completior	n: 6/3	30/2021	Outcom	e: Su	ustainability			Objective:	Create suitable livir	ng environments
Est. Amount (including Program Income) Description: The CDBG-CV funds allocat						nds allocate	d under Coronavir	us Aid, Relief, and Ed	conomic Security Act	
CDBG:	\$	0			(CARES Act)	may l	be used unde	er 24 CFR Parts 570.	201-570.206, that pre	vent, prepare for, and
HOME:	\$	0			respond to	the sp	read of COV	'ID-19.		
Total	\$	0								
Expected Reso	urces	5								
CDBG:	\$	0	Estimate the	numbe	er and type o	of fam	nilies	600 Low/Mad Limi	ted Clientele (LMC)	Familias
HOME:	\$	0	that will bene	efit fro	om the propo	sed a	ctivities:			Families
Other – Urgent Repair (URP)	\$	0	Planned Activ	vities:	CDBG-CV a	ssisted	d public servi	ices activities to pre	event, prepare for, and	d respond the spread
Other – CDBG-CV:	\$	165,246			of COVID-1	9. This	activity is id	entified as an urger	nt need caused by CC	VID-19 and noted as
Total	\$	165,246	such within the CARES Act and all HUD memorandum transmittals.							
		Goal Outco	ome Indicator(s)				Quantity	Unit of Meas	urement (UoM)
Public Service activities other	than	Low/Moderat	e Income Housi	ng Ben	nefit			500	Persons Assisted	
Homelessness Prevention				-				100	Persons Assisted	

CDBG-CV funds allocated under the CARES Act as determined by HUD can be used for a range of eligible activities, allowed under 24 CFR Parts 570.201-570.206, which prevent, prepare for, and respond to the spread of COVID-19. Activities must meet one of HUD's three National Objectives as required by CDBG regulations within 24 CFR Part 570.208: 1) Benefit Low-to Moderate-Income Persons/Households; 2) Aid in the Prevention/Elimination of Slum and Blight; or 3) Meet an Urgent Need. Goldsboro will use CDBG-CV dollars to fund projects and activities that comply with 24 CFR Parts 570.201-570.208 to prevent and respond to the spread of infectious disease such as the Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19).

Proposed Eligible Activities to Support with CDBG-CV Funds under COVID-19 Public Service Grants:

Proposed Agencies and Brief Summary of Activities Associated to COVID-19	Total Proposed Funding
 Wayne Uplift Resource Association, Inc. (WURA) Funds will be used to support the Women Shelter that has seen a surge in domestic violence needs. In addition, assistance will be provided to women and children fleeing domestic violence situation exasperated by COVID-19 pandemic (i.e., rental and utility assistance; food, household and cleaning supplies, and support of the Crisis Hotline). 	\$10,000
Goldsboro Family YMCA Funds will be used to provide food distribution to children and families along with providing summer camps to children of essential workers and families to address and treat the psychological effects of COVID-19 on children.	\$15,000
Wayne Action Group for Economic Solvency, Inc. (WAGES) Funds will be used to provide case management services for the homeless, homebound seniors, and other special needs populations at-risk of homelessness as designated by HUD (i.e., temporary sheltering through hotels; rental deposits for permanent housing; employment training and education; coordination with Vocational Rehabilitation and Mental Health; toiletries; food distribution; and wellness checks).	\$41,123
Wayne Action Teams for Community Health (WATCH) Funds will be used to support the mobile clinic to provide medical response to uninsured or underinsured citizens of Goldsboro due to upsurge in demands from patients seeking care. Citizens appear to be reluctant to visit brick-and-mortar healthcare offices out of the fears of contracting COVID-19 or are just unable to get appointments due to scheduling constraints of healthcare offices working within CDC and social distance guidelines.	\$41,123
Four Day Movement, Inc. Funds will be provided for direct essential services to individuals, families, and special needs populations at-risk of homelessness as designated by HUD.	\$8,000
The Salvation Army Funds will be used to support emergency assistance for families, individuals, and special needs populations as designated by HUD impacted by COVID-19 (i.e., rental and utility assistance; homeless shelter needs; and life sustaining medical and pharmacy necessities).	\$30,000
Partnership for Children of Wayne County Funds will be used to support the key role childcare providers and facilitates are playing to support other essential workers and their children during COVID-19 (i.e., health and safety essential supplies, childcare cost for essential workers, and operations). Funding will also address the economic impact childcare providers are sustaining with diminishing enrollments and working within CDC and social distance guidelines.	\$20,000

AP-50 Geographic Distribution - 91.220(f)

Description of the geographic areas of the entitlement (including areas of low-income and minority concentration) where assistance will be directed

Goldsboro recognizes that each neighborhood's housing, economic, and social needs are unique but are interconnected. Therefore, as part of Goldsboro's approach there will be a focus on all neighborhoods as a citywide geographic area through multiple activities in a concentrated and coordinated manner. In an effect, to empower Goldsboro's most economically distressed neighborhoods a place-based priority will be utilized, as well, for a comprehensive, place-based strategy with coordinated action between Goldsboro and other stakeholders and resources within Goldsboro's designated Opportunity Zones (Census Tracts 3719100: 1500; 1800; and 1900). These designated Opportunity Zones are also identified as highly concentrated areas of LMI population and minorities. With the proposed rule changes to CDBG and HOME programs to create flexibilities to incentivize their use in designated Opportunity Zones(1) — Goldsboro will direct and leverage CDBG and HOME funds for preservation and creation of affordable housings and attracting revitalizing investments that can create jobs, business expansion, and new business development to Goldsboro.

(1) Opportunity Zones are economically distressed communities, defined by individual census tract, nominated by America's governors, and certified by the U.S. Secretary of the Treasury via his delegation of that authority to the Internal Revenue Service. Under certain conditions, new investments in Opportunity Zones may be eligible for preferential tax treatment. There are 8,764 Opportunity Zones in the United States (again Goldsboro has three), many of which have experienced a lack of investment for decades. The Opportunity Zones initiative is not a top-down government program from Washington but an incentive to spur private and public investment in America's underserved communities.

Area Name	Percentage of Funds
Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001500)	17%
Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001800)	21%
Opportunity Zone (Census Tract:37191001900)	21%
Goldsboro Citywide (within LMI requirements)	41%

Geographic Distribution

Table1 - Geographic Distribution

Rationale for the priorities for allocating investments geographically

Goldsboro's rationale for the priorities for allocating investments geographically is the same information from within SP-25 Priority Needs – 91.215(a)(2) Basis for Relative Priority and within the top portion of this section AP-50 Geographic Distribution - 91.220(f). Priority was also determined based on activities and programs that would support Goldsboro's strategies to help make greater impacts – through leveraged and partner investments.

Discussion

Goldsboro has no further discussion to provide.

AP-55 Affordable Housing - 91.220(g)

Introduction:

The greatest challenge to affordable and residential development continues to be neighborhood resistance. Many neighborhoods have used growth — and perceived or real increases in traffic congestion —to effectively fight rezoning requests that would add density to areas of Goldsboro. In addition, many renters do not have down payments or credit histories needed to purchase homes. Or rental housing is very limited in Goldsboro, and the housing that exists is generally in poor condition and sometimes not code compliant (particularly rental housing). Goldsboro ConPlan and AAPs are intended to address affordable housing needs in Goldsboro based on the findings from both quantitative research (Housing Market Analysis) and qualitative research (public meetings, citizen survey and stakeholder meetings). Through the objectives within this five-year ConPlan, preceding AAPs, and the final draft of Goldsboro Analysis of Impediments (AI) currently under developing, Goldsboro hopes to better balance neighborhood concerns with growth demands in the future.

Strategy to Remove or Ameliorate the Barriers to Affordable Housing:

Goldsboro's four core goals that will be in addition to any strategies recommended by the final AI in partnership with other local agencies and organizations will both implement and support programs that help eliminate and mitigate the barriers to affordable housing. These core goals are as follow:

- 1. Create affordable housing in vulnerable areas and in areas of opportunity.
- 2. Preserve affordability and housing quality.
- 3. Promote equitable and accessible housing options.
- 4. Stabilize resident at risk of involuntary displacement (support diverse and inclusive communities).

One Year Goals for the Number of Households to be Supported:								
Homeless:	100							
Non-Homeless:	2070							
Special-Needs:	235							
Total:	2,405							
Table – One Year Goals of Hou	seholds to be							

Supported

One Year Goals for the Number of Households Supported Through:								
Rental Assistance:	0							
The Production of New Units:	88							
Rehab of Existing Units:	20							
Acquisition of Existing Units	16							
Total:	124							

Table – One Year Goals Households of Supported Through

Discussion:

Goldsboro has no further discussion to provide.

AP-60 Public Housing - 91.220(h)

Introduction:

Goldsboro has two Public Housing Authorities (PHAs) within its jurisdiction, it should be noted that both PHAs are independently owned and managed. Goldsboro does hold the responsibility to appoint board members to the governing board for the Housing Authority of the City of Goldsboro (HACG). Eastern Carolina Regional Housing Authority governing board appointments are made by the County of Wayne. HACG manages (1,190) conventional

public housing units while Eastern Carolina Regional Housing Authority manages (240) subsidized housing units. HACG oversees (237) vouchers in the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher program, (15) special purpose vouchers in the Section 811 Mainstream Voucher program, and (27) special purpose vouchers in the Veterans Administrative Supportive Housing program.

Actions planned during the next year to address the needs to public housing:

Both PHAs have departments responsible for the management of the agency's capital fund program, from design to oversight of general contractors and contract, and administration to procurement for modernization and development. HACG is currently involved in a comprehensive renovation project designed to improve distressed housing units. HACG has development a proposed <u>Annual Agency Plan and 5-Year Plan including HUD; Capital Fund</u> <u>Program; 5-Year Plan</u> geared towards goals, objectives, and improvement and acquisition projects to ensure long-term viability to continue serving the needs within the PHA community.

Actions to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership:

HACG's Resident Advisory Boards (RABs) are actively engaged in developing the PHA's plans to address residents' needs. The RABs for each developments brings their inputs to the HACG Management for implementation of programs, services, and initiatives necessary for residents' self-sufficiency and engagement. The Housing Authority of the City of the Goldsboro Resident Services Department works in conjunction with the ROSS program to provide residents with the tools needed to become self-sufficient. Resident Services works to promote self-sufficiency by creating positive relationships between the residents of the Goldsboro Housing Authority and local community resources by associating family-fun activities with educational opportunities. Community partners offer programs and services on and off-site to help residents develop skills that will prepare them for economic independence. Services are available through referrals for any resident living in any Goldsboro Housing Authority housing development. Those services range from job training, health, and financial literacy, youth and adult education to homeownership. Goldsboro will collaborate with both PHAs, non-profits, and CHDOs to expand homeownership opportunities for low-income persons through the City's Homebuyer Assistance, Housing Counseling, and CHDO projects. It should be noted that the HACG has indicated within its proposed <u>Annual Agency Plan and 5-Year Plan including HUD; Capital Fund Program; 5-Year Plan</u> to purchase at least one dwelling unit each year for its homeownership program utilizing rent-to-purchase or other rental options until a low-income purchaser can qualify for a mortgage loan.

If the PHA is designated as troubled, describe the manner in which financial assistance will be provided or other assistance:

Not applicable to Goldsboro's local public housing authorities.

Discussion:

Goldsboro has no further discussion to provide.

AP-65 Homeless and Other Special Needs Activities - 91.220(i)

Introduction:

Goldsboro is not the lead agency for Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) funds provided by HUD; however, Eastpointe is recipient of ESG funds. Eastpointe utilizes ESG funds as one source to address the needs of homeless and special needs individuals and families. Through a Request for Proposal (RFP), nonprofit agencies are funded for providing services such as Emergency Shelter, Homeless Prevention Activities; or Rapid Re-housing. Goldsboro will utilize CDBG and CDBG-CV funds to support services to homeless and special needs individuals and families. Refer to **AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives** and **AP-35 Projects** for more of allocation amounts, projects, goals, and objectives (i.e., Goal 5: Provide Essential Service & Employment Training, Project #4: Public Services, and Project #11: COVID-19 Public Service Grants to name a few.

Describe how the jurisdiction's strategic plan goals contribute to:

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs.

Goldsboro is within North Carolina Balance of State (BoS) Continuum of Care (CoC) Neuse Regional Committee that coordinates local homelessness work and planning for counties such as: Duplin, Greene, Lenoir, Sampson, Wayne (Goldsboro), and Wilson. The Regional Lead is Eastpointe, in collaboration with state and community partners, offers housing assistance based on individuals and families' needs through Transition the Community Living Initiative, Target Housing, and Shelter Plus Care programs. The local Salvation Army provides services (clothing vouchers, men's shelter, rapid rehousing, and emergency assistance to name a few) to homeless individuals and families through Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) and other funds to help transition into a stable living situation. For unsheltered homeless individuals and families in Goldsboro, Wayne Action Group Economic Solvency, Inc. (WAGES) offers a variety of services to meet the needs of the homeless in Goldsboro (i.e., providing temporary emergency housing). Goldsboro has also strived to provide information on and connection to the Neuse Regional Committee Lead Agency for local community workers and organization with particular interest in and involvement with homeless population. In addition, Goldsboro representatives are frequently involved in discussions, presentations, and meetings with citizens, other governmental officials, and local service providers to either provide support, understanding, and/or outreach to the homeless in Goldsboro.

Assessing individuals' needs is done by: individuals making contact with agencies designated as entry points where the initial screening is done. During the screening process, it is determined whether individual can be redirected or if they need homeless service. A list of community agencies are kept on hand at the screening agencies to refer individuals to the correct service group to address their needs. If a referral to another agency is needed during the screening process, contact will be made by the referring agency to the agency the individual is being referred to in order to give them some background information and to confirm that the agency that they are being referred to will be able to assist the individual.

Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons.

Goldsboro is regularly in contact with case management and support service organizations like Salvation Army, WAGES, Eastpointe, Wayne Action Teams for Community Health (WATCH), Wayne Uplift Resource Association (WURA), and Fordham Home to assess and address the emergency and transitional housing needs of homeless persons where Goldsboro can be of assistance. Goldsboro is exploring opportunities to construct or reconstruct a building for a women and children shelter for emergency shelter and transitional housing needs. In the previous five-year ConPlan, Goldsboro provided funding through CDBG program to help emergency shelter and transitional housing to WAGES, WURA, and WATCH to name a few.

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again.

Goldsboro will continue to partner and support the efforts of the BoS CoC Neuse Regional Committee to help homeless persons make the transition to permanent housing and self-sustainability. Through the HOME program, Goldsboro will work with case managements and service providers to help provide downpayment and closing cost assistance to help them purchase housing units. In addition, Goldsboro will provide funds through the CDBG program to Wayne Community College to provide employment training to homeless persons along with other LMI residents to ensure self-sustainability for permanent housing. Goldsboro will also provide funds through the CDBG program to WATCH for essential healthcare service to homeless persons along with other LMI residents. It is proven that self-sustainability and positive economic health is contingent on a person's good physical healthcare. Goldsboro will prioritize funds or resources towards programs that further prevent individuals and families becoming homeless again. It should be noted that Goldsboro will not differentiate between already homeless and those individuals and families who are on the brink of becoming homeless. Goldsboro will provide resources or funding to assist both types of cases to aid in the effort break down the barriers to affordable housing.

Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families and those who are: being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); or, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health social services, employment, education, or youth needs.

Goldsboro understands there are different homeless populations identified in this question and the level of services need; therefore, Goldsboro will continue to utilize the BoS CoC Neuse Regional Committee and other service providers to identification and assessment, as Goldsboro work with partners to meet those needs. County of Wayne Department of Social Services runs the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program, called Work First (WF), is based on the premise that parents have a responsibility to support themselves and their children. Work First provides parents with short-term training and other services to help them become employed and move toward self-sufficiency. Families in which grandparents and relatives are caring for their relative children and legal guardians can receive services and support that prevent children from unnecessarily entering the foster care system.

Mephibosheth Project Inc. - The Mission Is Possible (MPI) offers a Re-Entry program to direct resources towards individuals from the Justice System returning to Goldsboro. The program provide vital resources to reduce the ever-growing rate of Recidivism by providing a strong and stable support system that will help to redirect returning citizens toward a path of purpose and productivity. The program connects this population with Trade Skills, Job Preparation Skills, Resume Writing, and Interviewing Skills - while simultaneously providing a Faith-Based Curriculum supported by a nationally recognized form of Cognitive Behavioral Intervention (CBI) known as Moral Reconation Therapy (MRT).

Discussion:

Goldsboro has no further discussion to provide.

AP-75 Action Plan Barriers to Affordable Housing - 91.220(j)

Introduction:

The greatest challenge to affordable and residential development continues to be neighborhood resistance. Many neighborhoods have used growth — and perceived or real increases in traffic congestion —to effectively fight rezoning requests that would add density to areas of Goldsboro. In addition, many renters do not have down payments or credit histories needed to purchase homes. Or rental housing is very limited in the Goldsboro, and the housing that exists is generally in poor condition and sometimes not code compliant (particularly rental housing). Goldsboro ConPlan and AAPs are intended to address affordable housing needs in Goldsboro based on the findings from both quantitative research (Housing Market Analysis) and qualitative research (public meetings, resident and stakeholder surveys). Through the objectives within this five-year ConPlan, preceding AAPs, and the final draft of Goldsboro Analysis of Impediments (AI) currently under developing, Goldsboro hopes to better balance neighborhood concerns with growth demands in the future.

Actions it planned to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing such as land use controls, tax policies affecting land, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limitations, and policies affecting the return on residential investment:

Goldsboro's four core goals that will be in addition to any strategies recommended by the final AI in partnership with other local agencies and organizations will both implement and support programs that help eliminate and mitigate the barriers to affordable housing. These core goals are as follow:

- 5. Create affordable housing in vulnerable areas and in areas of opportunity.
 - By emphasizing a focus on residents rather than just the production of housing units, Goldsboro and its partners will prioritize specific neighborhood conditions, including areas vulnerable to displacement and neighborhoods that provide access to opportunity, when creating new affordable housing. The strategies under this goal include investing in land acquisition for future housing development and promoting development of mixed-income communities.
- 6. Preserve affordability and housing quality.
 - Preservation is a core component of Goldsboro's comprehensive housing strategy. Goldsboro will focus on preserving existing affordable housing, both homeownership and rental, in vulnerable neighborhoods and areas of higher opportunity. The strategies under this goal include investing to maintain affordability in non-subsidized housing to preserve or continue affordability of existing housing units.
- 7. Promote equitable and accessible housing options.
 - Goldsboro seeks to align cross-cutting citywide actions and policies to support equitable and accessible
 housing options for Goldsboro residents along the housing continuum. Actions or policy decisions
 under this goal will enable housing strategies more broadly through community engagement, formal
 legislative or regulatory action, new and creative finance mechanisms, or programs that help residents
 access existing housing.
- 8. Stabilize resident at risk of involuntary displacement (support diverse and inclusive communities).
 - Policies or investments under this goal are aimed at helping to stabilize residents and support diverse, inclusive communities.

Discussion:

Goldsboro will not only provide the resources to becoming a homeowner or find suitable living environments, but Goldsboro will also provide and assist with workforce training through Wayne Community College. Goldsboro within this AAP and ConPlan cycle will focus on a comprehensive approach to affordable housing. Funds will be used to reduce the monthly carrying costs of mortgage loans from private lenders to increase homeownership opportunities through down payment and closing cost assistance along with housing counseling services to LMI households (including individuals and families with children who are currently housed but threatened with homelessness).

Goldsboro will add new homeownership housing by one or both activities: 1) providing funds to nonprofit(s) designated as Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO) for construction of new single-family housing within their organization's target area(s) or 2) by Goldsboro utilizing funds for properties to be acquired, rehabilitated, or reconstructed for resale as single-family or multi-family housing units for LMI households within Goldsboro's targeted area(s).

Finally, Goldsboro will fund a HUD-approved housing counseling program to provide participants with the opportunity to gain vital knowledge of home buying process, to prepare financially to purchase a home, and to maintain financial stability.

AP-85 Other Actions - 91.220(k)

Introduction:

Goldsboro, along with other partnership agencies, will continue to develop programs and initiatives designed to improve existing programs, and identify additional sources of funding to better serve those in need of affordable housing and related services.

Actions planned to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs:

Goldsboro will continue to engage in the local dialogue with neighboring communities and service providers to identify and address underserved needs, maintain affordable housing, and reduce the number of families living in poverty. Goldsboro will utilize CDBG and HOME funds and seek additional federal, state, and foundation funding to address the lack of affordable rental housing options for LMI individuals and families.

Actions planned to foster and maintain affordable housing:

As was outline in **AP-55 Affordable Housing**, Goldsboro will remain focused on the creation and preservation of affordable housing in Goldsboro. Specifically, the priorities of the AAP and ConPlan to create affordable housing in vulnerable areas, preserve affordability and housing quality, promote accessible housing options, and stabilize residents at risk of involuntary displacement. Goldsboro intends to explore additional partnerships—including partnerships with mission-driven and private developers — to bring more workforce housing into designated opportunity zones and underutilized land parcels. Finally, Goldsboro will partner with local service providers to provide down payment assistance to help renter households become homeowners; this was a priority of residents who participated in the survey for this Plan.

Actions planned to reduce lead-based paint hazards:

The reduction activity required depends on the nature of the activity funded and the amount of Federal funding. Reduction methods described include paint stabilization, interim controls, standard treatments, and abatement. As required by HUD, any residential property built before 1978 receiving federal funds from CDBG and HOME programs are to be tested for lead-based paint and any lead hazards discovered are to be removed. Currently, Goldsboro includes lead-based paint mitigation measures in all rehabilitation programs and, if needed, will identify and apply for additional funding resources to finance this mitigation. Contractors are required to be trained and certified to supervise removal of lead hazards in order to comply with HUD regulations. Over the course of the upcoming program year, Goldsboro will maintain information on lead-based paint hazards in order to (1) educate the public, (2) gauge the prevalence of lead paint contamination, and (3) start to address the issue within Goldsboro. Goldsboro will utilize the following strategies to address lead-based paint hazards and increase access to housing without lead-based paint hazards through its CHDO activity, housing rehabilitation, and homeownership of lead-free home programs. Additionally, the Goldsboro will continue to support Wayne County Environmental Health Department that screen residents for elevated blood lead levels (EBL) and inspect housing units for lead-based paint hazards.

Actions planned to reduce the number of poverty-level families:

Goldsboro's Anti-Poverty Strategy is meant to be a comprehensive and multi-agency approach in the areas of housing, essential services, employment training, and healthcare to name a few. Goldsboro will provide funds through the CDBG program to Wayne Community College to provide employment training to reduce the number of poverty-level families. In addition, funds will be provided through the CDBG program to WATCH for essential healthcare service to LMI populations stricken with poverty. It is proven that self-sustainability and positive economics within a community is contingent on a person's healthiness and employability. Funding will be prioritized to collaborate with organization and public institutions to reduce the number of poverty-level families.

Goldsboro has a deep-rooted community of non-profit organizations and public institutions that provide resources and services to address housing and community development needs citywide — many whom Goldsboro funds as sub-recipients through CDBG and HOME as a multilateral approach to carry out objectives (more specifically the Anti-Poverty Strategy) for the ConPlan and Annual Action Plans (AAPs).

Actions planned to develop institutional structure:

Goldsboro will collaborate with non-profit organizations and public institutions through sub-recipients agreements to utilize CDBG and HOME funds improve gaps of the service delivery systems for special needs population and homeless individuals and families. Goldsboro's strategy will demonstrate an emphasis on prevention and case management services, access to healthcare services, and housing options to name a few. In summary improving system integration to ensure access to mainstream resources remains a priority for Goldsboro.

Actions planned to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies:

Goldsboro's partnership and funding relationship with local housing services organizations will continue to expand in this program year. In addition, coordination with other organizations and all members associated with the North Carolina Balance of State (BoS) Continuum of Care (CoC) Neuse Regional Committee (including private housing developers) will continue to be built upon to improve networks, coordination, and problem solving in the jurisdiction.

Discussion:

Goldsboro has no further discussion to provide.

Program Specific Requirements

AP-90 Program Specific Requirements - 91.220(l)(1,2,4)

Introduction:

Goldsboro adheres to all program-specific CDBG and HOME requirements as specified below.

Community Development Block Grant Program (CDBG) Reference 24 CFR 91.220(I)(1)

Projects planned with all CDBG funds expected to be available during the year are identified in the Projects Table. The following identifies program income that is available for use that is included in projects to be carried out.

1.	The total amount of program income that will have been received before the start of the next program year and that has not yet been reprogrammed.	\$	0.00	
2.	The amount of proceeds from section 108 loan guarantees that will be used during the year to address the priority needs and specific objectives identified in the grantee's strategic plan.	\$	0.00	
3.	The amount of surplus funds from urban renewal settlements.	\$	0.00	
4.	The amount of any grant funds returned to the line of credit for which the planned use has not been included in a prior statement or plan.	\$	0.00	
5.	The amount of income from float-funded activities.	\$	0.00	
	Total Program Income:	\$	0.00	
Other CDBG Requirements				
1.	The amount of urgent need activities.	\$	0.00	
2.	The estimated percentage of CDBG funds that will be used for activities that benefit persons of low and moderate income		90%	
3.	The amount of surplus funds from urban renewal settlements.	\$	0.00	
	Overall Benefit - A consecutive period of one, two or three years may be used to determine			

Overall Benefit - A consecutive period of one, two or three years may be used to determine that a minimum overall benefit of 70% of CDBG funds is used to benefit persons of low and moderate income. Specify the years covered that include this Annual Action Plan.

HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME) Reference 24 CFR 91.220(I)(2)

The jurisdiction must describe activities planned with HOME funds expected to be available during the year. All such activities should be included in the Projects screen. In addition, the following information should be supplied:

1. A description of other forms of investment being used beyond those identified in Section 92.205 is as follows:

 Goldsboro will invest HOME funds as equity investments, interest-bearing loans or advances, noninterest-bearing loans or advances, interest subsidies consistent with the purposes of this part, deferred payment loans, grants, or other forms of assistance that HUD determines to be consistent with the purposes of this part and specifically approves in writing. Goldsboro plans to invest HOME funds for multifamily rental housing project that is estimated to utilize \$8,800,000 in Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) from North Carolina Housing Finance Agency (NCHFA) and \$1,625,981 as a permanent loan from Freddie Mac.

2. A description of the guidelines that will be used for resale or recapture of HOME funds when used for homebuyer activities as required in 92.254, is as follows:

 In accordance with the applicable homebuyer recapture/resale provision outlined in 24 CFR Part 92.254, Goldsboro has adopted the recapture provision. Goldsboro provides direct HOME subsidy, on a pro-rata basis, to eligible homebuyers, which includes down payment assistance and closing costs. Goldsboro provides HOME funds to its CHDOs to develop affordable housing. Goldsboro's CHDOs have adopted the HOME recapture provision, with the exception of development of rental units. When CHDOs develop homeownership single- family housing, down payment assistance is provided by Goldsboro.

All CHDOs, sub-recipients and all entities who administer HOME programs will follow recapture provisions that have been adopted by Goldsboro. Goldsboro requires the recapture of its HOME-funded homebuyer assistance from net sales proceeds when the original homebuyer sells the property during the affordability period.

Net sales proceeds are the funds remaining from the sale of the property by the original homebuyer less the repayment of the outstanding balance on any superior mortgage, sales commission, the original homebuyer's down payment and the cost of any property improvements made by the original homebuyer. To the extent that net proceeds are available at closing, all of the HOME funds are due and payable. In the event of foreclosure, the Lender may not require the Borrower to repay an amount greater than the net proceeds available after the foreclosure sale. The recapture provision is enforced through execution of a Declaration of Deed Restrictions, which identifies the period of affordability, primary residency requirement, and term and conditions required when using the recapture provision.

Homebuyer assistance may be used for down payment assistance and/or principal mortgage reduction via Secondary Mortgage. Borrower's income cannot exceed 80% of the area median income adjusted by family size as published annually for Goldsboro. Loans will be amortized over a affordability period at 0% interest. If the property is disposed voluntary, involuntary or is in default, the percentage for repayment is based on the actual year.

Assistance provided to nonprofit agencies through the CDBG Program will be secured with a subrecipient agreement/contract. Should the agency fail to comply with program rules, the assistance will be recaptured.

Goldsboro 2020-2024 ConPlan and 2020-2021 Annual Action Plan

Recaptured HOME funds by CHDO, on behalf of Goldsboro, are not considered to be CHDO proceeds but shall be used by the CHDO and Goldsboro to provide affordable housing for Goldsboro residents.

Recaptured HOME funds provided by an agency other than a CHDO, will be recaptured by Goldsboro to be used for eligible HOME activities in accordance with the requirements of the HOME statue and regulations, in the same manner as program income.

The recapture provision will ensure that each HOME assisted unit will remain affordable for a period of time determined by the recapture schedule below, established in accordance with 24 CFR 92.254(a)(4):

HOME Funds Provided	Period of Affordability
Less than \$15,000	5 years
\$15,000 to \$40,000	10 years
More than \$40,000	15 years
New Construction	20 years

3. A description of the guidelines for resale or recapture that ensures the affordability of units acquired with HOME funds? See 24 CFR 92.254(a)(4) are as follows:

 In accordance with the applicable acquisition of units with HOME funds recapture/resale provision outlined in 24 CFR Part 92.254, Goldsboro has adopted the recapture provision. Affordability restrictions remain in force regardless of transfer of ownership. At Goldsboro's discretion, the affordability restriction may be terminated only upon foreclosure or transfer in lieu of foreclosure. However, affordability requirements will be revived if, before the foreclosure, the owner of record, or anyone with business or family ties to the owner, obtains an ownership interest in the property or project.

HOME Funds Provided	Period of Affordability
Less than \$15,000	5 years
\$15,000 to \$40,000	10 years
More than \$40,000	15 years
New Construction	20 years

In the case of using HOME funds with Low-Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC) to acquire units — the affordability period will be 30 years.

If housing units acquired with HOME funds does not continue to be the principal residence of the family for the duration of the period of affordability. Goldsboro will structure its recapture provisions based on Goldsboro's program design and market conditions. The period of affordability is based upon the total amount of HOME funds subject to recapture described in paragraph (a)(5)(ii)(A)(5) of this section 24 CFR 92.254. Recapture provisions will permit the subsequent homebuyer to assume the HOME assistance (subject to the HOME requirements for the remainder of the period of affordability) if the subsequent homebuyer is low-income and no additional HOME assistance is provided. If Goldsboro uses additional HOME funds to preserve the affordability of housing acquired with previous HOME funds, the additional investment will be treated as an amendment to the original project.

- 4. Plans for using HOME funds to refinance existing debt secured by multifamily housing that is rehabilitated with HOME funds along with a description of the refinancing guidelines required that will be used under 24 CFR 92.206(b), are as follows:
 - Goldsboro does not intend to loan HOME funds toward multifamily housing units if refinancing is necessary to permit or continue affordability under 24 CFR 92.254.

Discussion:

Goldsboro has no further discussion to provide.

Monitoring: Goldsboro's Community Relations Department will be responsible for monitoring HOME-assisted Homebuyers to ensure that the homebuyer owns and occupies the house as the primary residence for the required affordability period on an annual basis. If the Community Relations Department does not receive an annual Mortgagee Notice from the HOME-assisted Homebuyer's insurance agency or some form of utility bill or record with homebuyer's name as confirmation that the homebuyer is maintaining the housing unit as their principal residence. The Community Relations staff will mail a letter to homebuyer household asking them to sign and return a statement verifying that the property purchased with HOME funds remains their principal residence. If a HOME-assisted homebuyer fails to return the signed statement, staff will follow up to determine if the homebuyer is still residing in the assisted unit.

Attachment G-1: Citizen Participation Plan (CPP) and Documented Process for FY20-24 ConPlan and FY20-21 AAP

BACKGROUND: THE CDBG AND HOME PROGRAMS

Community Development Block Grant Program

The primary intent of the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program is to support the development of viable communities by providing decent housing, a suitable living environment, and expanding economic opportunities. The emphasis is on assisting low- and moderate-income persons and neighborhoods. Local Community Development activities must be designed to address one or more of the three national objectives:

- Eliminate slums and blight and blighting influences,
- Benefit low- to moderate-income persons and neighborhoods,
- Meet other urgent community needs imposing an immediate threat to safety and health.

Goldsboro is eligible to participate in the CDBG program as an Entitlement city. Goldsboro receives funds automatically upon the approval of its Annual Action Plan (AAP) by the US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The AAP lists the amount of (CDBG and HOME) funds expected to be available for the upcoming program year and lists proposed projects, their location, cost, and their relationship to the priorities of the CDBG and HOME programs that will be used to address the needs and priorities identified in Goldsboro's Consolidated Plan (ConPlan). Goldsboro's ConPlan, developed at least every five years, identifies strategies and objectives, and sets priorities, for addressing the needs of low- to moderate- income citizens and special populations in Goldsboro.

The amount of the Entitlement grant is determined by HUD based on a formula considering (a) population; (b) extent of poverty; and (c) housing conditions. The CDBG program is subject to rules and regulations outlined by HUD. The regulations delineate basic eligible and ineligible activities of the program. They also indicate the procedures cities must follow in planning, publicizing, and implementing the program.

HOME Investment Partnerships Program

The HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) program was created by the National Affordable Housing Act of 1990 and has been amended several times by subsequent legislation. HOME funds are allocated by formula to grantees to operate the program. Grantees must commit and spend their allocated funds within certain time frames, or they lose the funds.

The HOME program is designed to provide decent, safe, and affordable housing and to alleviate the problems of excessive rent burdens and deteriorating housing stock. HOME funds are often used in partnership with local nonprofit groups to fund a wide range of housing activities including building, buying, and/or rehabilitating affordable housing for rent or homeownership or providing direct rental assistance to low-income people. Created by the National Affordable Housing Act of 1990 (NAHA), HOME is the largest federal block grant to state and local governments and is designed exclusively to create affordable housing for low-income households. HOME strives to meet both the short-term goal of increasing the supply and availability of affordable housing and the long-term goal of building partnerships between state and local governments and private and nonprofit housing providers.

Every year, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) determines the amount of HOME funds that states and local governments—also known as Participating Jurisdictions (PJs)—are eligible to receive using a formula designed to reflect relative housing need. After money has been set aside for America's insular areas and for nationwide HUD technical assistance, the remaining funds are divided between states (40 percent) and units of general local government (60 percent).

The intent of the HOME Program is to:

- Increase the supply of decent, affordable housing to low- and very low-income households;
- Expand the capacity of nonprofit housing providers;
- Strengthen the ability of state and local governments to provide housing; and
- Leverage private sector participation.

HOME's flexibility empowers people and communities to design and implement strategies tailored to their own needs and priorities. It's emphasis on consolidated planning, expands and strengthens partnerships among all levels of government and the private sector in the development of affordable housing. And, HOME's requirement that participating jurisdictions match 25 cents of every dollar in program funds effectively mobilizes community resources in support of affordable housing; unless the PJ is approved for a match reduction by HUD.

CITIZEN PARTICIPATION IN GOLDSBORO

INTRODUCTION

Goldsboro, North Carolina has an estimated population of 34,234 (Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program (PEP)). Its legal representative and policy-making body is a seven-member City Council consisting of the Mayor and six district representatives (councilmembers).

PURPOSE AND PHILOSOPHY

The effectiveness of the Citizen Participation Plan (CPP) is enhanced when both citizens and elected officials are aware of its benefits. Elected officials and policy makers benefit from the variety of viewpoints that citizens can bring to local government planning in areas such as affordable housing, neighborhood revitalization, self-help, recreation, transportation, human services, public services and neighborhood organization. Citizens benefit from the knowledge that their opinions and views are considered and contribute to the overall decision-making process.

While the comments and opinions of all citizens are important, it is necessary for the Goldsboro's low- to moderateincome citizens, those living in slum or blighted areas, residents of public and assisted housing, minorities, non-English speaking persons and persons with disabilities have the opportunity to be heard. These citizens are in most need of supportive services and stand to benefit the most from activities undertaken as part of the CDBG and HOME programs. As such, it is important that the Goldsboro seek to include these groups in the decision-making process for activities funded through the CDBG and HOME programs. Goldsboro's CPP provides the means by which citizens can assist with problem identification, propose solutions to problems, set goals and determine priorities, and recommend which projects should become a part of the Goldsboro's programs.

COMMISSION ON COMMUNITY RELATIONS AND DEVELOPMENT (CCRD)

The Commission on Community Relations and Development (CCRD), one of the primary avenues for public participation related to the CDBG and HOME programs, is a eleven-member volunteer commission of Goldsboro citizens which serves in an advisory capacity to the Community Relations Director and Goldsboro City Council concerning the CDBG and HOME programs and other community issues.

The Mayor and each member of City Council appoints member of the CCRD. All potential CCRD members must be approved by City Council. All CCRD members serve three-year terms with eligibility for reappointment. CCRD members are limited to two consecutive terms. The CCRD meets once a month. All CCRD meetings will be conducted in an open manner.

The CCRD assists the Community Relations Director and City Council to enhance community harmony and promote awareness of Goldsboro's growing multiculturalism by facilitating community dialogue and meetings, and coordinating resident and organizational coalitions to address community issues and concerns. The CCRD will also serve as a citizen input mechanism for the community and in an advisory capacity to Goldsboro for community development administered programs funded through CDBG and HOME grant funds.

More information on the CCRD along with departmental program plans and reports, is available for public review at the Community Relations Department, Historic City Hall, 214 N. Center Street, Goldsboro, NC 27530 or http://www.goldsboronc.gov/cdbg-home-plans-and-reports/

Citizens are encouraged to refer any comments or questions to either the Community Relations Department staff or members of the CCRD. Copies of the Plan will be made available to individuals or groups or provided in an alternate format for people with disabilities upon request.

PROVISION OF TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

Besides administering, planning and evaluating the CDBG and HOME programs, the Community Relations Department staff provides technical and analytical assistance to the CCRD, non-profit organizations, neighborhood/community groups, and interested citizens in building community capacity, developing project proposals, and project implementation.

In addition to assisting in the preparation of the CPP, staff also prepares the Five-Year ConPlan, the One-Year AAP and Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) for review by the CCRD and City Council. Staff also assists in the preparation of a comprehensive development strategy that includes each Community Development target area and describes the types of projects that would have the most significant impact.

PUBLIC HEARINGS & PUBLIC MEETINGS

In order to ensure adequate public comment concerning activities related to the CDBG and HOME programs, Goldsboro will hold at least two public hearings before the Goldsboro City Council during each program year to obtain citizens' review and answer questions concerning the CDBG and HOME programs. Additionally, at least one public meeting will be held before the Commission on Community Relations and Development (CCRD) prior to the proposed ConPlan and AAP are published for comment. These hearings and meetings will focus on housing and community development needs, the development of program activities and the review of the CDBG and HOME programs.

Citizens will be notified and encouraged to attend public hearings and public meetings through advertisements in the Goldsboro News Argus, radio announcements, social media and email blitz, and/or Goldsboro's website. Notice of these public hearings and public meetings will be given at least 10 days prior, but no more than 30 days to the date of the hearing or meeting. The notices will include the date, time and location of the hearing or meeting, a brief description of the purpose for the hearing or meeting and state how persons with disabilities can make arrangements to participate. Public hearings and public meetings will be held at times and locations convenient to potential and actual beneficiaries of CDBG and HOME programs.

All public hearings and public meetings will be held at a convenient time and place to facilitate broad citizen participation, particularly by low- and moderate-income citizens and residents of targeted neighborhoods. All public hearings and public meetings will be held at locations, accessible to people with disabilities, and provisions will be made to accommodate persons with disabilities. Public notices of public hearings and meetings shall state that a person with a disability may receive auxiliary aids or service to effectively participate in city government activities by contacting the City Manager's Office, City Hall Annex, at least four (4) business days prior to hearing or meeting by calling (919) 580-4330.

Upon request, translators will be provided for people who do not speak English and sign language interpreters will be provided for hearing impaired people. On-line surveys in English and Spanish may also be used to gather resident input on the development of the ConPlan or filled out on paper surveys available at various locations.

All citizens will be encouraged to attend public hearings and public meetings related to the program planning and implementation processes. Low- to moderate-income citizens and those living in designated target areas will be particularly encouraged to attend these public hearings and public meetings through announcements at neighborhood association and community watch meetings and by the distribution of information through members of the CCRD or Community Relations staff.

CONSOLIDATED PLAN (ConPlan) and ANNUAL ACTION PLAN (AAP)

As a CDBG Entitlement community and a HOME PJ, Goldsboro must submit a Consolidated Plan (ConPlan) to HUD at least every five years outlining the needs of low- to moderate- income citizens and special populations within Goldsboro and strategies by which Goldsboro will address these needs. Each year Goldsboro must also submit an Annual Action Plan (AAP) stating how the needs of low- to moderate-income persons will be addressed with anticipated HUD and local funds. Goldsboro will actively encourage public participation in the development of the ConPlan and AAP.

During the development of the ConPlan, Goldsboro will consult with public and private agencies that provide assisted housing, health services and social services to identify needs of low- to moderate-income persons and special populations in the community and to set priorities for addressing these needs. Citizens residing within designated target areas will be encouraged to comment on needs and priorities through existing or newly created neighborhood associations and community watch groups. Goldsboro, in conjunction with the Housing Authority of the City of Goldsboro (HACG), will work to encourage the participation of public and assisted housing residents in providing input to the ConPlan. Goldsboro will also provide information related to planned activities that will occur in or near public and assisted housing developments to HACG.

The ConPlan and AAP include the amount of funds Goldsboro expects to receive, the range of activities that may be undertaken, and an estimate of the benefit to low- to moderate-income citizens from these projects. A minimum of one public meeting to be held before the Commission on Community Relations and Development (CCRD) prior to the proposed ConPlan and AAP are published for comment and one public hearing to be held before the City Council prior to the adoption of the ConPlan and AAP to receive comments on the Plans. Notice will be given in the Goldsboro News Argus at least 10 days prior, but no more than 30 days prior to the hearing or meeting and will include a brief summary of the purpose and contents of the Plans and the locations where the full Plans are available for public review. Any individual or group may receive a copy of the ConPlan and AAP upon request. A summary of all comments, and any actions taken concerning these comments, will be submitted along with the Plans to HUD.

CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL PERFORMANCE AND EVALUATION REPORT (CAPER)

Each year, Goldsboro must prepare a Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) describing and evaluating the community development activities undertaken during the previous program year. Goldsboro will follow HUD public notification and comment requirements to ensure that the public, particularly focusing on those citizens residing within designated target areas, has the opportunity to review the report and comment on Goldsboro's community development activities.

As part of the review process, the public will be provided a fifteen-day review period for comment on the report. A notice for comment and review period will be placed in the Goldsboro prior to the commencement of the review period. The CAPER will also be made available for public review at City Hall and the variety of public access sites prior to its submittal to HUD. A summary of the public's comments and views will be incorporated in the CAPER upon submission to HUD.

AMENDMENTS TO CONSOLIDATED PLAN and ANNUAL ACTION PLAN

The jurisdiction shall amend its approved plan whenever it makes one of the following decisions:

- 1) To make a change in its allocation priorities or a change in the method of distribution of funds;
- 2) To carry out an activity, using funds from any program covered by the ConPlan (including program income), not previously described in the AAP; or
- 3) To change the purpose, scope, location or beneficiaries of an activity.

Minor Amendments

Any minor amendments to the ConPlan and/or AAP will be made administratively and will be incorporated into the Goldsboro's CAPER at the end of end program year. A minor amendment is one that maintains the integrity of the plan and does not include any substantial change in policy or in funding priorities while still maintaining flexibility in meeting the planned goals and objectives.

Substantial Amendments

Citizen participation is required for any substantial amendment made to a previously approved ConPlan and/or AAP. The criteria Goldsboro will use for determining a substantial amendment to its ConPlan and AAP includes changes in the Plans requiring the reprogramming of more than 25% of the CDBG or HOME allocation.

Substantial amendments to the ConPlan and/or AAP will be made available for public comment at City Hall and the established public access sites at least 30 days prior to its adoption. A public hearing for the substantial amendment will be held before Goldsboro City Council and citizens will be notified of this hearing through an ad placed in the Goldsboro News Argus at least 10 days prior, but no more than 30 days prior to the hearing. The notice will include the date, time and location for the hearing, a brief description of the proposed amendment and will state how persons with disabilities can make arrangements to participate. A summary of citizens' comments concerning the substantial amendment to the ConPlan and/or AAP will be summarized and attached to the amendment upon its submission to HUD.

Emergency Amendments: In the event of a natural disaster or catastrophic occurrence threatening public health and/or safety, Goldsboro may determine the need to make a substantial amendment to the ConPlan and/or AAP to address the unforeseen needs of the community. Goldsboro may request and obtain from HUD a complete waiver or reduction in days of the required 30-day public review and comment period for substantial amendments. A public hearing for the substantial amendment will be held before the Goldsboro City Council and citizens will be notified of this hearing through an ad placed in the Goldsboro News Argus at least 10 days prior, but no more than 30 days prior to the hearing. Emergency amendments require Goldsboro appointed officials to hold public meeting for recommendation to, and approval by City Council in accordance with North Carolina public meeting laws.

COMPLAINTS AND GRIEVANCES PROCEDURES

Complaints and grievances concerning CDBG and HOME activities should be filed, in writing, to the Director, Community Relations Department, P.O. Drawer A, Goldsboro, North Carolina 27530. All comments will be initially reviewed by staff and referred to the appropriate City department or CCRD for reply. An appropriate response will be made to the complainant within 15 working days. If after review and investigation, the complainant is not satisfied with the outcome at this level, he or she should notify the Director of the Community Relations Department and arrange a meeting.

If the complainant is still not satisfied with the Director's response, the matter should then be referred the Assistant City Manager. Every effort will be made to resolve complaints at the local level. However, if satisfactory resolution of the complaint is not achieved at the municipal level, the complete record of correspondence, meetings and research information shall be forwarded to the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for final disposition.

OBJECTIONS TO CDBG/HOME CONSOLIDATED PLAN AND ANNUAL ACTION PLAN APPLICATION

Objections to the contents of a ConPlan and/or AAP, which are not considered complaints or grievances, are to be filed directly with the HUD area office located at 1500 Pinecroft Road, Suite 401, Greensboro, NC 27407, before or during the ConPlan and AAP review period. HUD will consider objections made only on the following grounds:

- i. The description of needs and objectives is plainly inconsistent with available facts and data; or
- ii. the activities to be undertaken are plainly inappropriate to meeting the needs and objectives identified in the application; or
- iii. the application does not comply with the requirements of HUD regulations or other applicable law; or
- iv. the application proposes activities that are otherwise ineligible.

PROVISION OF PROGRAM INFORMATION

Program information is available to all citizens who are interested in learning more about the CDBG or HOME Programs or participating on the CCRD. Special arrangements will be made for providing information or assistance to non-English speaking residents upon request. For special assistance, call the City Manager's Office at (919) 580-4330.

The records of the CDBG and HOME Programs are public records and must be retained for a minimum of five years. However, some records deal with personal income and other information on individuals directly affected by program activities and must be kept confidential. Apart from these, all records of the CDBG and HOME Programs are available for review by the public at the Community Relations Department, 214 N. Center Street, Goldsboro, NC 27530, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday.

Other provisions intended to give interested citizens the broadest opportunity to obtain program information, read, analyze and comment on Goldsboro CDBG and HOME Programs are:

- ✓ <u>Department Website: https://www.goldsboronc.gov/community-relations/</u>
- ✓ <u>Mailing List:</u> Citizens may request to have their name placed on the departmental mailing list of interested parties. Each person on the mailing list periodically receives program information.
- ✓ <u>Citizen Participation Plan (CPP)</u>: Goldsboro's Citizen Participation Plan will be review each Fiscal Year. The CPP is made available to any citizen or community organization upon request.

- ✓ <u>Notification of Significant Program Action</u>: At various points during the program year, significant program actions will be published in the Goldsboro News Argus. Such actions may include completion of the Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER), Notice of Findings of No Significant Effect on the Environment (by project), Notice of Intent to Request Release of Funds (from HUD), announcements of meetings and public hearings, and projected use of funds.
- ✓ <u>CCRD Meetings</u>: CCRD meetings are typically held the second Tuesday of each month of the year. Regular meetings are held at 6:00 p.m. in the Anteroom of the Historic City Hall Building, 214 N. Center Street, Goldsboro, NC, 27530. Interested citizens should contact the Community Relations Department or the City Clerk at City Hall to confirm meeting dates. All CCRD meetings are open, public meetings.

CONCLUSION

Goldsboro recognizes the importance of citizen participation in the formulation and successful accomplishment of its CDBG and HOME Programs. The CDBG and HOME Programs can be most effective and responsive when citizens are continuously involved. This CPP was designed to serve as a guide to fulfill these purposes.

Goldsboro CCRD provides an orderly procedure for input and participation from the general public. It is a volunteer group charged with the responsibility of advising the Mayor and Goldsboro City Council as it relates to CDBG and HOME program expenditures and general city issues.

The Community Relations Department provides many opportunities for citizens to find out about Goldsboro's programs and to have a voice in the decision-making process. To be kept up to date on the activities of the Community Relations Department and the CCRD, call, email, or write the Community Relations staff at:

City of Goldsboro Community Relations Department P.O. Drawer A Goldsboro, North Carolina 27530 Phone: (580) 580-4359 Email(s): <u>ssimpson@goldsboronc.gov</u> and <u>cjohnson@goldsboronc.gov</u> or visit the Department's website at <u>https://www.goldsboronc.gov/community-relations/</u>

Goldsboro News Argus Publication – May 12, 2020

City of Goldsboro Virtual Public Meeting for Input on Housing and on-Housing Needs



The public is invited to call or WebEx in and provide input on housing and non-housing needs within Goldsboro as part of Goldsboro's FY20-24 Consolidated Action Plan (ConPlan) and FY20-21 Annual Action Plan (AAP). HUD provides that a grantee may create virtual public hearings to fulfill applicable public hearing requirements related to plans for the use of CDBG, HOME, and CDBG-CV grants.

As a recipient of funds from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), the City of Goldsboro Community Relations Department will hold a virtual public meeting to receive public input on Friday, May 22, 2020 at 6:00 p.m. before the Commission on Community Relations and Development. The purpose of this virtual public meeting is to provide the public an opportunity to share their input with regard to housing and non-housing needs as part of Goldsboro's FY20-24 Consolidated Action Plan (ConPlan) and FY20-21 Annual Action Plan (AAP). Goldsboro receives funds from HUD for activities such as, but not limited to, the creation of affordable housing, public facilities, rehabilitation and providing needed public services that benefit low-to-moderate income households in our community. Projects recommended for funding are activities that will benefit predominantly low- and moderate-income persons, help prevent or address homelessness, or assist in upgrading the accessibility of infrastructure and amenities under the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) Programs.

In response to Coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic, HUD has notified Goldsboro that it will receive an allocation from Community Development Block Grant – Coronavirus (CDBG-CV to be used to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19. This allocation is authorized under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act), Public Law 116-136, which was signed into laws on March 27, 2020 to respond to the growing effects of this unprecedented public health crisis.

Date of Public Meeting: Friday, May 22, 2020

Time: 6:00 PM

Location: City Hall Annex, 200 N. Center St., Room 206 - NC Gov. Cooper's Executive Order 121 restricts mass gatherings to 10 people or less due to COVID-19; therefore, public attendance of the Public Meeting is restricted to Community Relations Director and members of the Commission on Community Relations and Development.

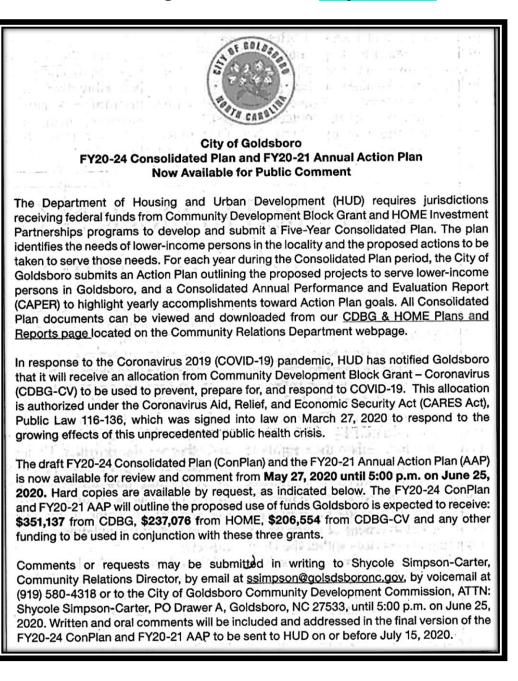
WebEx: https://cognc.webex.com/cognc/j.php?MTID=mda932570d7409e c89b5951f443a2923e

Phone: (415) 655-0001 Access Code: 472 945 989

The meeting will be Streamed Live on the City's Facebook and YouTube pages. The links are available at http://www.goldsboronc.gov/mayor-of-goldsboro/city-council-minutes/

Note: To prevent the spread of COVID-19, this meeting will be held virtually only. If you require an additional form of assistance, such as an interpreter, in order to fully participate in this meeting, please contact the City Manager's Office, City Hall Annex, at least four (4) business days prior to the meeting by calling (919) 580-4330. Comments may also be submitted via email or voicemail at (919) 580-4318 in advance of the meeting. Written comments may be submitted at any time between this notice of the public meeting and 24 hours after the public meeting to Shycole Simpson-Carter at ssimpson@goldsboronc.gov. Any comments received during the live stream on the City's Facebook and WebEx will be read aloud at the meeting.

Goldsboro News Argus Publication – May 15, 2020



Goldsboro News Argus Publication- May 30, 2020



City of Goldsboro Notice of Public Hearing on Draft FY20-24 ConPlan and FY20-21 AAP

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN as a recipient of funds from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), the City of Goldsboro Community Relations Department will hold a public hearing on Monday, June 15, 2020 at 7:00 p.m. before the Goldsboro City Council at City Hall Annex, 200 N. Center St., Room 206, to receive and consider public input on the draft FY20-24 Consolidated Plan (ConPlan) and the FY20-21 Annual Action Plan (AAP). The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) requires jurisdictions receiving federal funds from Community Development Block Grant and HOME Investment Partnerships programs to develop and submit a Five-Year Consolidated Plan. The plan identifies the needs of lower-income persons in the locality and the proposed actions to be taken to serve those needs. For each year during the Consolidated Plan period, the City of Goldsboro submits an Action Plan outlining the proposed projects to serve lower-income persons in Goldsboro, and a Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) to highlight yearly accomplishments toward Action Plan goals. All Consolidated Plan documents can be viewed and downloaded from our CDBG & HOME Plans and Reports page located on the Community Relations Department webpage.

In response to the Coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic, HUD has notified Goldsboro that it will receive an allocation from Community Development Block Grant – Coronavirus (CDBG-CV) to be used to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19. This allocation is authorized under the Coronavirus Ald, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act), Public Law 116-136, which was signed into law on March 27, 2020 to respond to the growing effects of this unprecedented public health crisis.

The draft FY20-24 Consolidated Plan (ConPlan) and the FY20-21 Annual Action Plan (AAP) was made available for review and comment on May 27, 2020 and will continue until 5:00 p.m. on June 25, 2020. Hard copies are available by request, as indicated below. The draft FY20-24 ConPlan and FY20-21 AAP outline the proposed use of funds Goldsboro is expected to receive: \$351,137 from CDBG, \$237,076 from HOME, \$206,554 from CDBG-CV and any other funding to be used in conjunction with these three grants.

NC Gov. Cooper's Executive Order 141 restricts mass gatherings to 10 people or less due to COVID-19 within indoor spaces; therefore, public attendance of the Work Session and Council Meeting is restricted to those who are on the agenda or who would like to speak during the Public Hearing. If you are speaking at the Public Hearing, please enter the City Hall Annex front entrance and maintain social distance while waiting to enter the Large Conference Room one at a time. The meeting will be Streamed Live on the City's Facebook and YouTube pages. The links are available at http://www.goldsboronc.gov/mayor-of-goldsboro/citycouncil-minutes/ and broadcast on the Downtown Center Street speakers.

Note: If you require an additional form of assistance, such as an interpreter, in order to fully participate in this hearing, please contact the City Manager's Office, City Hall Annex, at least four (4) business days prior to the hearing by calling (919) 580-4330. Written comments may be submitted at any time between this notice of the public hearing and 24 hours after the public hearing. Comments or requests may be submitted in writing to Shycole Simpson-Carter, Community Relations Director, by email at ssimpson@golsdsboronc.gov, by voicemail at (919) 580-4318 or to the City of Goldsboro Community Development Commission, ATTN: Shycole Simpson-Carter, PO Drawer A, Goldsboro, NC 27533, until 5:00 p.m. on June 25, 2020. Written and oral comments will be included and addressed in the final version of the FY20-24 ConPlan and FY20-21 AAP to be sent to HUD on or before July 15, 2020.